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THE WEATHER.

Fair Sunday and Monday, rising temperatures; moderate south winds.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

ADVERTISING.

If You Can "Raise the Money for Advertising," the Advertising Will Raise the Money for Everything Else.

VOL. LXXXV—NO. 34. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 31, 1909. WHOLE NUMBER 13,140.

RICHMOND EASY FOR CAROLINA

Score 22 to 0 at Chapel Hill With College Team Yesterday.

BELDEN WAS PARTICULAR STAR

A. & M. Overwhelmed Maryland—Army Lost to Harvard—Princeton Defeated Navy—Other Gridiron Results.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., Oct. 30.—Carolina today won her fourth victory for this year by overwhelmingly defeating Richmond College 22 to 0. Carolina played excellent ball throughout the game and while the visitors were slightly outweighed by North Carolina, put up a plucky fight. They were simply outclassed.

Carolina played straight football for the most part, enormous gains being made by the hard line plunging of Crosswell, Porter and Belden. Winston, Carolina's star left-end, played a beautiful game, making really three touch-downs, only one of which was allowed to count. However, as his team-mates were penalized on his other runs, the score would have been much larger but in the second half Coach Brides took the opportunity to try out all of the men who have been showing up well in the recent scrimmages. Thus Carolina played half of the game with her second team. Carolina's first touch-down was made by Porter after the ball had been brought up the field by line plugging. Winston scored the second touch-down as result of a forward pass and Belden kicked goal. Three minutes later Belden added three more points by a beautiful drop kick from the field. The other two points were made by Carolina scoring a safety in the second half. For Carolina, the varsity back field and Winston played excellent ball while the whole team did good work. Johnson, of Richmond, played best for the visitors. The line-up:

Carolina		Richmond
Winston, Small	le	Taylor
Spainhour	lt	Johnson
Thompson, Ferguson	lg	Sadler
Deans	c	Stringfellow, c
McLean	rg	Jones
Brown, Coleman	rt	Pazlett
Venable, Blalock	re	Tayler
Tillett, Belden	qb	Guy
Crosswell, Thompson, F.		
Williams, Rutzler	rhb	Smith
Belden, McLean	lhb	Tyler
Porter	fb	Southerland, Merideth

Halves, 20 minutes each; umpire, Mr. Moore, of Davidson; referee, Gammon, of Hampden Sydney; head linesman, Ramseur, of Richmond College; time keeper, J. L. Morehead.

Princeton Wins From Navy.

Annapolis, Md., Oct. 30.—Although defeated by two points by Princeton, Navy in the game this afternoon showed such marked improvement in form as to give her supporters great encouragement. The score was 5 to 3, in the Tigers' favor, Navy's tally being made on a neat placement goal from the 30-yard line by Dalton.

Princeton's touchdown was the result of straight line plunging in which the Tiger beef was more than the midshipmen could withstand. Ballen failed in his try for a goal and lost the chance to add another point to the score. The game during its initial period was one in which the superb punting of Dalton, distancing the kicks of Read as it did, by many yards, kept the ball in Princeton's territory most of the time. Aside from this punting Navy was at a disadvantage most of the time.

Princeton's score was made on straight plunging after the visitors had got the leather on the Navy 30-yard line on an exchange of punts.

Yale 34; Amherst 0.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 30.—In a fast but loosely played game today Yale defeated the Amherst team at Yale field 34 to 0. Yale made three touchdowns in each half but failed to kick two goals from touchdown in the second period. One touchdown, however, was made by open play. Once during the game Coy, Yale's captain, made a try for a goal from the 40-yard line, but missed it.

Pennsylvania Defeats Indians.

Philadelphia, Oct. 30.—The University of Pennsylvania administered a severe defeat to the Indians this afternoon on Franklin field, the score being 29 to 6. For the first time in the history of that famous athletic field an official was physically attacked by a player and a policeman was called upon to escort the offending man and the coach of the Carlisle team behind the lines.

The trouble occurred in the middle of the first half. Waseuka, left tackle for the Indians, was ordered out of the game on the ground that he had roughly tackled a Pennsylvania man, who was out of bounds. Enraged at Umpire Edwards' action, Waseuka attacked the official and struck him a hard blow on the jaw. Other players quickly stopped further hostilities.

Left Tackle Fretz, of Pennsylvania, then came to Edwards' assistance.

HONOR VETERANS AT OXFORD

Thousand People Attended Notable Unveiling Ceremonies—Governor Kitchin and Judge Graham Speakers.

Oxford, N. C., Oct. 30.—With ceremonies befitting the occasion and in the presence of 1,000 citizens of Oxford and Granville county, the recently constructed monument to the Southern Confederate heroes of the sixties was unveiled here today. The feature of the occasion was the military parade. The programme opened with the singing of the "Old North State" by a ladies' choir, the audience joining in. Judge A. W. Graham delivered the presentation speech and the unveiling of the monument was by Mis Augusta Landis, a daughter of an army captain. Then the band played Dixie.

Governor Kitchin was then introduced and delivered the principal address of the day. The monument including the statue, which is not yet completed, will be about 30 feet high and was built by subscriptions obtained by the Granville Grays Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy. The corner stone was laid May 10th last.

NEW YORK CAMPAIGN.

Triangular Fight Coming to Close in Gotham—Statements.

New York, Oct. 30.—The triangular campaign for mayor of Greater New York saw the beginning of its end tonight in an almost final burst of oratory and red fire, and with the bosses and managers claiming everything in sight. Voters will cast their ballots on Tuesday.

"We shall carry every borough and elect practically every officer of importance" was the claim of Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leader. Gaynor will get more votes than Bannard and Hearst put together. Hearst will run second."

Otto Bannard, the Republican nominee, said that the conservative estimates by Republican leaders showed that he would defeat Gaynor by from 40,000 to 50,000 and would outrun Hearst by more than 100,000.

The Hearst managers said that Hearst would receive 270,000 votes, indicating a plurality of about 100,000.

Hearst was the only one of the trio who did not speak tonight. William J. Gaynor spoke at an uptown riding academy and Bannard delivered six speeches.

AUTOISTS IN CHARLOTTE.

New York to Atlanta Party Arrive. Several Mishaps.

Charlotte, N. C., Oct. 30.—Headed by Ty Cobb in his Chalmers Detroit, the New York to Atlanta durability tourists, dust begrimed and weary, reached Charlotte this afternoon and were greeted by cheering thousands.

One car, the Stearns, driven by Col. W. L. Peel, of Atlanta, was disabled in today's run and has not checked in. The car of the Bell Telephone Company caught fire on the streets here tonight and was considerably damaged.

The tourists are guests of the Southern Manufacturers' Club tonight at a banquet while Tyrus Cobb is the guest of the local baseball association at the Selwyn Hotel.

INTEREST IN WILSON TRIAL.

Roy Goshea Answers Charge of Murder of Sarah Armstrong.

Wilson, N. C., Oct. 30.—An interesting case was tried in the Superior Court here today. On Christmas Eve, 1907, Roy Goshea, went to the house of Sarah Armstrong, in this city, and killed her with a butcher knife. Goshea then was pronounced insane and sent to an asylum. Recently the authorities there pronounced him sane and he was returned here for trial. His defense today was insanity, but he was convicted and given ten years in the penitentiary. No appeal will be taken.

JURY ACQUITS SAUNDERS

Not Guilty of Murdering Mayor Newberry at Newport.

Beaufort, N. C., October 30.—After five hours deliberation the jury in the case of S. J. Sanders, who was tried here on the charge of having murdered Y. A. Newberry, mayor of Newport, N. C., brought in a verdict of not guilty.

The case was given to the jury at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Solicitor Abernethy talked four hours in delivering his summing up address and Judge Guion spent an hour and a half in delivering his charge to the jury.

ENGINE BURST; FIVE DEAD.

Members of Crew Lost Their Lives. Occurred at Yankee Dam, W. Va.

Elkins, W. Va., Oct. 30.—Meagre details have been received here of the explosion of a freight engine on the coal and coke railroad at Yankee Dam, W. Va., about 45 miles from this city this afternoon in which five of the crew lost their lives, the other one escaping being the flagman. The cause of the explosion is not known.

Lieutenant Commander W. M. Cross was named by the Navy Department today as executive officer of the new Dreadnaught Delaware when she is placed in commission. He is now on

TAFT TALKS AGAIN FOR WATERWAYS

Advocates Issuance of Bonds Before New Orleans Convention.

PRESIDENT'S STRENUOUS DAY

Spectacular Arrival of the Fleet After Journey Down the Mississippi. Taft Among Old Acquaintances.

New York, Oct. 30.—President Taft arrived in New Orleans today to renew many old acquaintances and to enjoy two days of the hospitality which he declared a day ago he both "longed for and feared." From the moment of his arrival at 12:30 P. M., on the lighthouse tender Oleander, which led a long trailing fleet of river packets into port, the President was kept on the go until past midnight tonight.

Mr. Taft ended his river trip with an address before the Waterways Convention this afternoon in which he reiterated what he has said before that he favors the issuance of bonds to carry forward every deep waterway project which shall be approved by a competent board of engineers as practicable and can be shown to be necessary to take care of the growing commerce of the sections.

This address concluded the President became the guest of the city. He lunched with Archbishop Blenck at the latter's palace, attended to football games, had a dinner given in his honor at the Pickwick Club tonight and from there to a gala performance Les Hugenots at the French opera house. A little supper at a famous French restaurant after the opera brought the chief executive's busy day to a close.

Tomorrow the President is to have another strenuous time. He will attend the Unitarian church in the morning, will have a long automobile tour, broken by luncheon at Jackson barracks, and will attend a sacred concert on the Tulane campus in the afternoon. The President retires on board his train tomorrow night and leaves early Monday morning to begin the last ten days of his long tour.

The President's party lost one distinguished member. Postmaster General Hitchcock, today, and will lose another, Secretary Nagel, tomrrow.

Secretary of War Dickinson will remain in New Orleans to make an address before the Waterways Convention Monday morning and will rejoin the President at Jackson, Miss., late Monday afternoon.

President Taft thoroughly enjoyed his four and a half nights and five days on the Mississippi. And, although he has learned much of the difficulty that must be encountered in attempting to control the powerful waterway, he seemed today to be just as enthusiastic as ever in the belief that the Mississippi can be made to recognize a channel deep enough to handle all of the commerce that can be assigned to it.

Having developed into a full-fledged baseball "fan" during the Summer, the President started his career as a football enthusiast this afternoon. The committee in charge of his visit decided yesterday that it would be too much to ask the President to go to two football games in one afternoon, but if he was to go to see Sewanee play the Louisiana State University the adherents of Tulane and the Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College were insistent that he should call in at their game as well. The President decided last night that he certainly would see the Sewanee game, for Captain Butt, his aide, and one other member of his party were old Sewanee men and they put in a convincing word for their alma mater. So Mr. Taft decided to go to both games.

At the Tulane game the President's automobile was stopped along the side lines and had been standing there but a few moments whe na lively scrimmage and a spectacular tackle occurred right in front of his machine. At both games the President's ears were filled with college cheers.

President Taft celebrated the successful termination of his trip down the Mississipi river today by addressing the delegates to the convention of the Lakes-to-the-Gulf Deep Waterways Association which has as its object the improvement of the Mississippi river and its tributaries.

On the arrival of the President delegates and visitors sprang to their feet. Many mounted their chairs in order to get a better view of the bowing, smiling big man who was working his way through a double line of secret service men and police officers. He stood on the platform a moment greeting President Kavanaugh, of the Waterways Association and then bowed his appreciation of the applause.

President Kavanaugh presented him with a handsome gold badge and then introduced Governor Sanders, of Louisiana, who in turn introduced with some vigorous Yale yells. When

MISTRIAL IN WATKINS' CASE

No Verdict Appears Likely in Trial in Progress at Asheville, N. C.—Jury Has Retired for the Night. Opinion.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Asheville, N. C., Oct. 30.—At 10 o'clock tonight the jury in the trial of F. C. Watkins for the murder of John Hill Bunting, in a Black Mountain Hotel, August 7th, retired for the night, having taken several ballots but reaching no verdict.

The first ballot, taken about 5 o'clock, stood six for conviction and six for acquittal. The second and third, taken a few hours later, stood seven for conviction and five for acquittal.

The jury retired at 3:15 P. M. after being impartially charged by Judge Adams, who reviewed the evidence at great length. The streets are crowded with people and the telephones are constantly ringing asking about a verdict. The court house is surrounded by lawyers for both sides and friends of the defendant awaiting a possible verdict, but the general concensus of opinion on the streets is that no verdict will be reached tonight. It is understood that there is no argument within the jury room. Stories are told, and intermittently a graphophone is played and a ballot taken. The charge of Judge Adams was fair conceded by attorneys for both sides. The opinion tonight is with odds on a mistrial.

The day's session of the court was featured by the two principal addresses of the defense and the prosecution. Locke Craig, for the defense, concluded his argument and arraignment of the tragedy with much bitterness at the prosecution intimating attacks upon the action of Bunting and Collins on that night. He said that had such an affair occurred in a Wilmington Hotel the two men raising such a disturbance would have been tarred and feathered. The prosecution through Solicitor Mark M. Brown, made the principal address of the day.

In a clear cut unimpassioned manner, with simple logic and reason he dealt upon the characters of Bunting and Collins and the evidence of the prosecution. The address lasted for two hours and was free from any bitterness or passion. It is conceded to be one of the best addresses before a jury ever made in Western North Carolina.

THE COTTON SITUATION.

Senator Smith's Estimate Correct—May Reach Famine Prices.

Florence, S. C., Oct. 30.—United States Senator E. D. Smith is in receipt of a letter from Statistician R. L. Neal, with advance sheets of a circrop this year indicate a possible crop that after a trip over the South the most careful estimates of the cotton crop this year indicates a posible crop of 10,520,000 bales, agreeing with a recent estimate issued by Senator Smith.

From exporters Senator Smith learns that it is expected if the government report issued next week on cotton confirms private advices, cotton will be brought to reach famine prices. Speaking of the recent curtailment of production by the mills the Senator today said:

"The curtailment of the mills is not because of the high price of the staple nor depression in the price of the goods, but because the spinners see that there is not to be cotton enough to keep the mills busy, until the next crop and a shutting down is inevitable. They make a convenience of necessity now in the hope such action will depress cotton while they buy greedily wherever they can, despite their agreement."

OUTLINES.

A monument was unveiled yesterday at Oxford, N. C., to the Southern Confederate heroes of the sixties. A thousand people attended and Governor Kitchin and Judge A. W. Graham made addresses——A jury at Newport last night acquitted S. J. Saunders charged with the murder of Mayor Newberry——The Kinston and Carolina Railroad and Lumber Company has been sold to the John L. Roper Lumber Company for $35,000——The Alamance county (N. C.) cotton mills have agreed to curtail the output by closing two days out of each week until next February——President Taft, on the Oleander, leading a fleet of vessels arrived at New Orleans yesterday where he addressed the Waterways Convention——Senator E. D. Smith's estimate of the cotton crop of 10,520,000 bales is believed to be a correct estimate——The programme for the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association convention at Norfolk, which will be attended by President Taft, has been announced——The Vanderbilt Cup Race was won by Harry F. Grant, driving an Alco, making average speed of 62.8 miles an hour——New York markets: Money on call nominal, time loans easier; flour unchanged; wheat irregular, No. 2 1.27 nominal elevator, No. 2 red 1.24 1-2 nominal to arrive f. o. b. afloat; spot corn easy, No. 2, 69 elevator, 69 1-2 elevator and 69 1-2 f. o. b. afloat; oats quiet mixed 26 to 32 pounds; turpentine quiet 60 1-2; rosin steady.

Don't Forget

To add something to your savings account tomorrow or Tuesday. Such deposits will draw interest from November 1st at the Wilmington Sav-

SYRIANS APPEAL TO WASHINGTON

Believe They Are Being Forced to Position of Inferior Race.

AS TO THEIR NATURALIZATION

Object to Being Placed on Par With Chinese—Considerable Number Want Franchise in the West. Department's Ruling.

Washington, Oct. 30.—The Syrians in the United States who believe that they are threatened with being forced by the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization of the Department of Commerce and Labor into the position of an inferior race on a par with the Chinese have brought their appeal to Washington and are at the point of submitting their case as one of international importance to the State Department.

Dr. Justin S. Kirreh, of New York, is in Washington in this behalf and has succeeded in enlisting the interest of Acting Secretary Huntington Wilson, Assistant Secretary Adee and Counsellor Henry M. Hoyt, of the State Department whom he saw today.

An important development in the matter was the production tonight of a letter written on October 27th by Richard K. Compbell, chief of the Bureau of Naturalization to United States Attorney Charlton R. Beatty, at New Orleans, suggesting that he refrain from bringing naturalization cases affecting Syrians "before courts etc., whose policy indicates its probable decision contrary to that entertained by this office, especially in view of the fact that I have been unable to satisfy you, who would have to represent the government in these cases, that the construction contended for is the true one."

Mr. Campbell argues in his letter that should the courts generally adopt the view expressed by the division of naturalization and should that view be contrary to the popular will, that will may easily find expression through a future legislation extending the right to become naturalized to Asiatics the so-called Hindo-European type.

"If, on the other hand," Mr. Campbell goes on to state, "the courts overrule the opinion that I have formed and admit Hindus, Turks, Arabs, Syrians, Persians and other Asiatics and the people of the United States object to such a free interpretation of the words white persons as will add these peoples to the citizenship of the United States, it will be a very difficult matter and certainly a very embarrassing one for Congress to find the means to give expression to this feeling."

Mr. Campbell suggests to Mr. Beattie that the government should oppose consideration of a petition filed by an Asiatic and that if this position is ultimately upheld by the highest courts cancel certificates already issued.

In other letters on the same subject to other United States attorneys which came to light tonight, Mr. Campbell appears to have argued at length that a Turk or Syrian could be assigned to the yellow race as clearly as the Chinaman or Korean.

From Minnesota and Wisconsin comes word that considerable numbers of Syrians have been naturalized, and have been denied participation in primary elections and that mas meetings have been held there to protest against the interpretation of the law by the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Acting Secretary McHarg, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, said tonight that the Department's position in the matter was simply this:

"According to its rules of guidance in such cases these people are not white, within the meaning of the naturalization law. If the Department is wrong, then the proper place to decide the question is in the courts, which alone are competent to authoritatively determine whether or not the law is being correctly construed."

SUFFERING FOR PROVISIONS.

Result of Flood in Mexico—The Scarcity.

Mexico City, Oct. 30.—The scarcity of provisions is a problem which the relief committees and State authorities of Tobasco are now facing as a result of the disastrous flood in that district. The supplies in a number of cities have been nearly exhausted and higher prices are ruling for all the necessaries of life.

More than 5,000 are being fed daily by the authorities. Large quantities of oil are being thrown on the waters to prevent disease.

As a result of being struck in the abdomen with great force by the tongue of a fire enegine, J. A. Walcot, a street car motorman lies seriously hurt and with the lower portion of his body temporarily paralyzed at Tampa, Fla.

Attend these last four days of bargain selling at Rehder's and save money. **

Latest styles, Ladies' and Children's cloaks just received at Rehder's

NORFOLK WATERWAYS MEETING

Programme Arranged for the National Event in Which Notables Will Participate—Two Speakers From This State.

Philadelphia, Oct. 30.—Announcement was made today of the preliminary draft of the programme for the Norfolk convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association, which is to take place November 17-20. Interest in this convention is heightened by the acceptance of invitations by President Taft, Vice President Sherman and other dignitaries and also because delegates from the North will proceed largely by boat, via Philadelphia and Baltimore and those from the South will mobilize principally at Elizabeth City and come up through the canals by boat.

On November 17th and 18th there will be welcoming addresses and responses and the reports of officers, followed in the afternoon and evening by addresses by prominent speakers.

President Taft is to be welcomed by salute on the morning of the 19th. He will go to Norfolk by boat. There will be a harbor display in which naval vessels will participate and on land in Norfolk there will be a military parade under the command of Colonel Waller, of the Marine Corps. The President will review this parade and will then make an address upon waterways being introduced in a short addres by Governor Swanson, of Virginia.

In the evening there will be a press club smoker, in which members of the Gridiron Club, of Washington, and the entire newspaper fraternity which will proceed to Norfolk from Washington by special boat will participate. President Taft will depart from Norfolk the next day and immediately thereafter the delegates and guests will be taken around the harbor of Norfolk on an inspection that will last throughout the day.

Formal speeches will be delivered during the convention by Congressman Joseph E. Ransdell, of Louisiana, president of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress; Rear Admiral C. S. Sperry, John Barrett, director of the International Bureau of American Republics; Lewis Nixon, of New York; August Belmont, of New York; Congressman John H. Small, of North Carolina; Rear Admiral E. D. Taussig; former U. S. Senator Anthony Higgins, of Delaware, and Josephus Daniels, of Raleigh, N. C.

AFFAIRS IN RALEIGH.

Corporation Commission Makes Orders—Raleigh & Southport.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 30.—On order is made by the Corporation Commission for a new Union passenger station at Statesville, the citizens of that place having petitioned for it and the Commission having gone there and investigated the conditions. The Commission has also made an order that the Southern provide a better passenger service between Greensboro and Sanford, it having been found that the public is not properly served on that section of the Southern.

Officials of the State Board of Health are very sure that there are at least 1,000 cases of pellagra in this State. The returns made by physicians are very incomplete, and a number have not yet learned how to diagnose the disease.

The Switzerland Co., of Charlotte, is to build a town by that name two miles from Mt. Mitchell station on the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio railway, about 15 miles from the famous Mt. Mitchell, which is in plain view from the town-site.

The State Treasurer states that sheriffs are not paying in money as rapidly as they did last year, yet his need of funds is great. He says that the tax books were not placed in the hands of most sheriffs as early as usual.

The State authorizes the Carthage and Pinehurst Railway to increase its capital stock to $70,000.

Pres. John A. Mills, of the Raeigh & Southport Railway expects within ten days to begin the grading of the seven-mile extension of his road from Fayetteville to Hope Mills. The survey is completed. He says he will have trains in operation to Hope Mills by early Spring and that the Norfolk & Southern Railway has no connection with his line. It having been intimated that the Norfolk & Southern might purchase the Raleigh & Southport.

SMUGGLING CHARGED.

Government Had Detroit Man Arrested at Tampa, Fla.

Tampa, Fla., Oct. 30.—H. W. Taylor, of Detroit, Mich., was arrested here this afternoon by government authorities on a charge of smuggling. He recently came from Cuba, where he owns a tobacco plantation. He had several hundred dollars worth of diamonds and soon after arriving here he claims that a bartender named Del Barrios relieved him of a $500 stone. Del Barrios was turned loose and the government officials took up the case claiming that Taylor had not paid duty on the stones he had with him.

Monday and Tuesday.

Deposits made with the People's Savings Bank will bear interest from November 1st. Deposit with this bank, your money will be safe and you can get it at any time without no-

VANDERBILT RACE GOES TO GRANT

Driving an Alco Car Winner Averaged 62.8 Miles an Hour.

ACCIDENTS WERE NUMEROUS

Event Was Tame and Spiritless Compared With Previous Years.—Poor Management Marred the Race.—Three Winners.

New York, Oct. 30.—The fifth Vanderbilt Cup Race was won today by Harry F. Grant, driving a sixty horse power Alco car, the only six cylinder machine in the race. His time for the 278.08 miles was four hours 25 minutes and 42 seconds, an average speed of 62.8 miles an hour.

Edward H. Parker, driving a 45 horse power Fiat, finished second, 5 minutes and 15 seconds behind Grant. William Knipper, driving a 40 horse power Chalmers-Detroit, was in third place when the race was declared ended by the officers in charge.

Two other cars, the Mercedes, driven by Wishart, an amateur, and the Atlas, driven by Knox, were the only remaining machines among the 15 entrants for the Vanderbilt trophy which were still on the course at the end of the race.

Compared with previous Vanderbilt cup races, the contest this year, reduced to the level of an ordinary stock car and event, was tame and spiritless. The winner's average speed, 62.8 miles an hour, was a disappointment to many who had expected that the mark made by Robertson in his locomobile last year, 64.3 miles an hour, would be excelled.

Although accidents to cars were numerous and machine after machine was retired by the failure of machinery or by disasters at some of the dangerous turns, no one—either contestant or spectator—suffered any serious injury.

Poor management and lack of official judgment marred the race from beginning to end. One of the worst instances of this occurred just before the finish when it was suddenly discovered that the official timers had omitted to credit Grant's Alco with its twentieth lap. Because o fthis hitch Grant's victory remained cloudy for several hours after the conclusion of the contest.

The early part of the race was badly muddled by the simultaneous running of two lesser contests for cars of moderate power. These small cars remained on the course for ten and fifteen laps respectively.

In the shorter of these two races the Masspequa sweepstakes, Joe Matson, driving a 25 horse power Chalmers-Detroit, finished first, covering the 126.4 miles in two hours nine minutes and 52 2-5 seconds. His average speed was slightly better than 58 miles an hour.

The fifteen-lap race, for the Wheatley Hill's cup, was won by R. W. Harroun, driving a 32 horse power Marmon, who completed the 189.6 miles prescribed in three hours 10 minutes and 21 2-5 seconds. His average speed was 59.8 miles an hour.

The two best known drivers entered in the Vanderbilt cup race—Lewis Strang, piloting a Fiat, and Louis Chevrolet, driving a Buick—were among the first to be put out of the running by accidents to their cars.

NINE PERISHED IN FIRE.

Fatal Fire Ocurred at St. Johnsbury. Whole Block Destroyed.

St. Johnsbury, Vt., Oct. 30.—When the ruins of the Citizens' Savings block had been swept down to a temperature which made a thorough search possible, it was definitely learned that nine lives were lost in the fire which practically destroyed the principal business building of the town early today. Two other persons were probably fatally burned. The property loss is estimated at $50,000. Of the killed two persons fell from the upper stories while seven were burned to death.

CAROLINA RAILROAD SOLD.

Kinston and Carolina Road Now Owned by Roper Lumber Co.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 30.—Announcement was made here today of the sale of the Kinston & Carolina Railroad and Lumber Company, running from Kinston to Pink Hill, N. C., a distance of 25 miles to the John L. Roper Lumber Company, for $35,000 and the assumption of certain indebtedness amounting to a whole to $100,000. The sale was under receivership proceedings at Kinston yesterday. The John L. Roper Lumber Company, the purchaser, is owned by the Norfolk & Southern Railway Company.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co. will allow you interest from Nov. 1st on all deposits made on or before Nov. 2nd. **

White beaver hats, latest styles, at

WEEK'S DOINGS AT LUMBERTON

False Fire Alarms Giving Trouble—Revival Meetings in Progress—To Organize a Band—Work on New Church—Other News.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Oct. 31.—Everybody last night had an exciting run to what was thought to be a stable on fire, but it turned out to be nothing more than boys in the stable with lanterns shucking corn. False alarms are going to be the cause some of these nights of somebody's house getting burned up. There ought to be a fine for one who sends in such alarms.

From what we can learn a Lumberton negro was shot in Fayetteville while "shooting crap" one night last week. The negro wanted every doctor in Fayetteville to attend him and on the way home he thought he was going to die and got religion. Some say it was "Billy Patterson."

The revival being held at the Methodist church is well attended and much interest is being manifested. The meetings may close tomorrow or may run another week.

Mr. Lester Townsend, of Hamlet, spent Sunday in town.——Messrs. J. D. Proctor and Richard Norment returned Sunday from Raleigh, where they attended the State Fair.——Mr. Shelton McKenzie will move into his new house on Pine street in about a week.

Beginning Sunday, Rev. A. B. Crumpler, of Clinton, will hold a two-weeks' meeting at the Gospel Tabernacle. Mr. Crumpler is well known in Lumberton and large crowds are expected to attend.

Mr. W. W. Carlyle has purchased Dr. T. C. Johnson's automobile.

A movement is on foot by a number of young people to organize a band. We hope the effort will be a success and that our people will encourage the effort.

Geo. Swan, colored, was tried before Mayor Rowland Saturday for being drunk and was fined $15.95, and on the charge of carrying concealed weapon, and was bound over to court under bond of $100, which he could not give, and went to jail.

A special train will be run to Holmesville on the Raleigh & Charleston Wednesday on account of the Baptist Association.

Robeson is having her share of courts. It is just one week till the Superior Court convenes here again.

The first frost that amounted to much hit us hard last Monday night, and as a consequence potatoes are being housed as rapidly as possible.

Mr. T. L. Johnson, of the Lumberton bar, is having a nice two-story home eercted on the lot he recently purchased in North Lumberton.

Miss Florence Weiss has accepted a position with the Freeman Printing Company for a few weeks, owing to the rush in business.

Work on our new churches is at a standstill as the contract for the foundation of the Methodist chuch has been completed and the contract for building the church has not as yet been let. Work on the Baptist church is tied up on account of granite door and window sills. They have been received but are just four inches too short.

Mr. Earl Thompson was appointed deputy clerk of Superior Court one day last week by Mr. W. H. Humphrey.

Mr. R. T. McWhite returned Friday evening from Fayetteville, where he spent a day or so at the fair.——Miss Bonnie Floyd, daughter of Jailor Floyd, and Mr. N. E. Rozier, of Howellsville township, were married at the home of the bride Wednesday night.

Mr. J. H. Moris spent Wednesday in Fayetteville attending the fair.——Mr. J. A. Robertson, of Greensboro, who was elected cashier of the new bank, has resigned and Mr. T. C. Evans, of the Charlotte Trust & Realty Co., has accepted the position. Mr. Evans is expected tomorrow and the bank will begin business about Monday.

Mr. Owen Dees has a banana tree that has about 32 bananas on it about the size of a man's finger.

Mr. C. M. Fuller has received and sold six car loads of mules and horses this season and the sixth car will arrive tomorrow.——Mr. C. B. Meares moved his barber shop Thursday from his old stand to another room two doors further down. The new bank will occupy the building vacated by Mr. Meares.——Judge C. C. Lyon rendered his decision Wednesday in regard to the town of St. Paul's condemning a part of their lot for a sidewalk in favor of the McAllister Hardware Co.

Mr. John McAllister spent Thursday in Wilmington on business.

BASKET BALL GAMES

Two Interesting Contests at the Y. M. C. A. Last Night.

There were two interesting games of basket ball at the Y. M. C. A. last night and were witnessed by a large crowd. The Cardinals won over the Giants by a score of 29 to 10 and the White Sox were defeated by the Emeralds 17 to 12. Games will be played every Saturday night during the Fall and Winter months.

At the Bijou Tomorrow.

"Why Girls Leave Home" is the title of the feature picture at the Bijou tomorrow. In this subject the film makers have produced a clever burlesque of the once popular and not yet forgotten "melodrammer" of the same title. It is a decidedly interesting picture and will attract a large audience at each performance.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION
IN TEN DAYS
Nadinola Cream

The supreme beauty requisite, is endorsed by thousands. Nadinola banishes tan, sallowness, freckles, pimples, liver spots and other facial discolorations. Worst case in 20 days. Rids the pores and tissues of all impurities, leaves the skin clear soft and healthy.

Directions and Guarantee in each package. 50c. and $1.00 by high class Toilet Counters or Mail.
Prepared by NATIONAL TOILET CO., Paris, Tenn

CLOSING DAY OF THE SYNOD

Important Repors on Final Day of Sessions at Red Springs, N. C.—Sabbath Observance and Religious Teachings.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Red Springs, N. C., Oct. 30.—A treacherous schedule on the Seaboard Air Line last night prevented a final report of what proved one of the most interesting and important day's sessions of the North Carolina Synod, in session here the past three days.

One of the most interesting reports of the entire sessions was that of the committee on the Sabbath and Family Religion, which was submitted during the morning. The consideration of this subject was one of the special orders of the day and in the absence of Rev. W. D. Morton, D. D., chairman of the committee, Rev. G. F. Robertson, D. D., who is chairman of Assembly's committee on this subject, presided and read a report that was full of urgent appeal to the Church to give closer attention to the observance of the Sababth and of religion on the same subject. Among other things Dr. Shaw pleaded for a clear appreciation of the truth as involved in this report. He said further that all work performed on the Sabbath that did not come under the head of worship or deeds of mercy, was under the ban of God; also that the observance of the Sabbath is an expression of Divine supremacy and any misappropriation of the Sabbath day is simply theft of God's time, which is as much a crime as the theft of money.

Consideration of the report provoked considerable discussion of the subject by several members of Synod. Rev. R. C. Anderson, D. D., stated that in his opinion the issuing of large Sunday editions of secular newspapers is doing much to break down the observance of the Sabbath and said that he was in favor of the withdrawal of support from such papers unless they ceased to issue these Sunday editions. Some one suggested at this point that the way to solve the problem is for Christians to lay the Sunday editions aside until Monday before reading them. Rev. W. R. Coppedge, D. D., supported the views of Dr. Anderson. Mr. J. H. Currie, a ruling elder in the Fayetteville Presbytery, said that he was oposed to such suggestions as just made and that he knew that many of the men occupying the position of editors of secular newspapers in North Carolina were Christian gentlemen and that in the entire State there was not a paper that could be placed in the class of "yellow journalism." The further discussion of this subject was carried over as unfinished business, the time for the next order of the day having arrived, an address by Rev. W. E. Boggs, D. D., secretary of the Assembly's committee on Christian Education.

Dr. Boggs was moderator of the General Assembly held in May of this year and was heard with interest. His entire address was an earnest appeal for Christian education for the young people of the Church, showing the advantage to come to them as individuals and to the Church when so educated.

Rev. A. R. Shaw, D. D. chairman of the special committee on the home for the aged, reported that the committee was favorable to the suggestion of the Synod of Virginia, as expressed by a similar committee to this appointed by that Synod. This suggestion was that a home for the aged be established by the two Synods to be used by the aged poor who are worthy, but who have no means of support, the home to be jointly maintained by the two Synods.

The statistical report as read to Synod gave the following interesting figures: Number of ministers in the Synod 207, churches 458, licentioates 3, candidates for the ministry 115, communicants 43,599.

During the afternoon session Synod gave its attention to the reports of special committees and unfinished business. Rev. Dr. Shaw, chairman of the Committee on Bills and Overtures, reported a communication from the Anti Saloon League of North Carolina and that the committee recommended that Synod do all in its power to prevent the manufacture and sale of intoxicants.

The report of the committee on Home Missions showed that during the year, $19,557 has been spent in the Synod to sustain mission fields; $16,660 for congregational missions and $9,968.97 for Synodical evangelistical work, making a total of $46,107.29, an increase of $4,619 over the previous year. During the year there have been 2,750 additions to the church on professions of faith and 1,869 on certificates, giving a total number of 46,599 communicants, an increase of 4,619 during the year.

After the report on Bible Cause Rev. M. B. Porter, D. D., district superintendent of the American Bible Society, addressed Synod in the interest of that cause. The report was adopted and with it the recommendation that Synod raise a sum for Bible Cause this year, amounting to 10 cents per member and that a special collection be taken in each church between now and December 31st for the American Bible Society endowment fund.

The report on the Records of Presbyteries recommended a criticism of the records of the Presbyterian of Mecklenburg on account of a record in this connection. Rev. G. W. Belk, a former member of that Presbytery, whom that Presbytery had clothed with evangelistic power, had later dismissed to Albemarle Presbytery and had been received there, had gone back into the territory of Mecklenburg, and organized a church. The law of the Church is that when any one prebytery clothes a man with evangelistic power that power shall be used in that presbytery unless permission to labor elsewhere be granted him. The matter was fully discussed but Mr. Belk, who is now assistant Synodical evangelist, explained his action to the satisfaction of Synod and the criticism was stricken from report of the committee. The vote showed the opinion of Synod to be that a Synodical evangelist may exercise evangelistic powers in any presbytery, provided the prebytery of which he is a member confers upon him this authority.

Mr. C. H. Pratt, representing the Laymen's Movement, delivered an earnest address in the interest of the constantly growing work which is being done.

Rev. J. M. Wells, D. D., has given entire satisfaction as Moderator. He has given full proof of his courteous Christian personality and of his great ability as a presiding officer.

LOSS IN TIMBER DECAY.

National Waste Amounts to Millions Every Year.

(Special Star Corespondence.)

Washington, D. C., Oct. 29.—Millions of feet of timber and finished lumber rot every year in railroad ties, bridges, trestles, piles, farm buildings, fences, poles, and mine props. The lumber consuming public of the United States pays perhaps thirty to forty million dollars a year to make good the losses from wood decay.

These great drains are a source of more and more concern each year. Chemists and engineers who have to do with the uses of wood are working unceasingly on the problem. The U. S. Forest Service has men who devote their whole time to it. The importance of the problem can not be overestimated. Millions of dollars are annually saved by preservative treatment of timbers, but much yet remains to be learned.

Wood decay is caused by fungus, a vegetable growth sometimes so small that it can be seen only with the microscope. Its roots or branches, like minute hairs, force their way into the wood tissues and absorb or eat away the solid parts. The collapse which results is called decay. Timber is artificially preserved by forcing into its cells and pores certain substances which prevent the growth of fungi. As long as this substance is present in sufficient quantity, the germs of decay—the threads and spores of fungus—cannot enter, and the wood is preserved. This often means doubling and sometimes trebling the life of the timber.

The United States Government considers the investigations of the preservative treatment of timber of such importance that the business of one office of the United States Forest Service, that of Wood Preservation, with new headquarters at Madison, Wis., is given over entirely to the work of experiments in co-operation with railroad companies and other corporations and individuals in prolonging the life of railroad ties, mine props, bridge timbers, fence posts and transmission poles.

The lengthening of the life of timber means the saving of thousands of dollars annually through doing away with the heavy expense of labor and cost of material for renewals.

Picked Up Unconscious.

Mr. Marvin Craig was found in an unconscious condition on the Wrightsville turnpike Friday afternoon by Mr. Louis Shrier, who was out for an automobile ride. Mr. Craig was taken to the James Walker Memorial Hospital, where he was given medical attention and later went to his home. He said that he was out hunting and had his bicycle along. He left the "bike" against a tree and started to fire his gun when he was overcome and did not remember anything else until he regained consciousness at the hospital.

Secretary Smith Here.

Interstate Field Secretary Julian L. Smith, of the Y. M. C. A. of the Carolinas, arrived yesterday and made the address at the meeting of the Boys' Bible Class at the local Association yesterday morning. He is well known in Wilmington and has many friends who are pleased to greet him again. Secretary Smith will make the talk on the revenue cutter Seminole at the service under the auspices of the Yoke Fellows this morning.

FREE TRIAL OF SAMOSE

Flesh-Forming Food Given on Approval by Druggist J. Hicks Bunting.

Would you like to be fat and plump and strong and hearty? Here is a chance to do it without risking the loss of a single penny.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., our well known druggist, have a new treatment called Samose, which they are selling on approval, that is said to be a true flesh-forming food. It is in tablet form, retailing at 50c a box.

If it does not increase the weight, fill out the thin, scrawny form and restore health and strength, there will be no charge whatever for Samose. Go to J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. today and get a treatment of Samose with their promise to refund the money if it does not do all that it claims.

Before commencing the use of Samose have yourself correctly weighed and note the gain from week to week.

J. Hicks Bunting faith in Samose is shown by their offer to refund the money if it does not increase flesh and restore good health. They really give you a free trial of the preparation, for unless it does increase the weight it will not cost a cent.

Frightful Fate Averted.

"I would have bee na cripple for life, from a terrible cut on my knee cap," writes Frank Disberry, Kelliher, Minn., without Bucklen's Arnica Salve which soon cured me." Infallible for wounds, cuts and bruises, it soon cures Burns, Scalds, Old Sores, Boils, Skin Eruptions. World's best for Piles. 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

Bargains in blankets and comforts at Rehder's. **

CLARK'S 12th Annual CRUISE
Feb. 5 to April 19
TO THE ORIENT
By S. S. Grosser Kurfuerst
THE ONLY ORIENT CRUISE THIS WINTER
Under the Able Management of
FRANK C. CLARK.
Seventy-three days, including 24 days in Egypt and the Holy Land (with side trip to Khartoum,) costing only $400 and up, including shore excursions.
SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Constantinople, Athens, Rome, the Riviera, etc. Tickets good to stop over in Europe, to include Passion Play, etc.
CRUISE AROUND THE WORLD
FEB. 5—A few vacancies yet. Similar Cruises Oct. 15, '10, and Feb. 4, '11. $650 up.
Fine series Europe-Oberammergau Tours, $270 up. Send for programs (please specify.)
FRANK H. CLARK, Times Bldg., N. Y.

The Herpicide Girl
ice on the Care of the Hair

If every woman would do as I tell her, the makers of puffs, switches, transformation, rats, etc., would have to go out of business.

Wash the hair frequently, using Herpicide Soap. Apply Newbro's Herpicide regularly, twice or three times every week and watch the results. The change will be a most surprising one.

Let me show you a letter from my friend, Mrs. Dr. Best of Cottage Grove, Oregon, she says:—

"I can say from experience that Newbro's Herpicide is the most wonderful hair grower and dandruff remover that was ever made. After using it for some time will say that I am greatly pleased. Herpicide is a splendid preparat on."

Herpicide makes the hair beautiful, allowing it to grow naturally and luxuriantly. Other preparations are claimed to be "just as good," but Newbro's Herpicide is the original remedy. It kills the dandruff germ, prevents falling hair, stops itching of the scalp. Ask for genuine Herpicide and be sure you get it.

Send 10c postage for a nice sample and booklet on "The Hair and Its Care" to The Herpicide Co., Dept. 37B., Detroit, Mich.

For sale by all druggists. One dollar bottles guaranteed. Applications obtained at good barber shops.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
Special Agent.

Carpet Department

We are showing this season many entirely new things in Toga, Smyrna, Electra, Wilton, Axminster, Mendota, Arlington, Shirvan, Brussels and Velvet Rugs.

Wilton, Velvet, Tapestry and Extra Super Carpets. Mattings and Matting Rugs; Linoleums and Oil Cloths; Upholstery and Drapery Goods; Portieres and Couch Covers; Lace Curtains and Window Shades.

We will be glad to have you give us a look.

A. D. BROWN

M. H. CROOM. C. W. FUTCH

Wilmington Fish Company
Successor to
J. A. NIXON,
General Commission Merchants.
Packers and Shippers of Fish, Oysters, Game and all kinds of Produce.
Market House Alley. Wilmington, N. C.

Having this day sold to the "Wilmington Fish Co., all my Fish, Game and Oyster business and the good will of the same, I therefore recommend that my patrons and the public generally bestow upon them the same liberal patronage which has heretofore been so generously given me.

J. A. NIXON,

The Wilmington Fish Company having purchased the Fish, Oyster and Game business of J. A. Nixon, desire to notify the public that they will continue the same and endeavor to maintain the high standard of business established by Mr. Nixon, and promises to give perfect satisfaction to all old and new customers.

M. H. CROOM,
C. W FUTCH.

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ROOFING.
200,000 rived heart Shingles.
100,000 rived sap Shingles.
250,000 machine made Shingles.
Walrus Rubber Roofing.

LIME, CEMENT AND PLASTER.
Gagers White Lime.
King's Windsor Wall Plaster.
Atlas Portland Cement.
Asbestos and Fire Clay.

Red Brick, Fire Brick, Sewer Pipe, Chimney Pipe.
COAL. WOOD.
Write, or call for prices.

W. B. THORPE & CO.
Phone 789. Office, Foot Ann St.

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LOOK BEFORE YOU LEAP!

Life Insurance is the most enduring and often the most important contract we enter into in the course of our lives. Of equal importance is the investment of our Savings. We invite your attention to our new plan of combining the best there is in Life Insurance with Building and Loan Stock, on which five per cent. is guaranteed; thus offering opportunities worth looking into. New Series Every Month. Write or call on M. C. Hammond, Sec.

SOUTHERN MUTUAL HOME & REAL ESTATE CO.
Room 15, Masonic Temple.

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Don't Wait!

But call Monday if in need of horses or mules and I will show you some that I am sure will please. All stock young and sound and guaranteed to be as represented. Prospective purchasers transferred to and from my place.

CLARENCE W. MILLS

oc 27 1m.

Crystal Palace

GEO NEILSEN
102 S. FRONT ST.
Wins Barrels of Flour with
NO. 1,305.
Box of Fine Candy Given Away Each Night at Performance this Week.
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School Shoes for Boys and Girls

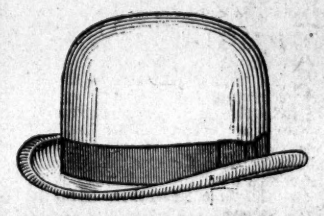
Try our Buster Brown Shoes. They look best and wear so much longer.

CLOTHING

A full and complete line for Fall. All the new shades and colors. A look at our line before you buy will be appreciated. Sole Agent Holeproof Sox and Stockings. Now is the time to lay in your Fall supply.

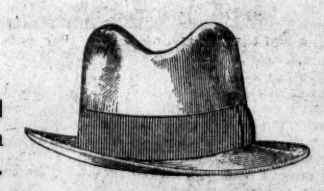
J. W. H. FUCHS
123 to 134 S. Front St.

Just Received
ANOTHER NEW SHIPMENT OF
HATS



in the latest and most up-to-date blocks for Fall.

Made by the Dunlap, Stetson, No-Name and Knox-All
No better makes. In derbies and soft styles.



J. M. SOLKY & CO.
Masonic Temple. Phone 617.
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"Building Fires on Cold Mornings Was the Bane of My Boyhood"

The Vortex Hot Blast

THE FIRE IS NEVER OUT. YOU DRESS AND EAT BREAKFAST IN ROOMS WARMED WITH FUEL SUPPLIED THE NIGHT BEFORE. GUARANTEED TO HOLD FIRE FROM SATURDAY NIGHT TO MONDAY MORNING WITH CHEAPEST SOFT COAL, ALSO BURNS HARD COAL OR WOOD.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50.

DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

THE STATE IN EPITOME

¶News, Comment and Incidents as Reflected in the North Carolina Press. : : : : : :

Temporary Law Instructor.

Raleigh, Oct. 29.—Walter Grimes, Esq., of Raleigh, was today notified by the faculty of the State University that he had been appointed to take temporary charge of the law class there, until the trustees fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. James Cameron MacRae.

To Air Grant Scandal in Senate.

(Asheville Gazette-News.)

It was unofficially stated today that the trouble over the Biltmore postoffice involving the removal of Mrs. Fannie J. Reed, the appointment of B. J. Luther, and the later development of the filing of an affidavit by Congressman Grant with the department, to the effect that Mrs. Reed had attempted to "bribe" the Tenth district representative, will probably all be aired both in the courts of law and before the Senate of the United States. It was stated that friends of Mrs. Reed have been busy getting together all data on the subject and that when Congress meets a fight on the confirmation of Mr. Luther as postmaster at Biltmore may bring out all the Grant controversy. In such an event it is possible that an investigation of the whole matter may be made, including the alleged statement of Mr. Grant to Mrs. Reed, after election, that all officeholders "must come across."

WOES OF THE NEW BOY.

A Sort of Hazing Which Colleges Are Powerless to Control.

The latest lad to be employed in a big office is often the bulk of jokes by the more experienced employes. The first day he may be sent by one of the older boys to get the key to the red ink bottle from the head bookkeeper. This individual has a prenatal grouch that develops into near apoplexy at the familiar question. Tommy retreats in bewilderment and the older boys say:

"You ought to waited till he was done figuring. You butted in on him."

Later in the day Tommy is asked to find the paper stretcher, quick! for Mr. Jones' stenographer. He searches all the closets in the office under that direction of the other boys, but can not find the missing machine. He begins to feel himself unsuited to a business career. After lunch he may be supplied with a small package of bread crumbs and sent up to the roof of the skyscraper to feed the eagles.

If Tommy sets out to learn the printing business he will be taken in hand with enthusiasm. If the printery is in a building that is the home of a number of similar establishments Tommy may spend a day or so traveling from floor to floor in search of some borrowed instrument, such as a shooting stick, which appears to have been lent from compositor to pressman, and from pressman to electrotyper, till it has been through the hands of every man in the building.

If he begins work in a machine shop one of the first tools he hears about is the left-handed monkey wrench. When he asks for it a foreman will give him a steel casting about 50 pounds in weight that must be carried across the yard, through the foundry and over the bridge to the foreman of the pattern shop. Another tool is the glass hammer used for driving rubber tacks. Tommy may also be required to get a package of these tacks from the storekeeper. Or he will take a basket and vainly try in the boiler room to get it filled with steam. Then he may try to find out who last saw the handle of the smoke press. Or he may ask the boss carpenter to draw the teeth of a saw that he receives from one of the construction gang.

If Tommy wants to see an electrical wizard and to learn the uses of the electric current, or "juice," he will get a job in a factory where electrical machinery is designed and built. Here he may be called upon to ask the most dignified members of the engineering department for an ohm sifter. He will also carry from one end of the plant to the other a heavy box said to be filled with round volts, only to learn that it should have been filled with square volts. One of the electricians in the testing room may need a pail of juice for testing a transformer and Tommy will have to go to the power house for it. It may fall to his lot also to be the messenger who tries to borrow from a neighboring plant the flywheel of its Corlis engine. Thus the innocent new boy is broken into his job.—Charlotte Chronicle.

WILMINGTON'S FLYING MACHINE.

Local Inventors Creating a Stir in the Scientific World.

Here is the way the Charlotte News treats editorially of the Wilmington flying machine:

"Wonder if they are going to have it ready to perform a stunt as part of the Taft celebration? The company to manufacture it was organized some time ago, with a capital stock of $125,000 and an understanding was that a machine would soon be built in fact as well as in theory. The inventors claim to have made many improvements over present styles of aeroplanes and that they have a machine even better than the Wrights. They give quite a detailed account of it in The Motor Era. The inventors claim to have left the old school entirely and contemplated well-known physical laws in the light of simple geometry. After going into particulars about the new features—the upward-inclined propeller shaft, the wing-plane the folding wing—by which either a slow speed of 20 miles, or a fast speed of 73 miles can be maintained, the description says that the machine will run on the ground as independently as an automobile at a speed of 25 miles an hour, four rubber-tired wheels being provided for this purpose; and a specially constructed light-weight steering mechanism is connected with the front wheels for road traveling. The horizontal and vertical aerial buiders are placed in the rear and operated at will by one or two interlinked steering levers. The horizontal rudder is so constructed as to control the inclination of the aeroplane only within certain limits and therefore mistakes in its handling can never produce any serious results. Rising or sinking in the air is best accomplished by accelerating or retarding the speed of the motor; the upward-inclined propeller shaft makes such manipulation perfectly convenient. A special instrument called a "level indicator" has been added, whereby at high elevation the operator can direct the machine without perceiving the level of the ground. Two Adams-Farewell motors of 35 horse-power each will be employed geared together in such a way that if one of the motors stops the other keeps the propeller moving while the first mentioned acts as a fly-wheel. As both revolve in opposite directions the gyroscopic action is neutralized. Finally, it is claimed that this machine has been most carefully planned and its inventors believe it will one day put the South to the front in the aeroplane world.

"It is to be hoped that a model of the machine will be in readiness to back up these claims during the Taft celebration."

WILLIAM H. BRITTON.

Passed Aaway in Nashville, Tenn. Well Known in This State.

(Red Springs Citizen.)

The news of the death of Mr. William H. Britton, which occurred in Nashville, Tenn., Saturday, Oct. 23rd, following an operation for appendicitis, brought sadness and sorrow to the bereaved family and his numerous friends. Two weeks prior to his death Mr. Britton left home in his usual health on a business trip and while in Nashville was stricken with his fatal illness.

Mr. Britton was born in Moore county, near Cameron, April 9th, 1860, the son of Moses and Martha Britton, and at the age of 15 became a clerk in his father's store at Cameron, which was his inauguration in a most successful business career. He remained with his father several years and then entered into copartnership with Mr. W. H. Sikes, this firm doing a large mercantile business. Later he embarked in the lumber business at Cameron, his home town, with Mr. W. J. Johnson, with whom and with his brother-in-law, Mr. W. H. Sikes, his business relations continued up to the date of his death, this firm holding large lumber interests in several States.

Mr. Britton's untimely death is a great loss to the business world. He was a man of rare judgment, full of energy and liberal in his dealings with his fellow man. His home and private life was exemplary, and his good deeds marked him as a man of charity and benevolence. Mr. Britton never married, and resided at Florida, Ala., with his mother, sister and brother. He spent much of his time with relatives and friends at Red Springs and his genial manners and kind disposition made him a general favorite.

The remains arrived from Nashville Monday, accompanied by his brother, Mr. T. J. Britton, who was with him when he died, and the funeral exercises were conducted from Union Church, in Moore country, on Monday afternoon.

SAYS CHIEF STRUCK HIM.

Charlotte Chief of Police in Circus-Day Scrap.

(Charlotte Chronicle.)

After counsel for Mr. J. A. Cooper had stated the intention of instituting a civil action against Chief of Police T. M. Christenbury for slapping him in the face, Recorder Smith yesterday sent the case of disorderly conduct against the defendant to the higher court. Mr. H. A. Stillwell, who was indicted along with Mr. Cooper, wis dismissed for the want of proper evidence. Messrs. E. R. Preston and Cameron Morrison represented Mr. Cooper and told the court that they would bring civil action against the chief for slapping their client in the face.

The affair happened on circus day and resulted from some words which the chief had with the men about standing up in front of people within the big tent. Chief Christenbury denied that he had struck Mr. Cooper but stated he had ordered him to sit down, finally having to push him into his seat. His evidence was that the men were apparently drinking and that he would have arrested them on the charge of disorderly conduct, but didn't want to miss the show, knowing that he could get them any time.

COTTON GOES HIGHER STILL.

Boom Times On Charlotte Local Market.

(Charlotte Observer.)

And cotton still soars.

The price of it on the local market yesterday was 14.40 and cotton seed went up to 41 1-2 cents a bushel. Those are some prices for these products, giving the farmer approximately $86 for every bale of cotton he sells together with the seed.

This day will probably be somewhat of record-crushing on the wharf. Saturdays are always the big days in the cotton world and the staple is brought here from every point in the county. The week's gatherings are loaded and brought to the buyers for their competitive bids. With the same steady increase which the market has been undergoing lately it will not be surprising for the price today to plunge up several notches higher, and figuring that trading is so much more active on Saturdays and the market is so perceptibly influenced thereby, if the 15-cent limit is reached during the day, it will not be contrary to the expectations of many who are conversant with the situation.

Every man wishes he were a farmer now.

The Bed-Rock of Success

Lies in a keen, clear brain, backed by indomitable will and resistless energy. Such power comes from the splendid health that Dr. King's New Life Pills impart. They vitalize every organ and build up brain and body. J. A. Harmon, Lizemore, W. Va., writes: "They are the best pills I ever used." 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

S.S.S. REMOVES THE CAUSE OF CATARRH

S. S. S. cures Catarrh by removing the cause from the blood. It so thoroughly purifies the circulation that there is nothing left to inflame and irritate the mucous linings of the body, which is the most prominent and dangerous effect of Catarrh. As long as the mucous membranes and tissues are kept in a state of inflammation and irritation by an impure and infected condition of the circulation, Catarrh will remain. Its disagreeable symptoms of ringing noises in the ears, mucous dropping back into the throat, headaches, watery eyes, difficult breathing, and even stomach disorders and weakened health, cannot be permanently relieved until the blood is purified. Local applications alone can have no real curative value, because such treatment does not reach the blood. Sprays, inhalations, lotions, etc., are valuable only for their cleansing and antiseptic effect, but if depended on alone Catarrh sufferers will find a cure impossible. Nothing equals S. S. S. for curing Catarrh. It goes down into the circulation, gets at the root of the trouble, and removes every particle of catarrhal matter from the blood and enriches this vital fluid so that instead of irritating the different mucous portions of the body, it nourishes them with rich, health-giving properties. Then the symptoms begin to pass away, and Catarrh is permanently cured. Book on Catarrh and any medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

GAYLORD'S

The "4" newest creations that are on display in the millinery marts of the world, you will find at Gaylord's this week.

Baroness Killou Boulevard Beavers in white and black.

The Boulevard, in size and sweep of curve, is beyond description.

Our immense stock of Ladies' Tailor-made Suits has received an addition of 175 of the latest make. Nowhere will you find anything newer, more up-to-date or more stylish. And the **price** is 25 per cent. less than you can purchase the same article elsewhere. We make you pay **cash,** but we do not make you help pay some one else's bad debt.

In Dress Goods you will find the largest stock in the State to select from, and you will find our prices satisfactory.

If you need a Trunk, be sure to see our line. We carry them from 99c to $90.00.

For Taft Day

You can secure your Flags and Bunting at satisfactory prices, as we are running a special sale in these goods.

GEO. O. GAYLORD
BIG DEPARTMENT STORE
210, 212, 214 N FRONT ST.

We Are After the Men

who want good looking, durable and stylish Shoes at moderate prices. We'll just put it mildly and say that We've the best $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes this country produces.

In Pat. Kid, Gunmetal and Vici.

$3.50 and $4.00

HEWLETT & PRICE
109 MARKET ST.

FALL OPENING OF BLANKETS AND ROBES

This is the season when your horse needs his blanket. These frosty nights in the early Fall are apt to give him cold. Prices right. Quality guaranteed. :: :: :: :: :: ::

CITY LIVERY COMPANY

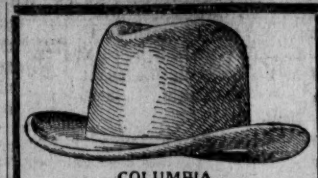
SAFE BANKING

We do every sort of safe Banking, always with the purpose to encourage and foster the business and development of this city and section.

The unprecedented volume of our business attests the public's confidence, and appreciation of our management.

A Million Dollars to Lend on Acceptable Security.

The Murchison National Bank
of Wilmington.



COLUMBIA
J. B. STETSON CO.

CHEERFUL PATTERNS

It is the pattern that makes the SUIT attractive. It is the workmanship that keeps it so. These two most essential combinations we offer at prices below the average.

'Tis the HAT that lends grace and dignity to its wearer, and to accomplish this all you have to do it to put on a celebrated KNOX HAT.

HAMME

The Hatter and Clothier,
Wilmington, N. C.

COMING

Tarbell Cheese,
None better.

Arm & Hammer Soda,
Big nickel pkg.

Fencing, oldest and best Ellwood.

The Ultimo Cigar, so good, makes you
LAUGH

Also big stock on hand.

Make our store headquarters on November 9th.

D. L. GORE CO.
Wholesale Grocers.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

oc 24 tf

The Goose Girl

by Howard MacGrath.

"THE DANGER MARK"
by Robt. W. Chambers.

"THE TITLE MARKET."
by Emily Post.

"MR. JUSTICE RAFFLES."
by E. W. Hornung.

"THE SILVER HORDE."
by Rex Beach.

"MARTIN EDEN."
by Jack London.

"STRADELLA."
by F. Marion Crawford.

"LITTLE SISTER SNOW."
by the author of "The Lady of the Decoration."

All the above "Best Sellers" and many others on sale at

C. W. Yates & Co
Market Street.

oc 24 tf

THE SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK

of Wilmington, N. C.

desires to announce that the institution, beginning business September 18th, 1905, was

FOUR YEARS OLD SEPTEMBER 18TH, 1909.

The capital of $200,000.00 and surplus of $100,000.00 were subscribed and paid in instalments.

No interest has been paid upon individual deposits and no interest bearing certificates have been issued.

All premium on $200,000.00 United States bonds has been charged off to current profits, likewise $3,000.00 on fixture account, amounting in all to about $13,000.00.

Total of $40,000.00 cash DIVIDENDS returned to the stockholders.

Without the impetus of assets absorbed from other banks or the payment of interest on individual deposits, the manageemnt is gratified at the growth shown four years from commencement of business, as follows:

Capital	$ 200,000.00
Surplus	$ 100,000.00
Undivided Profits, net	$ 44,000.00
Deposits	$1,262,037.40
Total Assets	$2,038,393.01

The success of the bank is due to a careful adherence to regulations of the United States Government, prescribed in the National Banking Act, and to the confidence and patronage of the business public at large, to which due acknowledgement is hereby made.

MATT J. HEYER, President.
HUGH MacRAE, Vice-President.
D. L. GORE, Vice-President.
C. N. EVANS, Cashier.

oc 1 tf

FOR SALE

On account of dissolution of A. M. Prince & Co., we offer for sale on easy terms, to be delivered about December 24th, 1909:

One 80-horse, high pressure boiler.
One 50-horse Erie Engine.
One Lane Saw Mill.
One 25-horse Erie Engine.
Lath Mill complete.
One 13-ton Shay Locomotive, standard guage.
Three log cars.
12 Head of Mules, Log Carts, etc.
Tools and everything necessary for mill use.

A. M. PRINCE & CO.
oc 21-tf. West Brook, N. C.

Atlantic Coast Line

Corrected to October 6, 1909.

NOTICE.

The arrivals and departure are given as information, as well as connections with other companies; but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

WILMINGTON AND THE NORTH.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48. Daily.	No. 42. Daily.
Lv. Wilmington ..	9:00 am	7:00 pm
Ar. Goldsboro	12:05 pm	9:55 pm
Ar. Wilson	1:00 pm	10:52 pm
Ar. Rocky Mount..	1:35 pm	11:30 pm
Ar. Weldon	4:55 pm	2:41 am
Ar. Norfolk	5:55 pm	*8:35 am
Ar. Petersburg	7:05 pm	4:25 am
Ar. Richmond	8:00 pm	5:10 am
Ar. Washington ..	11:50 pm	8:40 am
Ar. Baltimore	1:15 am	10:02 am
Ar. W. Phila.....	3:45 am	12:23 pm
Ar. New York.....	6:30 am	2:45 pm

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41. Daily.	No. 49. Daily.
Lv. New York.....	9:25 am	9:25 pm
Ar. W. Phila	11:49 am	12:19 am
Lv. Baltimore	2:10 am	2:46 am
Lv. Washington ...	3:35 pm	4:20 am
Lv. Norfolk	3:20 pm	8:25 am
Lv. Richmond	7:10 pm	8:15 am
Lv. Petersburg ..	7:47 pm	9:13 am
Lv. Weldon	9:35 pm	11:35 am
Lv. Rocky Mount..	5:00 am	12:50 pm
Lv. Wilson	5:36 am	2:09 pm
Lv. Goldsboro	6:35 am	3:05 pm
Ar. Wilmington ...	9:25 am	6:00 pm

WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.

	51 Daily.	55 Daily.	Via Wilson 42 Daily.
Lv. Wil'tn	4:55 am	3:10 pm	7:00 pm
Ar. Flor..	9:05 am	7:25 pm	3:55 am
Ar. Col'bia	12:25 pm	10:45 pm	
Ar. Chars.	1:20 pm	11:25 pm	7:00 am
Ar. Savh .	6:30 pm	2:20 am	9:20 am
Ar. Jk'ville		7:15 am	1:50 pm
Ar. Tampa		7:00 pm	10:30 pm

NORTHBOUND.

	50 Daily.	54 Daily.
Lv. Tampa	9:00 pm	10:30 am
Lv. Jacksonville ..	8:50 am	7:45 pm
Lv. Savannah	1:05 pm	12:15 am
Lv. Charleston	5:25 pm	5:10 am
Lv. Columbia	4:30 pm	4:00 am
Lv. Florence	8:40 pm	9:25 am
Ar. Wilmington ...	12:40 am	1:35 pm

WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

Westbound. 53 Daily.		Eastbound. 52 Daily.
8:40 AM	Lv Wilmington Ar	8:05 PM
11:45 AM	Ar Fayetteville Lv	4:50 PM
12:10 PM	Lv Fayetteville Ar	4:45 PM
1:40 PM	Ar. Sanford Lv	3:30 PM

WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

Northbound. 62	Daily except Sunday,	Southbound. 63
3:25 PM	Lv Wilmington Ar	12:50 PM
5:17 PM	Ar Jacksonville Lv	10:55 AM
6:44 PM	Ar N & S. Jct Lv	9:35 AM
6:50 PM	Ar Newbern Lv	9:30 AM

*Via Petersburg and N. and W. Ry.
**Daily Except Sunday.

Trains No. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Pennsylvania R. R., for all points East.

Trains 48 and 49 carry Pullman cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.

Trains No. 55 and 50 carry Pullman Sleeper between Wilmington and Columbia.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.

Seaboard Air Line

Schedule effective May 2nd, 1909
Subject to change without notice.

Local sleeper between Wilmington and Hamlet on 44 and 45 open for passengers at Wilmington at 9:00 P. M connects at Hamlet with all trains North, South and West with No. 33 at Hamlet, through train for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis.

Direct and shortest line to the principal cities, South and Southwest also connects at Hamlet with Vestibule trains North.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT WILMINGTON AS FOLLOWS:

No. 44 at 12:30 A. M. from Johnson City, Charlotte, Hamlet and points North.

No. 40 arrives 1:15 P. M. from Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with No. 36 from Birmingham and Atlanta, No. 33 from Norfolk and Raleigh, No. 81 from New York and Washington, and all points North and South.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON AS FOLLOWS:

	No. 45.	No. 39.
Lv Wilm't'n	3:00 A.M.	3:20 P.M.
Ar Lumb'ton	5:30 A.M.	5:37 P.M.
Ar. Maxton	6:12 A.M.	6:35 P.M.
Ar. Hamlet	7:00 A.M.	7:30 P.M.
Lv. Hamlet	7:25 A.M.	8:15 P.M.
Ar. Monroe	9:25 A.M.	10:20 P.M.
Ar. Charlotte	10:25 A.M.	11:20 P.M.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with Nos. 38 and 66 for all points North at Monroe with No. 69 for Atlanta and continues on through to Johnson City, arriving 8:05 P. M.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 37 for Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis and Charlotte, with No. 84 for Washington and New York, No. 32 for Portsmouth, Norfolk and No. 43 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Ticket office, Union Station.
B. W. ARRINGTON, Agent.
Phone 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Agent,
Phone No. 5.

C. H. GATTIS,
District Passenger Agent
Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN,
General Passenger Agent,
Portsmouth, Va.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Office of the Treasurer.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 19, 1909.

The Board of Directors of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has declared two per cent. interest on the Certificates of Indebtedness of that company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, at Wilmington, N. C., on and after November 1st, 1909. The transfer books are closed from the 12th day of October, 1909, to the 3rd day of November, 1909, both inclusive.

JAMES F. POST,
oc 24-tf-no 1-inc. Treasurer.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect Thursday, September 30th 1909.

TO BEACH.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:30, 10:00, and 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Lumina at 7:45, 9:15, and 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3:45, 5:15, 7:50 and 9:15 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Lumina at 9:45, 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:25, 6:50, 7:50, and 9:15 P. M.

TO WRIGHTSVILLE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 6:20, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:55, 5:25, 6:35, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 9:55, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:35, 7:00, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

TO DELGADO AND GOLF LINKS.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, *2:25, 3:00, *3:45, 4:30, *5:05, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00, and 11:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at *8:25, 8:30, *9:05, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, *1:25, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00, and 11:00 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Golf Links at 6:35, 8:10, 8:40, 9:40, 11:10 A. M. 12:40, 2:10, *2:35, 4:10, *5:15, 5:40, 6:40, 8:15, 9:40 10:45 and 11:45 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Golf Links at *8:35, *9:15, 10:10, 11:10 A. M., *12:15, 12:40, *1:35, 2:10, 3:40, 4:10, 12:40, 2:10, *2:35, *3:55, 4:10, 5:15, 5:40, 6:40, 8:15, 9:40, 10:45 and 11:45 P. M.

*"Carolina" all others snown in this schedule marked "Beach."

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington daily except Sunday at 4:00 P. M. Freight Depot from 3:00 to 4:00 P. M.

Clyde Steamship Company

to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

S. S. "Carib".....Friday, Oct. 29
S. S. "Navahoe".....Friday, Nov. 5

Wilmington to New York.

S. S. "Navahoe".....Saturday, Oct. 30
S. S. "Carib".....Saturday, Nov. 6

Wilmington to Georgetown.

S. S. "Navahoe".....Monday, Oct. 25
S. S. "Carib".....Monday, Nov. 1

Steamship "Carib" does not carry passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, F. T. M.
H. H. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.
General Offices, Pier 36 N. R., N. Y.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and best Line West and Northwest.

Block System, Rock Ballast, 85-lb. Rail

Schedule in Effect May 1st, 1909.

Lv. Norfolk	7:30 a.m.	7:30 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	10:25 a.m.	10:20 p.m.
Lv. Durham	1:00 a.m.	6:20 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:30 p.m.	2:15 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:30 a.m.	7:20 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	7:45 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	7:28 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited. W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

SMOKE

Cuban Blossom

CIGARS!

WHY ?

Because It is the Best Cigar for the Money.

H. L. VOLLERS
Wholesale Grocer.

If your ad is important use spase the courage to advertise.

THE MORNING STAR
Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR CO.

J. E. THOMPSON,
Vice President and General Manager.

ROBERT L. GRAY, Editor.

TELEPHONES.
Business Office.....No. 51
Editorial Rooms.....No. 61
(Call 51 if 61 doesn't answer.)
(Call 61 if 51 doesn't answer.)

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C. under the Act of Congress of March 8, 1874.

Sunday, October 31, 1909.

TRIAL BY MUNICIPAL DRUM HEAD.

We call particular attention to the brief of ex-Governor Aycock, published in another section of this paper, which is devoted to the apparent encroachment upon the safeguards established by the Constitution by legislative statutes, which have been upheld by the Supreme Court in a decision that seemingly overturns a long line of noble precedents. Anything that the ex-Governor is minded to say on public policy will, of course, find thoughtful reading in the State; we think that nothing that he could say could be more timely than the warning which he sets forth in his legal paper, prepared for the trial of a criminal case, and published by us because we consider that it touches upon a grave question in the newer phase of legislation and judicial construction.

At the time that the ex-Governor made the declaration regarding the Supreme Court (that he now repeats in cold blood in the printed brief), we criticized his expression as unseemly; and, while agreeing with him fully as to the danger of the statutes out of which State v. Lytle arose, held to the view that, in construing the popular will the Supreme Court was justified in giving the most elastic construction possible to the limitation defined by the Constitution. As to whether the construction given to these statues is, in fact, too broad, we are not lawyer enough to express an opinion contrary to that of the Supreme Court. With all respect to ex-Governor Aycock, we think that, apart from his duty to his clients, he is, or ought to be in the same predicament. But in respect to the statutes upon which the decision of the Supreme Court is based we do feel competent to judge, and to say that what was passed in the spirit of accommodating some enthusiast against some certain forms of evil is of far-reaching danger to the people of the State generally, because of the fact that a partial statute can never, under our forms of jurisprudence, be anything but impartial application.

The framers of the Constitution declared that, except in cases of petty misdemeanors, no man should be tried but by the law of the land, upon indictment by a grand jury. A succeeding section in the Constitution limited the jurisdiction of justices of the peace (the very courts declared for the trial of such petty misdemeanors to crimes wherein the punishment did not exceed a fine of fifty dollars, or imprisonment for thirty days. When, notwithstanding these provisions, the Supreme Court declares, by virtue of a statute declaring an act a misdemeanor, which, by the same statute is made punishable by imprisonment for two years, that that thing shall be a "misdemeanor" which to ordinary minds the Constitution expressly excepts from such designation—why, it is to bow to the Court, but to determine that, if protection against such things lies not with the Court, it is high time that the people protect themselves against their delegated law-makers. As Dean Sam Mordecai, of the Trinity Law School, once said of a noted Supreme Court decision, it requires a Chinese brain to understand it; we admit that the logic is there, but we think the time is ripe for the remedy of the premise upon which it is based.

The case, concretely stated, is this: The Legislature creates a police justice, or recorder, as the case may be. Technically, he has the jurisdiction of a magistrate, whose powers are limited by the Constitution. Practically, he has the jurisdiction of the Superior Court. Crimes that were once felonies are made by the stroke of a pen "misdemeanors," though punishable with the same severity as before. The prisoners before him are arraigned on warrant; they are tried without a jury; they are sentenced with anything but the formality and inquiry of innocence, characterizing the process in the constitutional Superior Courts. The whole matter smacks of a sort of municipal drum-head, with a judge and a jury in one person, who is only in exceptional cases a lawyer, and then, unexceptionally, not enough of a lawyer "to hurt." In addition, the warrant which takes the place of the constitutionally guaranteed indictment by grand jury does not even have to be verified by oath. It may be, and is, issued "on information and belief"—the easiest form of oppression and in justice ever devised, and the method opening most widely the door to official intimidation and corruption. Still, in addition, in some instances, the testimony upon which this combination, judge and jury, and presenting body, may convict does not even have to be evidence of facts within the knowledge of the witness. It may be merely "general reputation"—what the witness has gathered in general conversation to be the truth, rather than what he knows himself to be true. And, to press the matters to the bounds of credence in a free country, the Legislature has declared that such evidence as this—which is no evidence at all—shall be prima facie evidence of guilt!

We are aware of the answer that will be made to this position, that the statutes referred to were intended to give "speedy justice"; that they were aimed at disorderly women and corrupt violators of liquor laws, but the fact remains that "speedy justice" is apt to be injustice when it is achieved at the cost of safeguards won by years of struggle and revolution; and the further fact that it is not yet within the spirit of this country to pass an iniquitous law in the Jesuitical spirit of punishing one class of infamous offenders without at the same time putting in danger of their rights, and at the mercy of a too often conscienceless authority, the great majority of poor but worthy people, whose only hope is in the maintenance of the law which their forebears wrote for them in their own blood.

THE EAST AND GOOD ROADS.

The Manufacturers' Record road map of North Carolina, published this week, shows gratifying evidence of good roads progress in central North Carolina. West of Raleigh, past Greensboro, down to Mecklenburg, into Forsyth, we find plentiful evidence that these sections are awake to the fact that a net-work of country roads is essential to the realization of the ideal era when the whole country shall be connected with central points of commerce by feasible highways. We make note, however, that in this progress the West and the East are deficient. For ourselves of the East, we would say that our own negligence is the result of a make-shift policy, which has, at least, the excuse of "Let well enough alone" behind it. Our roads, for the most part, are old highways, used for generations. Their basis is sand; they drink up water; they are, practically in all seasons, the same as those that our fathers used. In the West on the other hand, in the mountains, the absence of the trail of good roads is doubtless due to the fact that the difficulties in making them have seemed insurmountable. Where the East absorbs a rain in a few hours, the West gets as a result a clinging, sticky surface that stops all traffic for days. What we make out with, the West has not yet conceived of having. We travel on the flats; they must fill in gorges, and cut down mountains. We mention this difference to show the greater shame of the Eastern flat counties lagging in progress with the Western mountain ones.

In the East we are interested in waterways. We should be no less interested in roadways. We are asking the support of the State in our own most important projects of adequate water facilities, of systematic drainage of swamp lands. We should give, as well as take. We should realize that mountain roads are as necessary incidents of mountain prosperity as inland waterways are to the fullest Eastern development. It is true that this section, also, is in need of intelligent and progressive good roads development; the fact that we are not so wholly dependent upon it as other sections ought to act as a stimulus, rather than as to a bar, to a determination to do our part well. We are of the opinion that the entire State should, in its own interest, lend State aid to the consummation of a future made possible by drainage; we are likewise of the opinion that the whole State should, in its own interest, lend its credit and capital to the development of a system of good roads that shall embrace the mountains and the sea, the northern and the southern boundaries of the Commonwealth.

How is this to be done? We are not speaking of vague principle. In fact, we are urging the extension of a principle that is already in operation in the State, and is already freed of legal objection. Have you ever thought of the rural library in connection with good roads? We think not, yet what has made the rural library can, and ought to, make possible a comprehensive system of pike and by-roads throughout the State—a net-work of highways that would make the most obscure community follow to the most extensive markets of the country. Under the plan of the rural library, the State sets aside an aid fund for library establishment. A school district subscribes a certain amount for a library. It then calls upon the State for a proportionate amount. The library itself is then installed under the direction of the educational department of the State. School districts that do not subscribe do not benefit. The very fact that, if they do not invest, they will not obtain, hits human nature on the raw. As a result, there is inspired an interest in literature in the country districts that is absolutely incalculable in result.

Now why—this principle having been established—is the time not ripe for similar policy with respect to roads? Why cannot the economy of the State government recognize the advisability of an issue of bonds, devoted to road making, to be deposited with the Treasurer, to be called for as the various counties subscribe to the undertaking in the proportions to be named? Is there doubt but that the result would be as gratifying in the realm of material progress as it has been, through the carrying out of a similar principle, in the domain of intellectual and esthetic culture?

We throw this out as a concrete suggestion into the midst of what has seemed to us to be a sort of general agreement without practical purpose to back it. It is easy to "declare for good roads". We doubt, however, whether many of those who so readily declare have either imagined a central scheme, or are ready, in their own case, to make the initial sacrifice incident to all real accomplishment. At Wilmington we are at the head, so to speak, of the transportation problem of the State. We desire to be the center of it—railroads, highways, waterways. Aside from the more or less local advantage of good roads for the eastern section, we ought to be interested in good roads for the far western, the middle, and all other sections of the State. At any rate, with us, who may depend satisfactorily upon the cheaper methods of sand and clay roads, it is a shame, that we wish soon to be rid of, to by our negligence find this section the one that, on a good roads map of the State, is practically intersected by no significant lines of progress.

"ME AND TILDEN."

There is flattery and compliment. Of the latter the most sincere we were ever fortunate to receive was when an earnest citizen puffed up the steps to shake hands with a pump-handle movement and exclaim, anent a certain production: "Young man, it was fine! Why, I couldn't have done it better myself."

We had noted Mr. Willie Randolph Hearst's reference to Tilden, and had been casting about for the inspiration of comment thereon. But we came across the New York World. We "couldn't have done it better," and in the interest of a wide circulation of a good thing, here it is complete:

"Nothing that ever happened in politics could have been more touching and pathetic than Mr. Heart's own story of his meeting with Samuel J. Tilden. Here it is, as told by the veracious Mr. Hearst himself and printed in the columns of Mr. Hearst's veracious newspaper:

"'Yes, I was born and raised a Democrat, and the first politics I remember was when I was a little boy and my father took me down to Gramercy Park to see Samuel J. Tilden.

"'That great man patted me on the head and told me to grow up and be a good man and a true Democrat, and that I have tried to do.'

"Samuel J. Tilden pats him on the head and tells him to be a true Democrat; so he takes a nomination for Congress from Richard Croker.

"Samuel J. Tilden pats him on the headand tells him to be a true Democrat; so he tries to buy the nomination for President and traffics with the Tammany boss for the New York delegation.

"Samuel J. Tilden pats him on the head and tells him to be a true Democrat; so he fixes up a fusion deal with Odell and the Republican machine.

"Samuel J. Tilden pats him on the head and tells him to be a true Democrat; so he makes Fingy Conners chairman of the Democratic State Committee, an office that Samuel J. Tilden himself once took in order to keep the party organization out of the hands of people like Conners.

"Samuel J. Tilden pats him on the head and tells him to be a true Democrat; so he makes a fusion agreement with Parsons and the Republican machine.

"Samuel J. Tilden pats him on the head and tells him to be true Democrat; so he finances a fake political party and nominates a fake Presidential ticket in the hope of hurting the Democratic candidate for President.

"Samuel J. Tilden pats him on the head and tells him to be a true Democrat; so he again nominates himself for mayor under the auspices of the Republican bosses.

"What an inspiration Samuel J. Tilden must have been to William Randolph Hurst!

"Yet, how infinitely more interesting it would be if Mr. Hearst, instead of telling what Samuel J. Tilden said to him, when he was a boy, would tell what he said to Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany boss, at that historic interview in the Manhattan Hotel, June 6, 1904, when the Hearst bank account was a candidate for the Democratic nomination for President."

Out of the vituperative muck of the New York campaign such a clean-cut gem of lucidity shines with transcendent brilliancy.

The woman who shot her husband through the bars of the prison cell in which he was confined, "because he refused to return to his family," was evidently flustered as to the proper persons to shoot at.

YANKEES AND THE DAISY.

Commenting upon a recent Star editorial calling attention to the legend that daisies were never seen in the State until after the passage of Sherman's army, the Norfolk Landmark says:

"This is interesting, but whose flower are we selecting—North Carolina's or Virginia's? If the daisy has been growing in Virginia fields from time out of mind, if it grew in Virginia in profusion before Sherman was ever heard of, then there would certainly be nothing improper in the Old Dominion's choosing it as a State flower. Technically, the daisy is a weed, we suppose So is the buttercup. Both weeds are very beautiful.

The British daisy, the flower that Chaucer and Burns and Wordsworth rhymed so fondly about, is not the American daisy, or whiteweed. It is a smaller flower, and grows closer to the soil. Its name, which we appropriated for our own larger and less dainty flower, means "day's eye." Old Chaucer wrote of it:

"That of all floures in the mede,
Than love I most these floures white and rede;
Such that men callen daisies in our toun.
That well by reason men it call may
The daisie, or else the eye of the day."

"In the belief that the daisy was a Virginia flower before the war times, and that there is no reason to charge any of the unpleasantness of the War upon the innocent little blossom, we stand our ground. We do not think that Virginia could go wrong by choosing the daisy, though she has other flowers to pick from if she prefers."

This, too, is interesting; but it will be noted that the Landmark is unable to say that the daisy's origin in Virginia ante-dated the invasion of the State by Northern armies. If it did, we have no interest in the flower that Virginia may select as her State emblem; if it did not, then we hold to our point that the blossom of a weed so imported would do violence to Virginia sentiment, were it selected as a symbol typical of the "Old Dominion."

Cannot the Landmark introduce some competent testimony as to the facts?

THE SOUTH AS A LENDER.

This from the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, of New York:

"The New York correspondents of Southern banks, according to statements made yesterday, during the past two weeks have received many requests from below Mason and Dixon's line for the purchase of commercial paper in appreciable quantities. One large bank here within a week has received more than a dozen such requests, some of them aggregating as much as $200,000.

"The bankers here point out that this is an unusual condition in the South. In other years at this season, when the cotton crop is moving, the banks of this section have been hard put to it to find enough money to supply the pressing needs of their customers. The high price of cotton prevailing and the prosperity in the iron and steel industry are the principal reasons for the strong financial situation in the South, according to findings of those who have investigated."

Note the double significance of this statement: Money is not merely being dispensed in the South in large quantity, in crop-harvesting time, but the South, in addition to taking care of its own crop, is buying paper of the North! This means that, after the immense requirements necessary for the marketing of cotton, the South, out of its surplus, is loaning money. That, in turn, means that the farmers are on a sound basis and are banking the proceeds of their cotton. That, again means that merchants are discounting their bills. It all means that farmers, merchants and banks are living and working together in a united and helpful spirit. All of which means "prosperity." With no "but" attached to it. It means, in short, the final establishment of the South as a creditor, instead of a debtor section; that where we formerly paid interest we now collect it, and that both the interest saved and the interest made are ready and waiting for use in a sane, solid and progressive business expansion.

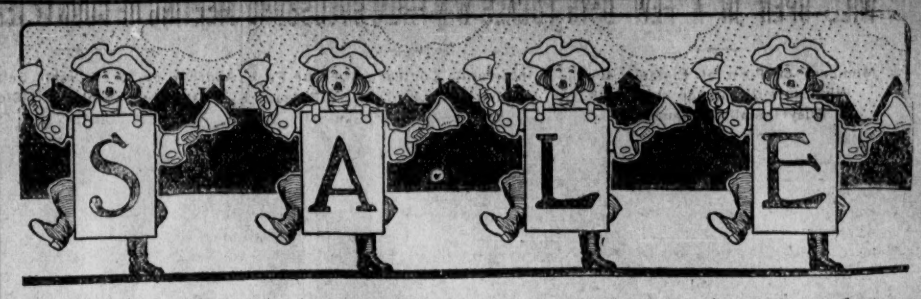
CLARENCE POE'S BOOK.

We are in receipt of a copy of the second edition of "A Southerner in Europe," by Clarence H. Poe, editor of the "Progressive Farmer." This little book, unpretentious in origin and simple in treatment, seems to have struck a responsive chord in the public heart, always responsive to purpose backed by sincerity. In its pages one finds the reflection of a mind stored with information of the New World, and particularly of the South, when confronted with old-world conditions and long-established methods. The result is fresh, enlightening and encouraging. We commend the book, not only as worth the money, but the time it will take to give it the appreciative reading it deserves.

"Patten is under cotton." We hereby place his name in nomination for President of the Southern Booster's League.

It remained for a Michigan man to be "mean enough to steel sheep," and then to have his family to go away with another woman on the proceeds.

"Cook, mistaken for burglar, is killed!" announces an exchange. Sit still one beating heart! We had almost hoped "burglar" might read "Peary."



The Great Autumn Sale!

Monday Morning at 9 O'Clock

No half hearted purpose actuates our efforts to make this a month of matchless values here. Study each item here quoted and you'll see savings are served to you that sensationally surpass any you previously shared in.

Visit this store often, as new and surprising bargains will be brought out each day.

10 yards good unbleached homespun for 29c
10c heavy Canton Flannel.....7 1-2c
10c heavy dark and light Outing, the yard..7 1-2c
50c 72x90 Sheets.....38c
$1.50 white Bed Spread.....98c
Boys' 10c Suspenders.....5c
Ladies' 25c fleeced Rib Vests 12 1-2c

One pound Note Paper.....5c
5c Pearl Buttons 2c
Ladies' 50c Hats.....25c
$1.50 34x68-inch. Smyrna Rugs, this sale.....98c
$1.00 Umbrellas 69c
New style Walking Hat, with Silk Band This sale 49c
One lot Men's Linen Collars, slightly soiled This sale at.....2 1-2c

No goods charged
No goods sent on approval.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Carpets and Matting laid free during this sale.

THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

In view of the increased tariff on real champagne, effective today, the remaining Taft reception committees may congratulate themselves that the Chief Executive has taken the pledge.

The Rev. Anderson, who in the North Carolina Synod made a fiery speech in condemnation of the Sunday newspaper, was possibly not aware of the fact that the chief work on the Sunday sheet is done during the week and on Saturday night. If the Doctor was just bound to take a fall out of the newspapers, he ought to have directed his fire at those wicked brothers who come out brazenly on Monday mornings.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Among other troubles, government meat inspectors are required to keep a sharp lookout for actinomycosis.—Asheville Gazette-News.

There is too much foodstuff of all kinds shipped into Buncombe county. Such things as tropical fruits, sea food, rare luxuries, cereals that will not grow in our soil, and the like ought to be the extent of food importation into Buncombe.—Asheville Gazette-News.

In all the denials of Mrs. Reed's statements we have not seen one of her allegation that Mr. Logan told her he thought she had contributed very liberally to the Republican campaign fund, but she had given her money to the wrong person. Coupling that remark with Congressman Grant's course in twitting her with not having come across sufficiently, what is one to suppose Mr. Logan meant.—Charlotte Observer.

Saunders, the man who was arrested on charge of the murder of Mayor Newberry, of Newport, seems to have established the fact that he was not in the vicinity of the murder and therefore, could not have committed it. Sentiment in the community, which was hot against him at the outset, seems to have swung around in his favor. If this fellow had been lynched a mistake might have been made for which the world would have been none the wiser.—Charlotte News.

The Wilmington (N. C.) Star says: "A Wake county jury is hopelessly hung over the question of the guilt or innocence of one Bertha Brown. And this, notwithstanding the fact that Editor Josephus Daniels had already passed on the facts and rendered a verdict of guilty." There is entirely too much of this conviction by editorial and personal opinions. If all questions appertaining to the enforcement of law are to be settled outside of the courts we might as well abolish the courts.—Chattanooga Times.

In the Autobiography of Henry M. Stanley, which has just been prepared by his wife, there are the following striking reflections on the reading of newspapers and the forming of hasty opinions: "That which has to be resisted in reading newspapers is the tendency to become too vehement about many things with which really I have no concern. I am excited to scorn and pity, enraged by narratives of petty events of no earthly concern to me, or any friend of mine. I am roused to indignation by ridiculous partizanship, by loose opinions hastily formed without knowledge of the facts. * * * A week of such reading makes me generally indulgent to moral lapses, inclines me to weak sentimentalism."—Columbia State.

There can be no doubt of the deep concern of the people of the State in the failure of the machinery of the law to secure justice. Nor can there be question of the widespread belief that the method of securing juries is fatally defective, and that miscarriages of justice must continue with deplorable frequency until there is radical change in that method. The interest, we say, is general. It is seldom any question is given the attention already manifest in the weakness of our jury system. Letters have come from the bench and from the bar, from ministers of the gospel, and officers directly confronted with the problem of securing competent juries, and the imperative need of change is emphasized by every one of them. Public discussion should continue. Changes are needed and they can be secured through the crystalization of public opinion, and no better service can be done the State.—Columbia State.

Senator Ben Tillman is a kicker by nature, and very often he kicks at the proper time and for sufficient reason. But when the Senator holds $10 so close to his eyes that he cannot see the decent and respectable thing to do in entertaining the President of the United States then his kicking is calculated to bring him and his State into deserved ridicule and contempt. guest of South Carolina, the State He says that the President being the should foot the bill. The State probably cannot do so legally, and the President probably is not the guest of the State, but only of the people of a certain community or so many as may be willing to incur the cost of his entertainment. Surely $10 is not a very large sum for a United States Senator to contribute on such an occasion, especially when he gets a good dinner and a fat salary of $7,500 a year to represent the people of South Carolina.—Petersburg Index-Appeal.

The A. DAVID COMPANY

THESE are great times we are living in; the mystery of aerial navigation seems to be just on the edge of being solved; a few years more and we'll be traveling through the air with as much unconcern and security as we now ride in a railroad train.

Progress seems to be the dominant idea of the times; new discoveries, new triumphs of science; new wonders all along the line. But when you come to clothes—and we all have to come to clothes, every day, and probably will for a good many years—when you come to clothes you'd better come here and get into a

Hart Schaffner & Marx

fine suit and overcoat, No matter what discoveries may be made in science, no matter how many men get to the North Pole or the South Pole, you'll never find better clothes than these.

We sell them; they're all-wool; they're perfectly tailored; they're the very latest discovery in correct style and they fit.

Suits made to order also, if you prefer.

You'll find all the newest ideas in our neckwear and furnishing departments.

This Store Is the Home of the Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Electroliers Chandeliers

Just Arrived

I have just received the largest line and greatest variety of fine Chandeliers, Electroliers, Gas and Electric Portables that was ever shown in Wilmington. I have both the goods and prices to suit anyone's pocket book. Special line of Art Glass Domes for dining room and library. A full and complete line of Electrical Supplies. No trouble to find what you want with prices to suit. Call early before they have been picked over. House wiring a specialty.

J. O. BROCK

Telephone No. 573 123 Market Street

WILL OPEN IN A FEW DAYS

Members of Firm of Einstein Bros., Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants, Busy Installing Mammoth Stock of Goods.

Members of the progressive firm of Einstein Bros., for years the leading wholesale dry goods house of Kinston, have arrived in the city to take up their permanent residence and for the past several days have been busy installing a mammoth stock of dry goods and notions in the large store building formerly occupied by I. M. Bear & Company, corner Front and Grace streets. The firm will be ready to open for business within the next few days.

The name of Einstein Bros. is synonymous with progress, and the firm is not unknown in Wilmington. For a long number of years they conducted most successfully a large wholesale business in Kinston and had dealings with many Wilmington merchants. The members of the firm, Messrs. Louis, Adolph, Edward, Arthur and Abe, are personally known to many in this city and a more clever and business-like set of young men never came here to open an extensive business such as this will be. The volume of business became so immense that it was necessary for the firm to move to a larger city where better facilities could be had for taking care of their patrons. Naturally enough Wilmington appealed to them as the logical place and members of the firm paid a visit to the city with a view of securing a suitable building. They experienced no trouble in finding a building especially adapted for their business. The handsome five-story structure, with basement, on corner of Front and Grace streets, having a floor space of about 36,000 square feet, located on one of the main business thoroughfares and close to the Clyde Line wharf and the railroad depot, meet every requirement of the firm. A long lease was secured and the members of the firm takes as much pride in the building as if it were owned by them. It is said to be the largest building in the South devoted exclusively to the sale of dry goods. When the complete stock arrives all of the space in the building will be utilized in properly displaying and storing the dry goods and notions.

On the first floor will be displayed a large line of staple dry goods, linings, etc., and on the second will be displayed the most complete line of white goods, laces, embroideries, notions and small wares in the South. Work and dress shirts, underwear and hosiery will occupy the whole of the third floor while on the fourth there will be a complete stock of overalls, gloves, knit goods, trousers, etc. The fifth floor will be used for surplus and duplicate stock and for the sample and job departments. Only a small portion of the stock has been received, but with the arrival of the New York steamer tomorrow the store will begin to look like business. All the goods handled by this firm are made especially for them by the manufacturers. The motto of the firm is and has always been: "We sell the right goods and we sell the goods right."

The firm will cover the entire Southern States from this city and will have a large army of traveling representatives and well as ample house force. Practically all employes of the firm in Kinston were retained and have moved to Wilmington, while a number of additional clerks have been secured. Mr. S. H. Burtt will be found at his accustomed place in the building as bookkeeper. Mr. E. T. Wade is also with the firm in his old capacity.

The removal of this firm to Wilmington means much for the material advancement of this city. The members of the firm are hustling business men and their influence in the community will be felt. To talk with them one would not judge that they were recent comers to this city, so enthusiastic are they over the great future of Wilmington. They consider this city one of unlimited possibilities and confidently believe that within a few years it will be one of the leading ports of the South. And Einstein Bros. will contribute their share to this growth.

Friends and customers of the firm are cordially invited to visit the store on the occasion of President Taft's visit one week from tomorrow and they are reminded that they will have a splendid point of vantage from the windows on either floor of the building. This is a courtesy that will be deeply appreciated and will be taken advantage of by hundreds.

BIG BILL AT THE PALACE.

Another New and Costly Programme at Crystal This Week.

The Crystal Palace offers another big and costly bill this week, and the management had its booking agency in Philadelphia to select the bill with especial reference to giving Palace-goers something entirely different from the bills of the past weeks. Judging by the list of popular artists for the present week, this has well been done. A great feature act will be presents an Oriental magic act that is both mystifying and startling and that is unlike any other act being given in this country. This act alone will be a star feature. However, there are a number of other good things, including the well known comedy sketch sented in "The White Yogi," who pre-team of Frances and Cross, who will be seen in their up-to-date act entitled "Who Is Boss?" The noted black face man, Ned Norton, and the clever singing and dancing comedienne, Genevieve Homers, are also on the bill.

As a special compliment to the ladies this week the management will give away a fine box of candy at each night performance. The candy will be given to some lucky lady at each evening performance, commencing with the first one tomorrow night.

The new bill will be opened at matinee tomorrow afternoon and will, no doubt, be greeted by a large audience directly on the start.

$10 military capes of fine cloth, neatly trimmed, latest style, a variety of colors, $7.50. $8.50 military capes for $5.98, at Rehder's Big Depatment Store. **

LOCALS WIN FROM GOLDSBORO

In Interesting Contest at League Park Visiting Football Team is Defeated 6 to 0—First Game of Season.

The Wilmington High School football team defeated the team from Gldsboro High School yesterday afternoon by the score of 6 to 0, the game having been played at League Park, and witnessed by only a small crowd. Both teams put up a very good game, but the locals were too quick for Goldsboro and worked the forward pass to good advantage.

This was the first game of football played in Wilmington this season and neither team had had any experience to speak of. The game was called at 3:30 and thirty-minute halves were played. During the first half Wilmington defended the eastern or northern goal and played at disadvantage by reason of the fact that to reach the goal for which they were striving meant wading through heavy sand for half the length of the field, whereas during the secnd half their efforts were directed for the goal located at the edge of the baseball diamond and they had a fine field for sprinting and by a beautiful forward pass made by Wilmington's quarter to Gregory Davis, the left end, a touchdown was scored. Davis secured the ball about the middle of the field and, although several of the Goldsboro players made determined efforts to stop him, he was too fast for them and dashed down the field and back of the goal posts. No sooner had he made the touchdown than he was surrounded by members of the team and enthusiastic schoolmates who were greatly elated over the feat.

In handling the ball Goldsboro played a better game than Wilmington, for the local team fumbled on numerous occasions and especially in receiving a kick. In other respects Wilmington played a better game. During the first half neither team scored and during the greater portion of the half the ball was in Wilmington's territory. The touchdown was made about the middle of the second half, and it was during this half that Wilmington got down to work.

The playing of Gregory Davis, left end for Wilmington, Stone Pulliam, right end, and Israel Noe, deserve special mention. Wilmington's quarterback, who made the forward pass which resulted in victory, also deserves praise for his work. The captain of the locals, William Lord, was not able to be in the game and the nervousness of the team during the first half was attributed largely to this fact.

Prof. Hathcock, of the Goldsboro High School, arrived with his team yesterday morning and returned last night.

The line-up of the teams was as follows:

Goldsboro.		Wilmington.
Gaston Dortch	c	R. Burnett
R. Denmark	lg	Wm. Wiley
B. Watkins	lt	Arthur Miller
D. Butler	rt	R. Kermon
B. Dewey	le	S. Pulliam
C. King	rhb	G. Wright
T. Rackley	fb	E. Hardin
C. Britt	lhb	I. Noe
T. Daniels	pb	E. Bell
L. Hummel	rg	H. Andrews

Subs—Emmet Daughtery, R. Outlaw for Goldsboro and Wm. King for Wilmington.

PROMINENT PYTHIAN DEAD.

Supreme Keeper of Records and Seal Dead at Lebanon, Tenn.

A private telegram yesterday morning brought to Capt. T. D. Meares, supreme master of exchequer, in this city, the distressing news of the death of his personal friend and co-laborer in the Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias, Dr. Robert Loney Caruthers White, supreme keeper of records and seal for the order in the United States, which occurred yesterday at his home in Lebanon, Tenn., after a brief illness. Capt. Meares left immediately on the afternoon train to attend the funeral, which, it is expected, will be attended by prominent Pythians from all parts of the country.

Dr. White, both in a personal way and officially, had visited Wilmington several times as a guest of Capt. Meares and the news of his death yesterday was received with much sorrow by many Wilmington people. Dr. White was the eighth grand chancellor of the Tennessee Lodge 1879-1880. He was a journalist and was born in Lebanon June 11th, 1844. He was educated for the medical profession but for many years had devoted himself to journalism. He joined the subordinate lodge of the order in his home town July 15th, 1875, and had many times been honored by the order in his State and in the Nation. He was elected Grand Keeper of Records and Seal of Tennessee in 1882, and was continuously re-elected until 1895 when he declined. He was Supreme Representative from his State 1880-1886 and on July 14th, 1887, Robert E. Cowan, then Supreme Keeper of Records and Seal died, whereupon Supreme Chancellor Douglass at the personal request of Walter B. Richie, supreme representative of Ohio, appointed Dr. White to the vacancy, he having been re-elected each biennial session since that time. Capt. Meares before leaving yesterday, spoke of his deceased friend with the greatest tenderness and paid him high tribute as a man and officer of the K. of P. The funeral will take place this afternoon or tomorrow.

Its a Top Notch Doer.

Great deeds compel regard. The world crowns its doers. That's why the American people have crowned Dr. King's New Discovery the King of Throat and Lung remedies. Every atom is a health force. It kills germs, and colds and la frippe vanish. It heals cough racked membrances and coughing stops. Sore, inflamed bronchial tubes and lungs are cured and hemorrhages cease. Dr. Geo. More, Black Jack, N. C., writes "it cured me of lung trouble, pronounced hopeless by all doctors." 50c, $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy.

Four more days of the Great Autumn Sale at Rehder's. New bargains added each day. **

MEETING OF COUNTY TEACHERS

Address by Dr. Russell Bellamy the Feature—Schools Will Close on Day of Taft's Visit—Regular Course.

With every rural school teacher in the county in attendance, the regular monthly meeting of the New Hanover County White Teachers' Association was held at the Court House yesterday morning with the president, Supt. Catlett, presiding. The meeting opened at 10 o'clock and it was after 12 o'clock when adjournment was taken.

The feature of the meeting was an address by Dr. Russell Bellamy, who spoke on the vital subject of school hygiene upon the invitation of Prof. Catlett. It was an able and interesting address delivered in the doctor's characteristically pleasing style. He emphasized the importance of having the school room well and properly ventilated and explained how it should be done. He considered it important that the children should go out and play at recess and noon as their mental faculties would be in better condition for study when they returned to the school room. He spoke for about 30 minutes and was given the closest attention by the teachers.

Several teachers reported that they had organized branches of the Woman's Betterment Association in accordance with the wishes of Prof. Catlett as expressed at the last meeting and others stated that they would organize during the next few weeks.

Prof. Catlett announced that by consent of the Board of Education the public schools of the county could close Tuesday, November 9th, in order to give the teachers and pupils the opportunity of seeing and hearing President Taft. This information was received with much interest by the teachers. The rural school children will be here in great numbers.

The regular lesson for the month was then taken up by the association. As previously stated the teachers are studying Hamilton's "The Recitation" as arranged for by the State Superintendent. Yesterday the lesson was "General View of the Recitation" and for the next meeting the lesson is "Purpose of the Recitation." A four years' course has been mapped out and leads to a diploma for those who complete it. Prof. Catlett acts as the teacher and explains the lesson and propounds questions to the teachers. The promptness with which the teachere answered the questions yesterday showed beyond a chance to cavil that they are taking a deep interest in the course. The next meeting will be held the fourth Saturday in November.

SOME CHURCH HISTORY.

Facts Brought Out in Recent Sermon by Rev. E. R. Bennett.

Just before his recent departure for Jacksonville, Fla., where he becomes an archdeacon in the Diocese of Florida, Rev. E. Robert Bennett, of St. Mark's P. E. Church, colored, called attention to some of the history of the church from which the following is gleaned:

June, 1858, St. Paul's parish was organized with a mixed congregation of colored and white people. In 1866 mission services were established for colored people with 39 communicants. In 1869 Rev. Charles O. Brady, colored, as deacon, was placed in charge of the work. The name of the mission was changed to St. Mark's in 1872. Its first vestry was elected and the parish organized April 1st, 1872. St. Mark's parish entered into union with the Diocese of North Carolina at the convention held in St. John's church Fayetteville, in 1872. Various ministers served during the lapse of time between 1872 and 1897, whose work the community knows of. In July, 1897, Rev. E. R. Bennett accepted the invitation of the vestry to spend two weeks of his vacation in the parish at their expense. These two weeks were stretched by mutual agreement into a month, with reluctance on both sides, Rev. Bennett leaving to accept duties in Baltimore. He was soon, however, called to the rectorship of St. Mark's which he accepted and entered the first Sunday in Oct., 1897. The parish was at that time over $300 in debt. This debt was paid and following improvements accomplished: Interior of church adjusted to conform to right ecclesiastical usages; church ceiled; windows repaired and new ones plaed; chancel and pews renovated and varnished three times; walls renovated three times and tastily painted a fourth time; vestments altar ornaments, candelabra, processional cross, hangings, altar cloths, dossals, book marks and pulpit falls all secured in proper colors of church's seasons; old furnace repaired several times and finally replaced by new one and rearrangement of cellar made with necessary excavations; right hand organ chamber and transcept added to church building; pipe organ purchased and installed; exterior and interior painted and renovated; St. Barnabas Board and property properly unified and placed in hands of parish and vestry; school placed on church lot, desks and proper furnishings procured, the school made in reality a parish school; two new carpets purchased and placed in church, chancel and aisles; electric and gas fixtures intsalled; woman's auxiliary accumulated bank account and Sunday School also; pulpit installed in memory of Rev. C. O. Brady. Rev. Bennett's financial report shows total of $18,046.39 raised during his service here. The statistics of spiritual work show 166 baptisms, 14 confirmation classes, 172 persons confirmed, 30 received, 38 marriages, 100 burials. At present the whole number baptized is 390, 265 confirmed and 259 communicants. The total number of services conducted during the 12 1-2 years was 2,934, celebrations of holy communion 875, lectures and addresses 1,060, sermons 1,272.

Monday and Tuesday.

Deposits made with the People's Savings Bank will bear interest from November 1st. Deposit with this bank, your money will be safe and you can get it at any time without notice. 2t.

To be well dressed wear a Kirschbaum hand-made suit. All the latest styles at Rehder's. **

MACHINERY AND WATERTOWER

Bids Will Be Opened by Water and Sewerage Commission Tomorrow at Noon—General Outline of Equipment Needed.

Bids for manufacturing, delivering and erecting all machinery and a steel wate rtower needed in the reconstruction of the waterwarks plant will be opened at the office of the Water and Sewerage Commission in the City Hall building at 12 o'clock tomorrow. It is expected that there will be a large number of bids and already three representatives of out-of-town manufacturing concerns have arrived.

The contracts for furnishing the materials and labor for the reconstruction of the pipe system of the plant were awarded last Saturday night, the contracts aggregating approximately $115,000. The materials for this work will begin to arrive in a short time now, the contractors having already taken up the matter of rates, etc., with the railroads. The contracts to be awarded for machinery and a water-tower will also aggregate several thousand dollars.

Bids will be received and opened tomorrow for the following: Furnishing, delivering and eercting one high-duty pumping engine, guaranteo to deliver at least 4,000,000 United States gallons of water per 24 hours, and complete with condenser, air pump and appurtenances; alternate, a 3,000,000 gallon pump. Furnishing, delivering and erecting a battery of two and a single boiler of 150 nominal H. P. each, and of the water tube type, and complete in all details. Furnishing, delivering and erecting two boiler feed pumps; furnishing, delivering and erecting one feed water heater, open type; alternate, one of the closed type. Furnishing, delivering and erecting one 16-H. P. vertical, single cylinder steam engine, directly connected to one D. C. electric light generator of at least 10 K. W. Furnishing, delivering and erecting one 115 foot structural steel water power, supporting covered, cylindrical bottomed steel tank, with capacity of 146,000 gallons of water. Also disconnecting, taking down and removing old 20x90 feet stand pipe. In regard to the payments, one-third of the contract price will be due and payable upon the delivery of the boilers, machinery, or stand pipe material at Wilmington; one-third upon erection on foundation and after its superficial inspection; the remainder, after final test, to be conducted not later than 30 days after notification of completion.

Bids are asked for on two different sizes of pumping engines and the comparative cost will probably figure in determining whether the one of 4,000,000 or 3,000,000 capacity will be selected. It is stated that less than 1,000,000 gallons are now consumed in 24 hours and there are those who think that it would be the part of economy to purchase a pumping engine of not more than 3,000,000 gallon capacity.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, church edifice Market and 17th streets Services at 11 A. M. and 8:15 P. M. Subject of lesson sermon, "Everlasting Punishment." All are invited.

Second Advent Christian Church, Sixth street, between Church and Castle, Rev. Joseph P. King, pastor. Services today, in the morning from 11 A. M. to 12 noon, at night, 7:30 to 8:45 P. M. Sabath school at 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30 P. M.

St. Thomas' Church: First mass 7 A. M. Last mass, sermon, 10:30 A. M. Vespers 7:45 P. M.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, North Fourth street. Rev. Geo. S. Bearden, pastor: Sunday School 10 A. M., W. W. Koch, supt. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M., by the pastor. The morning sermon will be on "The Reformation of the 16th Century." Prayer meeting on Wednesday 8 P. M. as usual. Everybody is invited to attend all the services.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, pastor. Reformation Festival. English service 11 A. M., theme, "A Mighty Fortress is Our God." English vesper service 7:30 P. M., theme, "Contending for the Faith." Sunday School with a children's Reformation Day programme, 3:30 P. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

Grace Methodist church: Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. by the pastor, Rev. T. A. Smoot. Sunday School 3:30 P. M. Public cordially invited. Visitors and strangers welcomed.

Services at Bladen Street Methodist church: Preaching each Sunday 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Sunday School at 3:30 P. M. Rev. W. E. Hocutt, pastor.

St. James' Church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 A. M.; evening prayer and sermon at 5 P. M. Monday, All Saints' Day. Morning prayer and Holy Communion at 11 A. M. A cordial welcome to all and especially to visitors and strangers.

First Baptist Church, Fifth and Market streets, Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor. Preaching 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday 8 P. M. B. Y. P. U. Friday 8 P. M.

Salvation Army Hall, 27 North Front street, over the offices of The Tidewater Power Co.: Sunday School at 11 A. M.; Salvation service at 8 Sunday School 3:30 P. M. Prayer P. M., when Mrs. Ensign Williams will give a Bible talk. Public meeting every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evening at 8 P. M. The public is cordially invited to attend all these meetings. Ensign and Mrs. Williams officers in charge.

St. John's Church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector. Holy Communion 7:30 A. M. Service and sermon 11 A. M. Sunday School 4 P. M. Evening Prayer 5 P. M. Service on Monday, All Saints' Day, 10:30 A. M. All are cordially invited.

Dr. Milton at Good Shepherd—Rev. W. H. Milton, D. D., rector of St. James, will preach at the Church of the Good Shepherd Sunday night at 7:30. Dr. Milton is a strong preacher and the public is cordially invited to hear him. The morning service will be at 11 o'clock as usual, the rector, preaching. A special service will be held on All Saints' Day, Nov. 1st, at 7:15 A. M.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev. A. W. Seabrease, rector; The rector having returned to the city the regular order of Winter services will be resumed today: Morning 11 A. M. Sunday School 3:30 P. M. Evening 5 P. M. Monday the Feast of All Saints, services at 11 A. M.

Rev. S. R. Bullock, D. D., of Charleston, W. Va., arrived last night and will fill the rostrum of Ebenezer Baptist Church, colored, today 11 A. M., 3 and 8 P. M. Dr. Bullock comes highly recommended by both white and colored. He is pastor of the largest Baptist Church in Charleston, having 1,100 members. The public is cordially invited to hear him

Rev. C. C. Jones, at Christian Church—In the absence of Judge Erwin, wh is hlding a series f meetings at Newbern, the pulpit will be filled by Rev. C. C. Jones. Mr. Jones is a pleasing speaker and it is hoped that the membership will be well represented. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

STEAMERS GOING FOREIGN.

Cotton for Bremen and Gum Logs for Glasgow—Arrivals.

Two steamers with cargoes for foreign export cleared yesterday and will sail today, the British steamer Silvia, Capt. Ferguson, with cargo of 6,430 gum logs and 50,000 feet of lumber, valued at $15,000, to Glasgow; cargo by the Acme Tea Chest Company and vessel by Heide & Co., and the British steamer Drumgeith, Capt. Fairweather, with 13,247 bales of cotton, valued at $932,000, for Bremen, vessel and cargo being by Alexander Sprunt & Son.

The schooners Victor C. Records, Capt. Moore, and Geo. F. Phillips, Capt. Gaskins, arrived yesterday from New York with cargoes of cement to the Seaboard; vessels to C. D. Maffitt.

SEABOARD WAREHOUSES.

Foundation for Second One Will be Finished This Week.

The finishing touches on the first Seaboard warehouse was completed last wek and by the last of this week the foundation on the second big storage will be in readiness to begin on other work toward building the big structure. As yet there is no intimation of a third storage, although there is space for a structure similar to the present ones.

These big storages will place Wilmington in the front rank for terminal facilities and already several schooners with cement, fertilizer and salt have been discharged in the first warehouse for interior shipment.

Lieut. Spear With Seminole.

Second Lieutenant of Engineers H. W. Spear, who was temporarily relieved from duty when the Seminole went North last Summer, has returned and reported for duty yesterday. He has been serving on court duty in New York. During his absence a second lieutenant of engineers from the derelict destroyer Seneca served in his stead.

Monday and Tuesday.

Deposits made with the People's Savings Bank will bear interest from November 1st. Deposit with this bank, your money will be safe and you can get it at any time without notice. 2t.

BUFFALO BILL AND PAWNEE BILL

With New Recruits, West to East, Pole to Pole.

Col. Cody, "Buffalo Bill," has spent years in touring the continents of America and Europe with success. When one is an accepted prophet in his own country, and when the nations beyond the seas find instruction and delight in the same exhibition theer must be something exceptionally meritorious in its composition and its features. This is explained by the fact that the exhibition of life in the old, now past, Far West is real, actual and true. Realism here found its highest type in reflection through the simple and faithful methods that Col. Cody conceived and executed—genuineness of people—no tinsel—no claptrap.

While bringing this year his Wild West with several new numbers he has added a fresh interest by forming what is really an epitome of the races of the world.

Thousands have seen the Wild West and the Great Far East separately, but now one can renew acquaintance with those wonderful exhibitions of the human race from throughout the universe together. Col. W. F. Cody and Major Gordon Lillie have combined their forces in order to give the untraveled a comprehensive understanding and knowledge of the many aspects of the human race as it exists in the East, West, South and North, for they have collected a great assemblage of types from all quarters.

Indian pibald ponies, bucking bronchos, cayuses of the plains, camels, musically educated elephants, and other animals including wild buffalos are shown in the arena, while the feats of the horsemen and the footmen are of the marvelous character.

For diversity and kaleidescopic variety in color and in costume for complexity and contrast in human characteristics, the combined Wild West and Far East stands without a peer or competitor, because it is unique unapproachable. Without the tinsel and glare of the artificial this exhibition gives an entertainment possessing value and instructive quality through its simplicity and reality. There is no attempt to imitate or deceive, for every man, woman and child that marches or rides into the arena is a genuine specimen of their race or class.

At 11 A. M. and at 6:45 P. M. tomorrow a free exhibition will be given to the general public by Frenzieo, the Mohammed dervish, who dives through the air from a high mast to an inclined platform without any mechanical device or apparatus whatever.

The show will give two performances here tomorrow, at 2 and 8 P. M. The tents will be pitched at the corner of 17th and Castle streets. There will be no street parade. Reserve seat tickets are on sale at Kingsbury's Pharmacy.

Monday and Tuesday.

Deposits made with the People's Savings Bank will bear interest from November 1st. Deposit with this bank, your money will be safe and you can get it at any time without notice. 2t.

1 1-3 Per Cent. Interest

will be paid March 1st on all deposits made with us on or before Tuesday, November 2nd. The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co. **

For flags, red, white and blue bunting and paper festooning for decorations for Taft Day go to Rehder's. **

STAGE CREW RESIGNS.

Follow Lead of Their Manager, Mr. James D. Mote—At Theatre.

Following the lead of their manager, Mr. James D. Mote, who has filled the position with signal succes for the past nine years the six or eight members of the stage crew at the Academy of Music yesterday tendered their resignations, effective at once. It is understood that Mr. Marx S. Nathan, an experienced theatrical man, and now one of the house managers here, will personally direct the stage crew in the future. Manager Mote's crew was one of the best Wilmington has ever known and their feats have frequently brought forth praise from the press and public. It is hoped by theatregoers that the new crew can maintain the high standard of the service heretofore.

WAIVED EXAMINATION.

Negro Bound Over to Higher Court on a Serious Charge.

Allen Sidbury, colored, was arraigned for trial in Justice George Harriss' court yesterday afternoon on the charge of attempted criminal assault upon Agnes Gore, nine-year-old daughter of Georgianna Floyd, colored, in this city on the 7th of last June. The negro waived examination and was bound over to the next term of Superior Court without bail. Sidbury denies the charge. He has not employed counsel yet, but is making arrangements to do so. The testimony of the girl, her mother and grandmother will be decidedly against the defendant. The girl, it is alleged, was so badly injured that she had to be sent to the hospital.

NEW WORLD'S RECORD.

Mr. W. D. McMillan, Wilmington, N. C.

Dear Sir: You will be glad to know that an E-M-F Touring Car, broke the world's half-mile track record today at Rome, Ga., defeated a Buick, Overland, Hudson and a White gasoline car, time being 6:57 2-5 for 5 1-4 miles.

This is only one of the hundred indications you have had of the E-M-F's speed as well as its stability, and if there is anything on the road for less than $2,000 that will compare with it for power, speed or quality, we have as yet not run across it.

Yours very truly,
STUDEBAKER BROS. CO., of N. Y.

Signs of Kidney Complaint.

The warning signs of Kidney complaint are: backache, dry parched skin, scanty thick urine very disagreeable odor, brickdust deposit, tender spots in back, loss of weight and strength, rheumatism, stiff joints, swelling of ankles and feet. One or more of these symptoms indicate Kidney weakness, and while in this condition Bright's Disease may set in. Bright's Disease is Consumption of the Kidneys. The prompt use of Rydale's Kidney Remedy will prevent this fatal disease securing a foot-hold. Rydale's Kidney Remedy was invented by a physician and is the most successful treatment for the Kidneys and Bladder ever discovered. Sold on a guarantee by R. R. Bellamy.

1 1-3 Per Cent. Interest

will be paid March 1st on all deposits made with us on or before Tuesday, November 2nd. The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co. **

White beaver hats, latest styles, at Rehder's. **

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.
THE STORE THAT'S ALWAYS BUSY.

Bargains in Millinery

We have purchased two sample lines of Fancy Feathers, Wings, Birds, Ostrich Feathers, Ornaments, Buckles, Braids and Pins which we will place on sale during this week for about one-half their regular value.

Sample line of ladies' and children's Hats are also displayed at prices that will average one-third to one-half off their value. A rare chance to buy your new Fall hat at a greatly reduced price.

Carpet Specials This Week

We have a lot of short lengths of carpets suitable for rooms or halls, in 10 to 25 yard lengths, which we offer at 50c, 75c, $1 and $1.10 per yard; worth from 75c to $1.65 per yard.

Our carpet department is the largest in the State. We are prepared to furnish you with any amount, does not matter how small or large the order may be. We quote prices on our carpets and matting laid on your floor. None but best workmen employed. Come, see our immense stock.

The C. W. POLVOGT CO.

IN SOCIETY

Mrs. R. C. McNeill, of Linden, N. C., is visiting her uncle, Mr. B. G. Worth, 206 North Second street.

* * *

Rev. A. W. Seabrease ,rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, and family, have returned home after an absence of several weeks on a most pleasant vacation . Regular services will be held at St. Paul's today.

* * *

A very important meeting of the Hospital Circle of the King's Daughters will be held at the residence of the president, Mrs. Latimer, on South Third street, Tuesday evening, November 2nd, at 12 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

* * *

Mr. H. A. Connally, of New York, has arrived in the city and taken the position in the United States Engineering Department, recently vacated by Mr. G. C. Scherer. Mr. Connally has been cordially welcomed to the city.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Barentine have returned from a pleasant visit of two weeks to Boston and other places North. While away Mr. Barentine combined business with pleasure and purchased stock for the wholesale department of his firm, Messrs. Chesnut & Barentine, on Front street.

* * *

A delightful and thoroughly enjoyable Hallowe'en dance was given at Kneisel's Academy of Dancing in the Masonic Temple last night. It was largely attended by the young people of the city. Special music was rendered and favors were given. The next big dance will be given Tuesday evening and will be a masquerade.

* * *

The annual meeting of the Cape Fear Golf Club will be held Tuesday night at 8:15 o'clock at the club building at the links. The meeting was originally scheduled for Monday night, but was changed to Tuesday night. This will be the first meeting held at the building at the links. The meeting will be an interesting and important one and each member is urged to be present.

* * *

Local No. 25, Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, last night entertained Mr. J. F. Riley, third vice president of the order in the United States, at an elegant oyster roast at the Lighthouse, on Wrightsville Sound. The party went down on a special car of the Tidewater Power Company, and partook of a sumptuous repast ,with all necessary condiments etc. The affair was delightfully informal in its nature, though several toasts were responded to both by the distinguished guests and members of the Wilmington local.

* * *

Friday's Washington, D. C., Evening Star: "Mr. and Mrs. William D. Croom, of Burgaw, N. C., in returning from their northern bridal tour have been visiting and sightseeing in Washington. After a tour of the Capitol and White House yesterday they were entertained at dinner by Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Pryor at their residence 507 Judiciary square, and in the vening accompanied their hostess to the theatre. Mr. Croom is a well known business man in his town and is president of its bank. On the 21st instant he married Miss Mary Moore, a niece of Dr. and Mrs. Walter C. Murphy of this city, with whom the couple have made their home while here."

* * *

The many Wilmington friends of Mr. Benjamin Bell, Jr., will be interested to know that he has accepted the position as assistant news editor of the Richmond Times-Dispatch, one of the South's foremost newspapers, and that he will leave on Wednesday for his new post of duty. Mr. Bell is a graduate of the University of North Carolina, has a proper conception of the value of news and the ability to present it in attractive style. He will make "more than good" on the Richmond paper and the only regret at his going is that the field of endeavor is away from Wilmington. However, he is expected back in Wilmington on frequent visits to the "home folks" by whom he will always be held in tenderest regard.

* * *

PENNINGTON-MORRISON NUPTIALS AT McCOLL, S. C.

McColl, S. C., Oct. 29.—Not since the birth of this pretty Southern town, 25 years ago, has there been such a sumptuous affair as the marriage of Mr. George Pennington, of Tarboro, N. C., to Miss Pearl Morrison, of McColl, S. C. The parties are connected with some of the leading families of the Carolinas. Mr. Pennington is in the insurance business, and is a prominent member of the social set of his State. Miss Morrison is a handsome brunette of charming personality; and is the daughter of Mr. A. W. Morrison, a very wealthy merchant of McColl. Years ago Mr. Morrison made a fortune in the turpentine business "down in Georgia," which he invested at McColl, the city of opportunities. Miss Morrison has hosts of friends in the Carolinas and hundreds of invitations were issued. The wonderful trosseau, including the magnificent wedding gown of shimmering satin, with hand embroidered front panel and trimmings of real lace and pearls, the creation of Douglas, the famous man dressmaker of Columbia, S. C., the various charming receptions given the bride-to-be, the great number of costly gifts received, the chaste and beautiful church decorations—all these have been more than a "nine days' wonder." The ceremony was one of impressive beauty and dignity and was performed by Rev. Geo. C. Leonard, at the Methdist Episcopal Church.

It was a chrysanthemum wedding and the color scheme—white and yellow, was most elaborately carried out in the church decorations, many lighted tapers lending additional beauty. Miss Lida Law, of the Presbyterian Conservatory of Music, of Red Springs, N. C., and Mrs. H. L. Bomar, of Spartanburg Conservatory of Music, Spartanburg, S. C., furnished exquisite music from organ and violin. "Traumore" was softly played during the ceremony. Promptly at 6 P. M. Wednesday, 27th, the strains of Lohengrin announced the arrival of the wedding party and the picturesque procession entered the church in the following order. Two little flower girls, Mollie Williams and Mary Gilchrist Tatum, stretched the ribbons and opened the gates. Then the four ushers, Messrs. Frank Tatum, David Easterling, Frank Moore and James Gibson. These were followed by the eight bridesmaids, in lovely costumes of white messaline with silver trimmings. Two by two they passed in the following order down the center aisle of the church, crossing in front of the chancel, and passing within the chancel railing, four on either side of the pastor. Misses Margaret and Leila Barnes, Misses Nan Fletcher and Bess Gibson, Misses Emma Belle McRae and Bessie McNair, Misses Susie Sharp and Margaret Penning ton. In the meantime the eight groomsmen, Messrs. Allen McMillan, Rob Currie, Mr. Cordan, James Simmons, Herbert Dunn, Lacy Williams, Charles Cagle and Mr. Schoolfield had passed from the outer aisles and stood outside the chancel. As these waited the bridal party proper arrived. Miss Clarkie Belle McNair, richly attired in white messaline, with silver trimmings, appeared on the arm of Mr. Willie Pennington. The came the dame of honor, Mrs. Gilchrist Tatum, resplendent in yellow satin gown. The maids of honor, the girlhood chums of the bride, Misses Julia Tatum and Atlanta Gibson, elegantly gowned in yellow messaline with gilt trimmings. Two flower girls, little Misses Harriet McLaurin and Valeria Liles, scattered flowers in front of the bride. Miss Morrison, lovely in her wonderful gown, its shimmering folds glistening through the beautiful veil that completely enveloped her stately form, came in on the arm of her father, Mr. A. W. Morrison. As she stood under the huge white wedding bell, she was met by the groom, Mr. Geo. Pennington, who with his best man, Mr. Joe Pennington, had entered from the rear of the church, being preceded by Master Jack Gibson, the ring bearer. The marriage service was beautiful in its simplicity and solemnity. An elegant supper was given the wedding party at the home of the bride's father. The bride's going away gown was of green and the young people left for an extended tour through the North.

FIGHT AT GREENVILLE.

Free-for-All Difficulty Near Station Yesterday Afternoon.

A free-for-all fight is reported from near Greenville Station late yesterday afternoon, and as the result Messrs. George Rogers and Ramsey Carter have been arrested on the charge of assault and battery upon Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Fales. The arrest was made about 9 o'clock last night by Deputy Sheriff J. M. Branch on warrants sworn out by Mr. and Mrs. Fales before Justice Bornemann. The defendants gave bond for appearance at trial Monday afternoon.

From what the officer could learn the trouble appears to have started over a gun which it is said Rogers loaned to Fales. Rogers had sent for the firearm and Fales had not turned it over, it is stated. Rogers and Carter met Fales and his wife near the trestle over the creek late in the afternoon and the difficulty ensued. Mr. and Mrs. Fales came on to the city and had warrants issued for Rogers and Carter, charging them with assault and battery in two separate cases. The complainants claim to have been seriously injured.

HAD NARROW ESCAPE.

Ed. Herring Came Near Being Drowned in Cape Fear River.

Ed Herring, a well known white man, had a narrow escape from drowning in the river, off Wright street dock, about 9 o'clock last night when the boat in which he was crossing the stream capsized. Mr. Herring used his lungs to good advantage, several persons in the vicinity hearing his cries for help. Mr. James M. Bordeaux was at Wright street dock looking after his launch when his attention was attracted by the calls for help. He hurriedly untied his boat and went to the rescue as did several others. Mr. Bordeaux was first to reach Mr. Herring and raised the half conscious man into his boat and carried him ashore, where he was resuscitated. The man was in a pretty bad shape and it required several hours to bring him around all right.

As to Non-Payment of License.

Messrs. Ed. Parker, Dave Joyner and J. W. S. Harvey, who were recently arrested on the charge of conducting a paint business without license, wish the statement made that they were never notified of any painters' tax and did not know that any tax was due until the warrant was served on them. Had they known the tax was due, they would have gladly remitted to the City Treasurer. Their cases were called and dismissed by the Recorder and they say they wish the "kind gentleman" who swore out the warrants much success and a long and happy life.

DIED.

WATSON.—October 30th, at 7:45 A. M., MARY CATHERINE, daughter of the late Frederick J. Lord, and widow of the late Rt. Rev. Alfred A. Watson, D. D.

Funeral Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock from St. James' Church. Friends and acquaintances invited.

Monday and Tuesday.

Deposits made with the People's Savings Bank will bear interest from November 1st. Deposit with this bank, your money will be safe and you can get it at any time without notice. 2t.

Don't Forget

To add something to your savings account tomorrow or Tuesday. Such deposits will draw interest from November 1st, at the Wilmington Savings & Trust Co. **

Mr. F. G. Fritz, Oneonta, N. Y., writes: "My little girl was greatly benefitted by taking Foley's Orino Laaxtive, and I think it is the best remedy for constipation and liver trouble." Foley's Orino Laxative is mild, pleasant and effective, and cures habitual constipation. Robt. R. Bellamy.

THE OFFICIAL PROGRAMME

Decided Upon at Meeting of Central Executive Committee Last Night. Full Day of it for the Chief Executive.

At a well attended and enthusiastic meeting of the Central Committee of the Taft Day Celebration last night in the directors' room of the Murchison National Bank, Chairman H. C. McQueen presiding, the programme for the entertainment of President Taft and other distinguished visitors upon the occasion of their visit here November 9th, was finally agreed upon and much attention was given to the details of the various functions which will be complete in every respect before the end of the week.

The programme contemplates the trip down the river on the revenue cutter Seminole, the sojourn of the President and party here having been extended in order that Mr. Taft, upon his own request, might have opportunity of inspecting the magnificent fortifications at Caswell made during his incumbency as Secretary of War and for the purpose of acquainting himself fully with the needs of the port. The pragramme as announced is as follows:

8:15—Executive Committee will call for President at his car.

8:30—Breakfast at Mr. James Sprunt's for President's party and Executive Committee with Governor Kitchin and Mayor MacRae. Returning from breakfast the President will view the United States flag of school children at Third and Market streets.

9:15—Board revenue cutter Seminole for trip down the Cape Fear river. The number on this trip is positively limited by the Treasury Department to 100 persons, including the President's party of twenty. This leaves only eighty persons and these will consist of Governor Kitchin and Staff, Senators, Congressmen and Judges and chairmen of the various committees which have had charge of the entertainment, and representatives of city government.

1:00 P. M.—Lunch on the Seminole.

2:00—Land at dock in Wilmington.

2:30—Parade with military ending at City Hall. President and party in carriages.

3:30—President introduced by Governor Kitchin and President's address.

4:30—Take automobiles for ride to St. Stephen's Church.

4:45—Address to negroes at St. Stephen's Church.

5:00—Continue automobile ride around the city to East Wilmington and over other good roads.

5:30—Reception to public by card in Commandery Room at Masonic Temple.

6:15—Supper for President's party in Ball Room at Masonic Temple.

7:00—Arrive at depot.

MRS. A. A. WATSON DEAD.

Passed Away at Home of Her Sister Yesterday Morning.

Many friends in this city and throughout the eastern section of the State learned with deep regret of the death of Mrs. Mary Catherine Watson, widow of the late Rt. Rev. Alfred A. Watson, D. D., which occurred at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. C. Munds, at 209 Ann street, at 7:45 o'clock yesterday morning. Mrs. Watson had been in failing health for some time. She had made her home in Charlotte with her sister, Mrs. J. S. Watters, since the death of Bishop Watson, and came to Wimington about three weeks ago. She grew worse soon after arriving here and sank gradually until the end.

Mrs. Watson was a daughter of the late Mr. Frederick P. Lord. She is survived by two brothers, Mr. John B. Lord, of New York city; Mr. F. A. Lord, of Wilmington and four sisters, Mrs. J. D. Munds, of this city; Mrs. J. S. Watters, of Charlotte; Misses Athalia and Roberta Lord, of Asheville.

The funeral service will be held from St. James' Episcopal Church, of which she was a life-long member, Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton. The interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

Reformation Today.

Reformation Day will be celebrated with impressive services today in the Lutheran Church of this and other cities. All the services in Wilmington will be in English, affording an opportunity to all, who would remember and understand the day and the deed to participate. Announcement may be found in the pulpit columns of today's paper.

Lot Given by Mr. Moses Horne.

In the report in yesterday mornings Star of the formal acceptance by the County Board of Education of the new school building in District No. 12, on the Castle Hayne road, there was a very inportant unintentional omission. Something should have been said of Mr. Moses Horne, who generously gave the Board of Education the lot upon which the handsome building was erected. He is one of the most public-spirited citizens in his community and the handsome new school building is due in no small measure to his generosity and personal efforts.

A DELICIOUS FLAVOR
for properly cooking delicacies obtained with
SAUER'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS

A Chinese Greeting.

A Chinaman does not meet his friend with a "how do you do", but how is your liver? He knows that his friend is all right if his liver is right. Rydale's Liver Tablets will keep your liver right and thus permit a full free flow of the nerve force and the blood, which means health and happiness. Rydale's Liver Tablets are sold on the money back plan by Robert R. Bellamy.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

will allow you interest from Nov. 1st on all deposits made on or before Nov. 2nd. **

Ten yards 10c bleaching for 75c the next four days at Rehder's Great Autumn Sale. **

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mrs. W. S. McDiarmid came in last night to spend Sunday with home folks.

—Beginning today the Sunday School of the First Baptist Church will meet at 3:30 P. M. instead of 9:45 A. M.

—Geo. L. Peschau, Esq., will move his office tomorrow to 114 Princess street, formerly occupied by Smith & Lord, real estate dealers.

—There was only one case before the Recorder yesterday morning. A colored woman was tried on the charge of drunkenness and let off with costs.

—Tomorrow night is the time for the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Aldermen, but it is very likely that the meeting will be held in the afternoon.

—George Nielson, No. 102 South Front street, won the barrel of flour at the Crystal Palace last night. There were 1,303 beans in the bottle and he guessed 1,305.

—License was issued yesterday for the marriage of Mr. Edward B. Tharp and Miss Ida V. Congleton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Congleton. The wedding will take place today.

—Mr. Henry Haar, of the firm of Platt & Haar, left last night for New York City and other points North, where he will purchase an extensive Christmas stock of goods for his establishment.

—During October 43 marriage licenses were issued from the office of Register of Deeds Haar, 16 to white and 27 to colored couples. In September 38 licenses were issued, 15 to whites and 23 to colored.

—Frances Bryant, colored, taken into custody Thursday night because she was thought to be mentally unbalanced, was yesterday declared by the Clerk of Superior Court to be of sound mind and was released.

—A handsome United States flag now waves over the top of Geo. O. Gaylord's store, on North Front street, being placed there as a part of the general decorations in honor of the coming of President Taft tomorrow week. It bears a handsome portrait of Mr. Taft.

—Among yesterday's arrivals at the Colonial Inn were: Henry Farrier, Kenansville; W. E. Street, Warsaw; Rev. Claude C. Jones, Newbern; B. S. Davis, Fayetteville; W. B. LaFar, Durham; Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hughes, Sanford; Miss Nell Chambers, Castle Haynes; Mrs. J. N. McDonald, Bolton.

—Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: J. N. Sweeney et al to Charles S. Riley & Co., of Philadelphia, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 in block 9, according to plan of Love Grove, corner of Wynnewood and Weldon streets; W. M. Cumming and wife to Harry Herring and wife, for $300, lot on north side of Wright, 66 feet east of Fourth street, 33x66 feet in size.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Rev. Dr. A. A. McGeachy, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, Charlotte, will preach at the First Presbyterian Church today, both morning and evening. He is an able preacher and will be heard with much interest here.

—Many friends will regret to learn that Mr. C. W. Polvogt had his right arm broken Friday afternoon while cranking up his automobile. The crank suddenly flew back and struck Mr. Polvogt a terrific blow on the arm, breaking his arm as stated.

—Mr. J. A. Nixon has sold his fish and oyster business to the Wilmington Fish Company, which is composed of Messrs. H. M. Croom and C. W. Futch. The new firm will do an extensive business in fish and oysters, and will make a specialty of shipping to the Northern markets.

Specialty of Carpets.

Attention is called to the advertisement of Capt. A. D. Brown, who is this week making a specialty of offerings in the carpet department. These include many entirely new things in Toga, Smyrna, Electra, Wilton, Axminster, Mendota, Arlington, Shirvan, Brussels and velvet rugs with a variety of everything in curtains, draperies, window shades, etc.

A FAT WOMAN HATES SOCIETY

Fat people have to get into clothes that are designed for people of normal physique. The men wear dress suits and look like comic pictures. The women wear low necked dresses to their evident humiliation. This is why it is often said that a fat woman hates society. Fat is as much the mistake of poor health as anything else. The things that make fat should be making good blood, bone and nerves. The secret is that the digestive machinery is out of gear. The juices make fat in too large quantities This fat impedes circulation, cramps the heart, suppresses the liver, crowds the lungs and interferes with the stomach. Marmola Tablets are harmless. They are taken after each meal. They help digest that meal as nature intended it should be digested. They remove the fat already made at the rate of from 12 to 15 ounces a day and they leave no flabby skin or wrinkles. They are sold wherever drugs are sold, or in the same category with harmful patent fat reducers. They contain Marmola, Cascara Aromatic and Peppermint water. If you do not care to call upon your druggist, send 75 cents to The Marmola Company, Dept. 606, Detroit, Mich., and they will send you a large, full size case by return mail in plain package postage paid.

Foley's Honey and Tar clears the air passages, stops the irritation in the throat, soothes the inflamed membranes, and the most obstinate cough disappears. Sore and inflamed lungs are healed and strengthened, and the cold is expelled from the system. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package. Robt. R. Bellamy.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

will allow you interest from Nov. 1st on all deposits made on or before Nov. 2nd. **

For comfort and ease wear a Crawford Shoe. All sizes at Rehder's. **

GIGANTIC SHOW MONDAY.

Buffalo Bill and Pawnee Bill Shows Arrive Today.

Militant as in the older days, garbed in their hideous, yet interesting war toggery, scores of Indians will arrive early this morning from Fayetteville and encamp on the show grounds at 17th and Castle streets, where performances of Buffalo Bill's Wild West and Pawnee Bill's Far East will be given tomorow afternoon and night. The shows exhibited in Fayetteville yesterday and reports received from there were to the effect that there was a tremendous crowd at each performance.

Fifty-one cars will bring the mammoth aggregation from Fayetteville via the Atlantic Coast Line. The cars will be shifted to Delgado, where they will be unloaded. Sunday is the day of rest for the 800 persons and 600 horses with the show. Very little work will be done except as far as setting up part of the canvas, and erecting the dressing rooms. All the various nationalities with the show have their own particular way of keeping the Sabbath. Some of them spend the day with paper and pen, while others, who feel that real rest is due them, spend the day in sleep. But up to midday there is usually something for many of the shows to do. From early in the morning, Pawnee Bill, the general manager of the show, will be on the grounds. Major Lillie owns one-half of the show with Col. Cody, and all the work of the financial department of the exhibition has to come through him. He is a little man with the smallest feet that probably any man had, and almost an exact prototype of Napoleon as anyone could find. He has been called the Napoleon of the tented show business, and through the success of the show this season Buffalo Bill has said that he deserves this new cognomen. And if anyone thinks that Buffalo Bill is getting old they must see him in the arena. He still goes through his wonderful shooting act from the back of a galloping horse, and appears in a buffalo hunt, which is one of the new features of the exhibition. His hair is now snow-white, but his step is as elastic as ever, and his seat in the saddle as graceful as the first time he rode before Queen Victoria.

Two performances will be given here, one at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and the other at 8 o'clock at night. Reserved seats are on sale at Kingsbury's Pharmacy.

YOKE FELLOWS' BAND.

Three Interesting Meetings Arranged for Today.

The Yoke Fellows' Band will conduct a meeting on the revenue cutter Seminole at 10 o'clock this morning. The address will be delivered by Mr. J. S. Smith, field secretary of the Y. M. C. A. State Committee, with headquarters in Charlotte. At 4 o'clock this afternoon a meeting will be held at the county home, conducted by Mr. H. G. Bowden, assisted by Ensign and Mrs. Williams of the Salvation Army. Tonight at 8 o'clock a meeting will be held at the union school house at Wrightsboro, in charge of Mr. A. H. Newcome. Mr. J. S. Smith will deliver an address and Mr. O. O. Mills will sing.

If people with symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble could realize their danger they would without loss of time commence taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. This great remedy stops the pain and the irregularities, strengthens and builds up these organs and there is no danger of Bright's disease or other serious disorder. Do not disregard the early symptoms. Robt. R. Bellamy.

Don't Forget

To add something to your savings account tomorrow or Tuesday. Such deposits will draw interest from November 1st, at the Wilmington Savings & Trust Co. **

Fine Mountain Apples.

The Star is placed under obligations to the Hicks Bunting Company, of this city, for a sample of very fine apples which represents in part the different grades and kinds of fruits which they bought in Mitchell county, this State, and are bringing them here in bulk, barreling and shipping them from this point. The Hicks Company employs 25 additional laborers to do this work and the firm has added quite materially to Wilmington's jobbing interests in this way.

Catherine Kennedy Home.

Contributions to the Catherine Kennedy Home for October: Friend, coffee; Miss Frank, magazines; Mr. Partin, grapes; Friend, ice cream; Elks, ice cream; U. D. C., crackers, cakes; St. Andrew's Church, bread; Mrs. E. N. Penny, flour; Mrs. H. F. Wilder, sugar, cakes; Messrs. Springer & Worth, ice daily; Mr. J. Hicks Bunting, drugs; Mr. R. R. Bellamy, drugs. Monthly meeting will be held at the Home Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

White beaver hats, latest styles, at Rehder's. **

All kinds of decorations for Taft Day at Rehder's. **

INSURANCE

that protects your life—not income only. Gowan's Preparation in the home insures against pneumonia, colds, croup, soreness in lungs and throat by destroying inflammation and congestion. External and penetrating. All Druggists. $1.00, 50c., 25c. Insure today.

Cures Biliousness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Torpid Liver and Chronic Constipation. Pleasant to take

ORINO Laxative Fruit Syrup

Cleanses the system thoroughly and clears sallow complexions of pimples and blotches. It is guaranteed

ROBERT R. BELLAMY.

The AUTO COMPANY

OFFERS

Mitchell Six $2,000.00
50 h. p., 130 in. wheel base, 7 pass.

Mitchell Touring Car $1,350.00
30 h. p., 5 pass.

Mitchell Runabout, 30 h. p., ... $1,100.00

Firestone Car $2,000.00
35 h. p., 5 pass.; equipment includes top, wind shield, 60-mile speedometer, electric side and tail lights, Prest-O-lite tank and searchlights, horn, storage battery and magneto.

Firestone Runabout, 24 h. p., ... $1,400.00

Studebaker E. M. F. "30" full lamp and magneto eq.. $1,250.00
Flanders "20" " " " " " $ 750.00

TIRES, TUBES, PREST-O-LITE TANKS, BATTERIES, and other ACCESSORIES.

The AUTO COMPANY

114.116 N. Second St. Phone 1503

We Can Guarantee

Prices, Quality and Style

OF

Suits
Coats
Skirts
Capes
Corsets
Underwear
Dress Goods
Silks
Rugs
Blankets
Comforters
Mattings
Draperies
Window Shades
Etc., Etc.
And

Give Wilmington Gold Bond Trading Stamps

Platt & Haar

Agents La Grecque Corsets.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

¶ The Latest Reports From the Important Trading Centers and From Local Dealers.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

S. AR OFFICE, Oct. 31st.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Market nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market, nothing doing.

TAR—Firm $1.80 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Firm, $2.50 per barrel for hard; $4.00 for dip and $4.00 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year — spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin steady $2.30, tar firm $1.50; crude turpentine firm $1.50, $2.00 and $2.75.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine 9
Rosin 36
Tar 32
Crude eturpentine 16

Receipts, same day last year 23 casks spirits turpentine; 98 barrels rosin; 97 barrels tar; 12 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Quiet, 14 cents for middling.

Same day last year—Quiet, 8 3-4 cents.

Receipts—4,209 bales, same day last year 4,665 bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith Oct. 31st.)

PEANUTS—North Carolina prime 65@70; extra prime, 72 1-2; fancy 75@80c; Virginia, prime 65@70; extra prime 75@80c; Spanish $1.00 to $1.05.

CORN—Firm 90 to 95c per bushel for mixed.

N. C. HAMS—Good demand; hams 17@18c; shoulders 14@15c; sides 14@15c.

EGGS—Dull, 25 cents per dozen.

CHICKENS—Spring 20 ; to 30c grown 35 to 42 1-2c; scarce.

BEESWAX—Firm at 28c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2c per pound.

BEEF CATTLE—Good demand at 2@3 1-2c per pound on foot.

HIDES—Dr, flint 14c; green, 9c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Dull 40 @ 50c per bushel for new yams.

SWEET POTATOES—Good demand 50c per bushel for new yams.

WOOL—Burr 18c., free of burr 24c.

GEESE—50 cents per head.

PORK—Small 10c per lb.; large, no demand.

SHEEP—Old dull $1.00@$2.00 per head. Lambs, good demand $1.25@$3.00.

TURKEYS—12 1-2 to 13c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Oct. 30.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 11 to . points, making new high records with May contracts selling at 15.01 on the call as a result of continued bullish excitement, which had the encouragement of a big advance in Liverpool, the bullish visible supply figures and denials that Canadian mills were to immediately adopt a short time schedule. Business was a little less active later and fluctuations irregular with slight reactions due to heavy realizing.

The market closed steady with net 9 to 26 points higher.

Receipts at the ports today were 65,696 bales against 61,517 last week and 84,993 last year. For the week 400,000 bales against 413,000 last week and 485,809 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 17,254 bales against 18,962 last year at Houston 14,776 bales against 15,548 last year.

Spot cotton closed quiet 20 points higher. Middling uplands 15.05; middling gulf 15.30; no sales.

Futures opened firm and closed steady.

Month.	Open.	Close.
November	14.45	14.58
December	14.85	14.78
January	14.89	14.83
February	——	14.89
March	14.89	14.94
April	14.92	14.93
May	15.00	14.98
June	14.95	14.90
July	14.97	14.97
August	14.35	14.47
September	13.38	13.48

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Firm, 14 7-16; net receipts 17,989; stock 205,508.

New Orleans—Steady, 14 7-16; net receipts 17,254; stock 148,488.

Mobile—Firm, 14 3-8; net receipts 2,559; stock 58,804.

Savannah—Steady, 14 3-8; net receipts 15,903; stock 237,275.

Charleston—Firm, 14 3-8 net receipts 2,227; stock 44,013.

Wilmington—Quiet, 14; net receipts 4,209; stock 20,369.

Baltimore—14.3-4; stock 3,779.

Norfolk—Firm, 14 1-2; net receipts 5,825; stock 56,450.

New York—Quiet, 15.05; stock 111,392.

Boston—Quiet, 15.05.

Philadelphia—Steady, 15.30; stock 850.

Total today, at all ports, net receipts 65,696; Great Britain 12,812; France 9,848; Continent 25,862; stock 864,631.

Consolidated, at all ports, net receipts 65,696; Great Britain 12,812; France 9,848; Continent 20,862.

Total since Septeember 1st, at all ports, net receipts 2,876,768; Great Britain 691,825; France 890,025; Continent 802,182; Japan 8,364; Mexico 5,297.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 14 1-2; net receipts 14,776; stock 86,477.

Augusta—Steady, 14 3-4; net receipts 3,071; stock 54,858.

Memphis—Firm, 14 3-4; net receipts 5,661; stock 133,864.

St. Louis—Firm, 14 3-4; net receipts 581; stock 20,387.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 1,659; stock 9,479.

Little Rock—Steady, 13 7-8; net receipts 2,154; stock 36,021.

Louisville—Firm, 14 3-4.

Total today—Net receipts 27,322; gross receipts 38,430; shipments 32,847; sales 3,944; stock 340,050.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Oct. 30—Spot quiet, prices 18 points higher. American fair 8.25; good middling 8.01; middling 7.89; low middling 7.79; good ordinary 7.53; ordinary 7.28.

The sales of the day were 14,000 bales of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 12,700 American. Receipts 37,000 bales including 36,900 American.

Futures opened and closed firm. October 7.73; October and November 7.69 1-2; November and December 7.66; December and January 7.66; January and February 7.67; February and March 7.68 1-2 March and April 7.70; April and May 7.71; May and June 7.72; June and July 7.71; July and August 7.69 1-2; August and September 7.38; September and October 6.86 nominal; October and November 6.72 nominal.

DICK BROS' COTTON LETTER.

New York, Oct. 30.—The strengthening of the statistical positions for the week ending gave the bulls enough capital and courage to bring about neew high levels, which resulted in the establishment of prices on a 15 cent basis. Spinners takings were about 50,000 bales in excess of last year, notwithstanding the wide advertisement of poor mill demand. Liverpool spot sales were on a record scale for Saturday, and the demand situation presented such acute features that it was easy to bid prices up. Bulls took advantage of the rise to sell considerable long cotton, but the market absorbed it so well that even the bulls were surprised. Conservatives are beginning to regard the market as dangeerous, but at the same time, the undertone has never appeared to be more firm. The supply and demand situation seems to justify ultimately higher prices, but it is clearly up to the individual operator to pick his own level for taking profits and for rebuying.

DICK BROS.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Oct. 30.—The market was quiet for the day on cotton and yarns because of the disinclination of mills to make prices or accept long contracts. Fine cottons are tending much higher. Linens are strong and Burlaps show improvement. General jobbing trade was good in October.

STOCK MARKET.

New York, Oct. '30.—The speculative tone showed unsettlement during the short session at the stock exchange today. The close of the week brought some natural inclination to close up contracts and take profits. This was emphasized by doubts of what the bank statement which was published after the market closed would show. There were new questions raised regarding the foreign money position and its probable bearing on the market for stocks. The determination manifest by the Bank of England to maintain its control of the London market money market revived a discussion of the response likely to be made by other markets and the possibility of a further advance in the official discount rate of the imperial Bank of Germany, was revived. The part played by the political outlook in shaping the policy of the Bank of England is receiving increasing consideration in view of the opinion expressed in London that a general election in January is now likely. If the result of the demondsey election this week shall confirm the House of Lords in the determination to reject the budget framed by the liberal government of England, there will be financial consequences to consider which will call for attention in other financial centers as well as in London.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales, par value, were $1,700,000. United States 3s registered have declined 1-8 and the coupon 1-4 cent in the bid price on call since last week. Total sales today were 342,900 shares.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Oct. 30.—Money on call nominal. Time loans easier sixty days 4 1-2 to 4 3-4 per cent., and ninety days 4 3-4 per cent., six months 4 1-2 to 4 3-4 per cent.

Prime mercantile papeer 5 to 5 1-2 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8340 to 4.8350 for sixty day bills and at 4.8730 to 4.8740 for demand. Commercial bills 4.82 1-2. Bar silver 50. Mexican dollars 43.

CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENT.

New York, Oct. 30.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week shows that these banks hold $13,909,325 more than the requirements of the 25 per cent. reserve rule. This is a decrease of $2,734,000 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

The statement follows:

Loans $1,233,964,900 decrease $731,800. Deposits $1,234,014,300 decrease $6,402,800. Circulation $53,166,300, increase $652,300. Legal tenders $71,053,900 decrease $9,100. Specie $251,359,500 decrease $4,330,600. Reserve $322,413,400 decrease $4,334,700. Reserve required $308,503,525, decrease $1,600,700. Surplus $13,909,825 decrease $2,734,000. Excess of United States deposits $14,328,175 decrease $2,732,950.

The peercentage af actual reserve of the clearing house banks today was 25.93.

The statement of banks and trust companies of Greater New York not reporting to the clearing house show that these institutions have aggregate deposits of $1,286,197,400. Total cash on hand $149,512,900, and loans amounting to $1,205,482,600.

NEW YORK BONDS.

U. S. reef 2s, reg	100 3-8
U. S. ref. 2s, cou	100 1-2
U. S. 3s, reg	101 1-4
U. S. 3s, coup	101 1-2
U. S. 4s reg	116
U. S. 4s, coup	117 1-4
Allis-Chalmers 1st 5s	84 1-2
American Agricultural 5s	102 1-4
Amr. Tel. & Tel. cv. 4s	105 1-8
American Tobacco 4s	80 1-8
American Tobacco 6s	109
Atchison gen. 4s	93 1-2
Atchison S. Line 1st 4s	100
Atchison cv. 4s	121 1-2
Atchison cv. 5s	120 3-4
A. C. L. 1st 4s	95 1-2
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	99 1-4
Baltimore & Ohio 3 1-2s	92 1-2
B. & O. S. W. 3 1-2s	90
Brooklyn Transit cv. 4s	85 1-8
Canada Southern 1st 6s	109 1-4
Central of Georgia 5s	99
Central Leather 5s	125 5-8
C. R. R. of N. J. gen 5s	103
Cheasapeake & Ohio 4 1-2s	103
Chicago & Alton 3 1-2s	73 1-2
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	95 7-8
C., Mil. & St. P. Gen 3 1-2s	99
C., R. I. & P. R. R. col 4s	88 1-2
C. R. I. & P. R. R. col 5s	77 1-4
C., R. I. & P. Ry. rfg 4s	91 1-4
C. C. C. & St. Louis gen. 4s	90
Colorado Industrial 5s	81
Colorado Midland 4s	80 1-2
C. & S. ref. & ext. 4 1-2s	97 3-8
Delaware & Hudson cv. 4s	102
Del. & Hudson 1st ref. 4s	96
Denver & Rio Grande 4s	93 3-8
Distillers 5s	74 7-8
Erie prior lien 4s	84
Erie Gen. 4s	75 1-2
Erie cv. 4s series "A"	82
Erie cv. 4s series "B"	72 1-2
General Electric cv. 5s	150
Illinois Central 1st ref 4s	99 1-8
Interborough Met 4 1-2s	82 3-4
Inter. Merc. Marine 4 1-2	70 1-2
Japan 4s	86
Japan 4 1-2s	93 1-2
Japan 4 1-2s, 2nd Series	72 7-8
Kansas City S. 1st 3s	94 1-2
Lake Shore deb. 4s (1931)	99
L. & N. Un. 4s	98 3-4
Mo., Kan. & Tex. 1st 4s	90 1-2
Mo., Kan. & Tex 1st & ref 4s	79 3-4
Mo., Kan & Tex. gen 4 1-2s	93 3-4
Missouri Pacific 4s	91
N. Y. Central gen 3 1-2s	95 1-2
N. Y. Central deb. 4s	141 3-4
N. Y. City 4 1-2s (new)	99
N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 6s	100 1-2
N. & W. 1st con. 4s	101 5-8
N. & W. cv 4s	73
Northern Pacific 4s	93 1-2
Northern Pacific 3s	98
Oregon Short L. rfdg 4s	104 3-8
Penn. cv. 3 1-2s (1915)	99
Penn. Con. 4s	84 1-4
Reading Gen. 4s	89
St. L. & S. Fran. fg 4s	77 1-4
St. L. S. con. 4s	93
St. L. S. 1st gold 4s	89
Seaboard Air Line 4s	90 1-4
S. P. col. 4s	102 1-2
S. P. R. R. 1st ref 4s	94 3-8
Southern Railway gen. 4s	79 3-4
Union acPific 4s	102 3-4
Union Pacific cv. 4s	115
U. P. 1st and ref 4s	97
U. S. Rubber 6s	104 3-4
U. S. Steel 2nd 5s	105 1-8
Virginia Car. Chem. 5s	97 1-2
Wabash 1st 5s	112 1-4
Wabash 1st and ext. 4s	73 5-8
Western Md., 4s	83 3-4
Westinghouse Electric cv 5s	94 3-4
Wisconsin Central 4s	94 3-4

Closing Stock List.

Allis Chalmers pfd	52 3-8
Amalgamated Copper	86 1-8
American Agricultural	46 1-4
American Beet Sugar	47 3-8
American Can pfd	82 1-4
American Car & Foundry	73 3-4
American Cotton Oil	77 1-4
American Ice & L. pfd	44 3-4
American Ice Securities	25 1-2
American Linseed	15 1-2
American Locomotive	62
American S. & Ref'ng	98
Amr. Smelt. & Ref'ng pfd	110 3-4
American Sugar Refining	133
American Tel. & Tel	141 1-8
American Tobacco, pfd	99 7-8
American Woolen	35 1-4
Anaconda Mining Co.	48
Atchison	123 1-8
Atchison pfd	104 1-2
Atlantic Coast Line	137
Baltimore & Ohio	115 3-4
Baltimore & Ohio pfd	92
Brooklyn Rapid Transi	7-8
Canadian Pacific	184 1-4
Central Leather	46
Central Leather pfd	108 1-2
Central of New Jersey	300
Chesapeake & Ohio	88 1-8
Chicago & Alton	68 1-2
Chicago Great Western	19 1-8
Chicago & Northwestern	189 1-2
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	157 5-8
C., C. C. & St. Louis	78 1-2
Colorado Fuel & Iron	46 7-8
Colorado & Southern	52 1-2
Colorado & S. 1st pfd	78 1-2
Colorado & S. 2nd pfd	77 3-4
Consolidated Gas	142 3-4
Corn Products	21 7-8
Delaware & Hudson	184
Denver & Rio Grande	48
Denver & Rio Grande pfd	83 1-2
Distillers' Securities	37 3-4
Erie	38 1-2
Erie 1st pfd	47 1-2
Erie 2nd pfd	39 1-2
General Electric	163
Great Northern pfd	145
Illinois Central	147 1-2
Interborough-Met	19 5-8
Interborough-Met pfd	50 1-8
Inter Harvester	104
Inter-Marine pfd	22
International Paper	15 3-4
International Pump	50
Iowa Cntral	29
Kansas City Southern	44 1-8
Kansas City Southern pfd	70
Louisville & Nashville	153
Minneapolis & St. Louis	53
Minn., St. P. & Sault St. M.	138
Missouri Pacific	69
Mo., Kan. & Texas	47 5-8
Mo., Kan. & Texas, pfd	74 1-4
National Biscuit	113
National Lead	88
Nat'l Rys. of Mexico 1st pfd	56
New York Central	135
N. Y., Ontario & Western	46 1-2
Norfolk & Western	95 1-2
North American	79 1-4
Northern Pacific	148 1-4
Pacific Mail	40
Pennsylvania	148 3-8
People's Gas	115 1-4
Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis	94 3-4
Pressed Steel Car	51 3-4
Pullman Palace Car	193
Railway Steel Spring	48 1-2
Reading	162 5-8
Republic Steel	47 1-4
Republic Steel pfd	106
Rock Island Co	40 1-4
Rock Island Co. pfd	79 3-4
St. L. & San Fran. 2nd pfd	57 1-4
St. Louis Southwestern	28 3-4
St. L. Southwestern pfd	67 3-4
Sloss S. Steel & Iron	91 3-4
Southern Pacific	129 3-8
Southern Railway	31 1-8
Southern Railway pfd	70
Tennessee Copper	36
Teexas & Pacific	35 1-2
Toledo, St. Louis & West	53 1-2
Toledo, St. L. & West pfd	70 1-4
Union Pacific	2[illegible] 5-8
Union Pacific pfd	103 5-8
Unit States Realty	82
United States Rubber	49 1-2
United States Steel	90
United States Steel pfd	127 7-8
Utah Copper	48 7-8
Virginia Car. Chem.	47
Wabash	20
Wabash pfd	51 3-4
Western Maryland	21
Westinghouse Electric	86
Western Union	76 1-2
Wheeling & Lake Erie	9 1-4
Wisconsin Central	48
Standard Oil Co.	701

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Oct. 30.—Flour unchanged.

Rye Flour—Steady 4.20 to 4.55.

Buckwheat Flour—Dull.

Corn Meal—Steady 1.40 to 1.55.

Rye—Dull.

Barley—Quiet.

Wheat—Irregular; No. 2 red 1.27 nominal elevator; No. 2 red 1.24 1-2 nominal to arrive fob afloat. Options 3-8c lower. December 1.13 3-8; May 1.11 7-8.

Corn—Spot easy; No. 2, 69 elevator, 69 1-2 elevator and 69 1-2 fob afloat. Options unchanged. December 69 5-8; May 69 1-2.

Oats—Quiet; mixed 26 to 32 pounds.

Lard—Easy.

Pork—Firm.

Rice—Firm.

Molasses—Steady.

Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3.80 to 3.90. Refined steady. Confectioners A. 4.95.

Cotton Seed Oil stronger and higher again today on the bullish crude situation, further commission house buying for outside longs, closing prices being one point lower on July and 1 to 10 points higher, other months even. Sales 2,500, November 7.20 to 7.22 1-2; January 7.20 to 7.21; March 7.28 to 7.29; May 7.31 to 7.32. Prime crude 6.27 nd. Prime summer yellow 7.18 to 7.35; prime winter yellow 7.30 to 7.90; prime summer yellow 7.25 to 7.75.

Potatoes — Irregular; southern sweets per barrel 90c to 1.25.

Cabbages—Steady, unchanged.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

Coffee—Steady, Rio No. 7, 8 1-4 nominal; Santos No. 4, 8 3-4. Mild steady; Cordova 9 to 11 1-2. Futures opened steady at an advance of 5 to 10 points.

Butter—Dull, unchanged.

Cheese—Unchanged.

Eggs—Firm, unchanged.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—Bearish foreign advices inspired considerable selling of wheat on the board of trade here today which caused moderate weakness and resulted in declines of 1-2 to 5-8c in all deliveries at the close. Corn, oats and provisions were also weak.

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
Wheat—			
Dec.	1 05 3-8	1 05 1-2	1 05 1-4
May	1 06 7-8	1 05	1 04 7-8
July	98 1-4	98 1-4	98
Corn—			
Oct.	60 1-2	60 1-2	60
Dec.	59 1-4	59 1-4	59 1-4
May	61 3-8	61 3-8	61 1-4
July	60 5-8	60 7-8	60 3-4
Oats—			
Dec.	40 3-4	40	39 7-8
May	42 1-4	42 3-8	42 1-4
July	40	40	40
Mess Pork, per bbl.—			
Jan.	19 82 1-2	19 82 1-2	19 77 1-2
May	19 32 1-2	19 45	19 40
Lard, per 100 lbs.—			
Nov	12 17 1-2	12 20	12 15
Jan.	11 55	11 55	11 55
May	11 25	11 25	11 22 1-2
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.—			
Jan.	10 22 1-2	10 27 1-2	10 27 1-2
May	10 20	10 22 1-2	10 22 1-2

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Oct. 30.—Turpentine quiet 60 1-2; rosin quiet.

Charleston, S. C., Oct. 30.—Turpentine quiet 57 1-2. Rosin firm. Quote: A. B. C. 4.02 1-2; D, 4.02 1-2; E, 4.05; F, 4.10; G, 4.15; H, 4.17 1-2; I, 4.60; K, 5.50; M, 5.80; N, 6.00; WG, 6.40; WW, 6.75.

Savannah, Ga., Oct. 30.—Turpentine nothing doing. Last sales 57 1-2; sales —; receipts 542; shipments 195. Rosin firm; sales 2,238; receipts 2,044; shipments 827; stock 34,600. Quote: A. B. C. 4.02 1-2; D, 4.05; E, 4.07 1-2 to 4.10; F, 4.07 1-2 to 4.15; G, 4.10 to 4.17 1-2; H, 4.15 to 4.27 1-2; I, 4.60; K, 5.50; M, 5.80; N, 6.00; WG, 6.40; WW, 6.75.

MARINE

ARRIVED.

Schr. Geo. F. Phillips, 237 tons, Gaskins, New York, C. D. Maffitt.

Schr. Victor C. Records, 263 tons, Moore, New York, C. D. Maffitt.

Str. C. W. Lyon, Edge, Fayetteville, vile, C. P. Love.

CLEARED.

Br. str. Silvia, Ferguson, Glasgow, Heide & Co.

Str. Navahoe, Hale, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

Br. str. Drumgeith, Fairweather, Bremen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Duplin, Stokes, Smith's Bridge, J. A. Munn.

Exports—Foreign.

Glasgow—Br. str. Silvia, 6,430 gum logs and 50,000 feet of lumber, valued at $15,000; cargo by Acme Tea Chest Company, vessel by Heide & Co.

Bremen—Br. str. Drumgeith, 13,247 bales of cotton, valued at $932,000; vessel and cargo by Alexander Sprunt & Son.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 30, 1909.

C. C. Railroad—823 bales cotton.

W. & W. Railroad—514 bales cotton, 8 barrels crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—1,781 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 36 barrels rosin, 10 barrels tar, 8 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—95 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 22 barrels tar.

Total—4,20. bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 36 barrels rosin, 32 barrels tar, 16 barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now In Port of Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Hohenfelde (Gr.) 1,887 tons, Protch r, Heide & Co.

Taberistan (Br.) 1,836 tons, Patton, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Soutra (Br.) Davies, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Maria Rickmers (Ger.) 2,256 tons, Rupp, Heide & Co.

Battersea Bridge, (Br.) 2,171 tons, Pallett, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Cumbal (Br.) 2,571 tons, Gibson, Walter Smallbones Agent.

Norton (Br.) 1,135 tons, Franklin, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Geo. F. Phillips, 237 tons, Gaskins, C. D. Maffitt.

Victor C. Records, 263 tons, Moore, C. D. Maffitt.

Annie F. Kimball, 630 tons, Southard, C. D. Maffitt.

Annie R. Bishop, 365 tons, Bowen, C. D. Maffitt.

Lizzie M. Parsons, 571 tons, Sharpley, C. D. Maffitt.

Edith H. Symington, 881 tons, Stiles C. D. Maffitt.

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine"

Take advantage of the common sense contained in the above old adage, by giving us your orders for Stoves and heaters before the cold weather arrives.

We carry one of the largest stocks and best assortment of Hardware in the State at prices which defy competition.

Come in, call up 106 or 1030—or write and let us figure with you.

J. W. MURCHISON & COMPANY.

109-111 North Front Street.

oc 5-tf.

It Will Do You Good

To call and look over our large assortment of Extra Fine Meats, etc., Chickens, Eggs, Butter, Celery, Hams and Bacon, whole or sliced.

HOPKINS & DAVIS

FRONT STREET MARKET.

Stalls No. 1 and 2 South side and No 1 and 3 North side.

Phones 141 and 128.

ACADEMY

SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT.

Three Big Nights, Wednesday Matinee Beginning November 1st.

Mr. Robert H. Kane presents the

Manhattan Opera Co.

Monday night—"Olivette." Tuesday night—"Bohemian Girl." Wednesday night—"Fra Diavolo." Wednesday matinee—"Pinafore."

Prices— 25c, 50c, 75c, and $1.00.

oc 29 tf

SPECIAL LOW RATES Via SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Account Following Special Occasions.

ATLANTA, GA.—Account Automobile Races, November 6th-13th. Tickets on sale on various dates from November 7th to 12th, inclusive. Final return limit November 16th. Extension however, can be secured until November 30th. Rate from Raleigh, $12.85; Charlotte, $8.20; Wilmington, $13.30; Durham, $14.05; Hamlet, $10.00. Rates on same basis from other points.

WILMINGTON, N. C.—President Taft Day Celebration: Special trains and exceedingly low rates, November 9th. Special rates and schedules of special trains will be announced later. Tickets to be sold November 9th, limited, returning to leave Wilmington November 10th.

SAVANNAH, GA.—Account Grand Chapter Royal Arch Masons, November 8th-13th. Tickets on sale November 6th and 7th, and trains scheduled to arrive in Savannah before noon on November 8th. Rate from Raleigh $10.45; Henderson, $11.50; Hamlet, $7.60; Charlotte, $7.75; Wilmington $10.75. Rates on same basis from other points.

RALEIGH, N. C.—Account Farmers' National Congress, November 3rd-9th. Exceedingly low rates from all points. Tickets on sale October 31st-November 1st, 2nd and for all trains scheduled to arrive in Raleigh before noon November 3rd. Final return limit November 12th.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.—Lakes to the Gulf Deep Waterway Association, October 30th-November 2nd. Tickets on sale October 27th, 28th and 29th. Final return limit good returning 15 days from date of sale. Rate from Raleigh, $31.35; Charlotte, $23.05; Wilmington, $27.75; Wadesboro, $23.96; Henderson, $26.75; Laurinburg, $25.15. Rates on same basis from other points.

For further information apply to nearest Seaboard ticket office, or address the undersigned.

C. H. GATTIS,
District Passenger Agent,
oc 16-tf Raleigh, N. C.

HUGH MacRAE & CO.
BANKERS,
Miscellaneous Southern Securities
Cotton Mill Stocks
WILMINGTON, N. C.
New York City, 140 Broadway.

Blue prints of all kinds are made by Southern Map Co., phone 813, So. Bldg.

Queen Quality SHOE

Some shoes have style, of a sort, but not quality. "Queen Quality" shoes combine style and quality. The best of each.

PETERSON & RULFS

The "Baby-Waker" Sale

is still going. Large crowds and liberal buying are the features. The low prices published in the large advertisements are still holding good.

New arrivals of rugs, pictures, imported dinner sets, tables, hampers, clothes baskets and several other articles have been added this week. Positively no such values ever seen in Wilmington. Call and inspect them if you wish to buy or not. We are pleased to show goods and invite comparison. This sale, as all our sales, is bona fide. No bluff, no hot air. Unequaled values our motto.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

Get Into the Game!

We are going to give someone a

PIANO ABSOLUTELY FREE!

The one getting the highest number of votes will be awarded the prize. We want your co-operation. Come and have a talk with us about it. We will explain the whole thing. No strings tied to the proposition. It is worth working for. :: :: :: ::

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

FRONT AND GRACE STREETS.

"The Drug Store That Has Everything Anybody Else Has and Some Things Nobody Else Has."

Novelty Warm Air Heating & Ventilating System

For Residences, Churches and all Public Buildings Installed and Guaranteed by

S. L. SMITH & SON

Factory, Eighth and A. C. L. Railroad Tracks. Phone 952.
All Orders a Specialty.

Atlantic Cafe

OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT.

Remember, we are most conveniently located when leaving or arriving by train or any other time to serve you QUICK LUNCHES, STEAKS, CHOPS, FISH RICE BIRDS &C., and delicious CHESAPEAKE BAY OYSTERS on half shell, stewed or fried.

Try our MIDDAY LUNCH 12 to 2 P. M. It will please you.

GIECHEN BROS., Proprietors.

se 19-tf.

The Habit of Saving

is the only salvation for a man without prospects of inheritance. The fellow with a "light" bank account usually has a "dark" future. Cultivate the habit. Deposit a little at a time with us and watch it grow. Four per cent. interest, compounded quarterly. :: :: :: ::

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

MATT J. HEYER, Pres't. MILTON CALDER, Cash.
Southern Bldg. Opposite Postoffice.

THE WEATHER

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 31, 1909.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M. Saturday, Oct. 30th:

Temperature at 8 A. M. 44 degrees; 8 P. M. 55 degrees; maximum 63 degrees; minimum 39 degrees; mean 51 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; for the month, 1.67.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Friday 3.1 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair Sunday and Monday; rising temperatures; moderate south winds.

Port Calendar—Oct. 31.

Sun Rises.....6:31 A. M.
Sun Sets.....5:20 P. M.
Day's Length.....10 hrs. 43 min.
High water at Southport 9:32 A. M.
High water at Wilmington 12:32 P. M.

TAFT TALKS AGAIN FOR WATERWAYS

(Continued from Page 1.)

it died away President Taft commenced his address.

The President began by having a little fun regarding the trip down the river. He said the "dangers great had all been run" and that the fleet come through without the loss of a single man.

The President declared that no progress had been made in river navigation in this country in the last 40 or 45 years. The waterways of this country, Mr. Taft declared, must be used eventually to carry the bulk of heavy merchandise.

The President's declaration that he favored the issuance of bonds for carrying out the Ohio river improvement as one of the approval projects of inland waterways called out a burst of applause. The Ohio river improvement will cost $63,000. Mr. Taft said that he also favored bonds for all other improvements, including the Mississippi, just as soon as a feasible project can be decided upon and can be shown to be necessary and justifiable. The Ohio river gives the bulk of business to the Mississippi the President declared and every improvement of a tributary tends to increase the value of the great highway to the gulf.

"It is now up to you, gentlemen," he said, "to decide what you want, what it will cost, how long it will take and what the result will be. When that is done you can command, not ask."

He paid a compliment to the women of New Orleans and predicted that if the delegates to the convention remained here two or three days they would forget that there was such a thing as a river.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auto Co.—Offers.
J. W. Fleet Co.—We Like
Wilmington Fish Co.—Notice.
Clarence W. Mills—Don't Wait.
Crystal Palace—Barrel of Flour.
W. B. Cooper—Rust Proof Oats.
A. D. Brown—Carpet Department.
C. H. Fore — Co.—To the Public.
Platt & Haar—We Can Guarantee.
Gaylord's—Four Newest Creations.
Cape Fear Oil Co.—What's The Use.
J. H. Boatwright & Son—A Giant.
D. P. Foley et al.—Executors' Notice.

Business Locals.

For Rent—Rooms.
M. O'Brien—For Rent.
C. B. Bellois—Ship Me.
J. T. Harper—Laundry.
Leger Meyer—Tailoring.
C. T. D. Co.—Ties Wanted.
Stewart & Otersen—Found.
R. B. Davis—Lands Posted.
For Sale—Newspaper Office.
Wanted—Dry Goods Clerk.
C. L. Whitehead—A Bargain.
H. F. Wilder—Lingo Heights.
M. C. Darby & Co.—For Sale.
For Rent—Connecting Rooms.
Wanted—Vertical Filing Case.
J. M. Batson—Horse and Buggy.
F. A. Montgomery—Fish Market.
J. W. Beckwith—Taft's Picture.
J. G. Wright & Son—Turn South.
Eureka Pressing Club—Boy Wanted
M. C. Darby & Co.—Lots For Sale.
For Rent—Four Furnished Rooms.
Co-operative B. & L.—New Series.
M. C. Darby & Co.—Furnished House.
Red Cross Pressing Club—Sole Agents.
W. P. Oldham & Co.—Oranges and Produce.
American Aluminum Mfg. Co.—$1,500 a Year.
Chadbourn Sash Door & Lumber Co.—Slabs For Sale.

New millinery on display tomorrow at Rehder's. **

RETAIL
MEN'S
CLOTHING
SALESMAN

Exceptional opportunity offered to ambitious salesman, with good following, to start in business for himself. For particulars apply to H. A. L., care LORD & THOMAS 250 Fifth Avenue. New York City. All communications strictly confidential.

Every leaf, every granule of

Pride of Reidsville

is perfect in itself, and the effect upon smokers is most wonderful in its pleasure giving qualities.

The only tobacco manufactured in North Carolina winning Grand Prize at St. Louis.

RICHMOND EASY FOR CAROLINA

(Continued from Page 1.)

His remarks and actions were such that he was ordered from the game. About this time Coach Warner came running on the field. There was an argument, and then Edwards summoned a policeman and had both Waseuka and Warner escorted behind the lines.

Pennsylvania's game was by far the best that it has played this season. The bright star of the contest was Miller, the Pennsylvania captain. It was his splendid end running that carried the ball half the length of the field twice, both times for touchdowns.

The Indians' only score followed almost immediately the fight which sent two players from the field. Starting from their 30-yard line, Captain Libby made a forward pass to Newashe. The Indian took the ball behind good interference and sprinted the entire distance for a touchdown.

Army Lost to Harvard.

West Point, N. Y., Oct. 30.—Harvard scored twice on the Army here today in a hard fought game of football and would probably have added at least another field goal to her tally had not time been called, ten minutes earlier in the second half, because of serious injuries received by Byrne, the Army left-tackle, whose condition is critical. Harvard gave the best exhibition of the forward pass seen at West Point this year. The passes were not long, but they were sure; only one failed. The Army tried the on-side kick twice—once in the first half for a gain of 35 yards, and once in the second half for a loss, when the ball went direct to Leslie, the Harvard half back, who caught it. Frothingham's poor judgment of punts lost Harvard much ground in the first half but his accurate following of interference, and Leslie's brilliant running through broken fields were substantial factors in obtaining the crimson her victory.

Annapolis, Md., Oct. 30.—Midshipman Wilson, the crack quarter back of the Naval Academy team, was resting quietly this evening, though no hopes are entertained for his recovery. He was injured two weeks ago today in the game with Villa Nova, when he suffered a fracture of the fifth vertebrae. His injury apparently is similar to that suffered today by Cadet Byrne, in the West Point-Harvard game.

The Naval Academy people were deeply affected when the news of Cadet Byrne's injury reached here, and as soon as it become known that the injury was serious a telegram from the brigade as a whole was sent, expressing sympathy with the corps of cadets at West Point.

V. P. I's. Great Game.

Lynchburg, Va., Oct. 30.—Virginia Polytechnic Institute literally swept Washington & Lee off her feet here this afternoon by fine team play and won hands down by the score of 34 to 6. A forward pass when but three minutes of play remained gave Washington & Lee its only touchdown. The feature of the game was a 65-yard run by Hughes, of V. P. I., for a touchdown. E. R. Hodgson, of V. P. I. secured a touchdown from the 65-yard line on a punt. The game ended with the ball two yards from the Tech goal.

Other Games.

At Vanderbilt 17; Mississippi 0.

At Atlanta: Atlanta University 14; Virginia 0.

At New Orleans: Sewanee 15; Louisiana 6.

At Nashville: Tennessee 0; Georgia Techs. 29.

At Richmond: Randolph-Macon 15; William & Mary 0.

At Lexington: V. M. I. 0; St. John's 6.

At Ithaca: Cornell 0; Williams 3.

At Raleigh: Maryland 0; A. & M. college 30.

Army Player Injured.

West Point, N. Y., Oct. 30.—Eugene Byrne, of Buffalo, N. Y., a member of the senior class of the United States Military Academy, and tackle on the 'Varsity football eleven, lies in the cadet hospital tonight, semi-conscious and partly paralyzed, because of injuries received today in the army game with Harvard when he was subjected to terrific pressure in a scrimmage. His condition is critical. The accident following so closely upon the injury to Midshipman Wilson, who sustained a fracture of the fifth vertebrae at Annapolis two weeks ago today, has aroused a feeling of uneasiness among the cadets that the government may take some action to curtail football. No announcement of this fact was made tonight however.

Young Bryne was twenty years old in July last and is a son of John Byrne, former chief of police of Buffalo and ex-Sheriff of Erie county, N. Y. The father was in the grand stand when the accident occurred and, when he saw his son lying unconscious on the field he sprang from his seat and ran to the group of players who surrounded the injured boy. He has remained at his bedside ever since. Mrs. Byrne was notified of the accident tonight and will arrive in West Point in the morning.

The accident occurred after ten minutes of play in the second half during a mass play by Harvard through Byrne and Purnell, the Army left tackle and left guard respectively. The crimson attack, led by Fish and Fisher Harvard's right tackle and guard, struck Byrne viciously. He was forced to the ground and the players piled over him. When the mass untangled itself he was found lying unconscious and surgeons immediately began their attempts to revive him. The paralysis of the respiratory organs was probably caused by either pressure or a blow on the solar plexus.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

WANTED—A four drawer, vertical filing case for letters, 8x11. Address with maker's name and prices wanted. Box 386, Wilmington, N. C. oc 31-1t*

FO RRENT—Residences Nos. 701 to 707 North Third street and 313 Church street. Apply to Martin O'Brien. oc 31-2t*

MAKE US your best offer on four or five car loads of standard size long straw, sap ties, f. o. b. Burgaw, N. C. C. T. D. Co., Box 908 City. oc 31-3t.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

A BARGAIN—One Chase and Baker mahogany self-playing piano, hand or foot, cost $600 first of last year. Will sell for $225 cash with 50 rolls music, at 1007 Chesnut street. C. L. Whitehead, Box 212. oc 31-1t*

FOR RENT—Two large connecting rooms, singly or together; furnished; desirable location. For further information apply to 521 Dock street. oc 31-1t*

SPECIAL—100 boxes Indian River oranges, onions and potatoes; consigned; must be sold. W. P. Oldham, 'Phone No. 8. oc 31-1t*

FOR SALE—Newspaper and job office, town 60 stores, $850 cash. Owner entering profession. News, Lake City, S. C. oc 21-1t*

FOR RENT—Two or three rooms partly furnished for light housekeeping, couple without children preferred. Apply at 118 South Sixth street. oc 31-3t*

TAFT PICTURES painted on U. S. flags, any size, prices low, also pictures without flags. Notice flag on Gaylord's store. J. W. Beckwith, at Gaylord's store. oc 31-3t*

FOUND—A place to get a big bargain this week in shoes, underwear, hosiery, shirts, hats and trunks, at Stewart & Otersen's 603 North Fourth street. 'Phone 1396. oc 31-1t*

FURNISHED HOUSE for rent, cottage for rent, six rooms, electric lights, porcelain bath $18.00; 313 Church street $15.00; store with dwelling house 605 North Fourth street, $30.00; store 124 Market, remodeled to suit tenant. Apply to M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate, 114 1-2 Princess street. oc 31-1t.

SHIP ME your eggs, poultry, hams, hides, beeswax and any kind of produce. Will pay highest market prices and make prompt returns. N. C. hams a specialty. C. B. Bellois, 16 North Second street. 'Phone 1576. oc 31-tf.

FOR RENT—On November 1st to desirable party, four rooms, furnished or unfurnished with bath and conveniences for housekeeping. Apply to 215 Ann street. oc 31-1t*

IF YOU HAVE any laundry send it to the Wilmington Steam Laundry or call 29 and we will send for it. Prices and quality of work guaranteed. J. T. Harper. oc 31-1t.

FOR SALE—Southeast corner of 13th and Market streets, lot 60x150; cottage and lot 44x82, good house, price cheap; 513 Wooster street, house and lot $650. Good investment. M. C. Darby & Co. oc 31-1t.

LOTS—50x100 (Love Grove) 14th and Taylor, price now, corner lot $120, inside lots 110x100, on time $20 down $5 per month, 10 per cent. for cash. Title guaranteed. Apply to M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate, 114 1-2 Princess street. oc 31-1t.

THE FISH MARKET—I have this day sold my interest in the fish stalls at Front street market to A. J. Shepard and respectfully ask all of my customers to give my successor the liberal patronage that I have enjoyed while in the fish business. Truly, F. A. Montgomery. oc 31-1t*

FOR OVER FORTY YEARS the beautiful grassy hill, known as Eastern Hill was not for sale—could not be bought. To Thirteenth and Market street, and then turn South—go just one block and between Dock and Ann streets you wil see the opportunity to get o part of this beautiful tract of central city property. Good size, lots facing on two streets. This is the first announcement that this property can be bought—within the next week every lot will be sold for the real value is there, and the owners aid the purchaser with terms that help the non-capitalist. Look at the property—it is our best argument. You yourself wouldn't mind living here, therefore others wouldn't. Thirteenth street is the only street east of eighth street open from Market to Castle streets, therefore a well traveled street. Visit the property this afternoon. To Thirteenth and Market street, then turn south. Two houses being built here now—others will rapidly follow and the supply of lots is very limited. Trust your own judgment, therefore just you look at Eastern Hill. To Thirteenth and Market streets and then turn south. J. G. Wright & Son will arrange terms for you. oc 31-1t.

NEXT SATURDAY the new series opens. Have you secured your stock? The Co-operative Building and Loan Association is a very popular Building and Loan Association. Both of the last two series were over-subscribed—in both more than one thousand shares were sold and the directors have now placed 1,000 as the greatest number of shares for one series. So get busy; 25 cents buys a single share. You can get one or more. The office of the Co-operative is always open. Promptness, good business and courteous treatment is the reason of their popularity. Anyone can join; you will be wise to do so. Office at Wright's Real Estate Building, 124 Princess street. Wm. E. Worth, president; B. C. Moore, vice president, and Thos. H. Wright, secretary and treasurer. oc 31-1t.

$1,500 A YEAR. Over 3,000 successful, prosperous agents are now selling "1892" ware that wears. Hundreds are making $1,500 a year and more. Send for our proposition today. A rare opportunity for a local agent. American Aluminum Mfg. Co., Dept. A, Lemont, Ill. oc 31 1t

LOTS AT LINGO HEIGHTS are going rapidly; only 28 left out of total of 98. If you want a lot 33x155 bring $1 down and $1 per week and you can secure it Free deed in case of death. Any price from $50 to $150. You pay for it and never miss it. H. F. Wilder, Sole Agent, 207 Princess street. oc 31 1t.

LEGER MEYER, the Merchant Tailor, is located at 109 Princess street, in the Smith building, second floor, and is in position to take care of any orders in his line. Fashionable suitings and trouserings at popular prices. Nice line to select from. oc 31 1t*

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

SLABS FOR SALE at 25 cents per load on our yard at foot of Wooster street. Supply limited. Chadbourn Sash Door and Lumber Co. oc 31-1t

DR YGOODS CLERK wanted. One who is competent and has had experience. Address in own handwriting Dry Goods Clerk, care Morning Star. oc 31-1t.

FOR SALE—A large draft horse and buggy; will sell sperately or together. Price very reasonable; apply at 610 South Second street. J. M. Batson. oc 31 1t*

NOTICE—All persons found hunting on the lands of the Porters Neck Plantation, excepting those to whom the shooting privilege has been leased, will be prosecuted as trespassers R. B. Davis, Agent. oc 31-1t*

WANTED—A white boy with bicycle. Apply Monday morning ready to go to work. Eureka Pressing Club, 14 Princess street. oc 31-1t.

RED CROSS PRESSING CLUB, 'phone 1773, Y. M. C. A. building, C. H. Beardsley, proprietor. Sole agents for the City Tailors of Chicago. Finest clothes to measure at lowest prices. Fit and Quality guaranteed. Try us. Ladies' and Gents' membership $1 per month. French dry cleaning and dyeing a specialty. Phone us a trial order. Velvet collars put on at reasonable prices. All work guaranteed. oc 31-tf.

PHOTOGRAPHS—Nothing more appropriate for a Christmas Souvenir than a fine enlargement or a stylish photographs. The U. C. Ellis Studio. oc 19-tf

LITTLE WILLIE HONESTY has put me wise, so I will put you likewise. Have you noticed the difference in the Wilmington, N. C., market on hides, raw furs, tallow, beeswax and wool since the little office at 212 Market street, has been buying these goods. You go or ship them once and you will go and ship again; if honest dealings are appreciated. We handle all kinds of country produce to good advantage also. C. D. Gilbert & Bro., 212 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 24-tf

NEWLY MADE—Lot of improved White Pine Cough Syrup; 25c bottles. We deliver to any city address. James M. Hall. oc 5-tf.

HERE WE ARE—Nice Native Pork; best of beef, veal and lamb. All kinds of fruit and vegetables. Palace Market. 'Phones 72 and 653. oc 27 tf

FLAGS JUST RECEIVED—New lot North Carolina, U. S. Standard, Navy, Union Jacks, Yacht Ensigns; also nice line decorating material. Give us a call. C. D. Maffitt & Co., Phone 474. oc 28-4t

WANTED SALESMEN—Cider and phosphate salesmen. Liberal salary or high commissions with $30.00 weekly in advance. Red Cross Vinegar Co., St. Louis, Missouri. ju 27 su 52t

THE SOUTHERN MUTUAL HOME and Real Estate Company has moved into its new office, Room No. 15 Masonic Temple, where it will be pleased to see its old members, or those who may desire to secure information in regard to its plans and methods, with the object of investing their savings, insuring their lives or borrowing money to buy or build homes in any part of the State of North Carolina. oc 3-su-13t

FOR SALE—One of the oldest, best established downtown grocery and commission businesses in Wilmington. Best near beer stand in city. with bar fixtures already in place. Can reduce stock to suit purchaser. Owner anxious to retire on account health. Also one new spring cart at half cost or will exchange for buggy. Address Box 686. oc 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 31 6t.

MILLION BRICK FOR SALE—Best prices, close prices and quick delivery. Roger Moore's Sons & Co. oc 29-3t.

TWO COMFORTABLE ROOMS with board can be had at 305 North Fourth street. oc 30-3t.

MUSICAL SOCIAL—Boys' Brigade Armory, Tuesday, November 2d, 8 P. M. Orchestra, Acme Male Quartette, soprano, bass, contralto solos, Grace Church quartette, dramatic reading and refreshments. Admission 10 cts. oc 30-3t.

SPECIAL OFFER—Six half cabinet photographs and one platinum finish enlargement, for one dollar. Best value ever offered. Titmas & Foltz, Props. The Gem Studio, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C., fe 17-tf

SEND YOUR FILMS to the Gem Studio, 114 Market street. Any size film developed, ten cents. Any size picture finished for five cents. Titmas & Foltz, props. fe 17-tf.

DR. J. W. BLACKMER, Osteopathic Physician, Southern Building. Hours: 9 to 12 A. M., 2 to 5 P. M. Phone 1460. Other hours by apointment. oc 19-3wks.

THIS WEEK at Hodges' Studio. Three styles Cabinet Photos, $3 dozen; regular price $6. Work guaranteed. This offer will not be repeated. 104 Princess street. oc 25-1w.

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WE HAVE GUNS to sell and guns to rent, at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, No. 108 Market street. oc 6 tf

I. RITMYER, shoemaking, 119 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. Prompt attention given to repairing. First-class workmanship and material guaranteed. oc 1 1m

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BIG INDUCEMENTS to salesmen of ability to sell lubricating oils and greases on commisision. Champion Refining Co., Cleveland, O. se 26-su-8t.

RUBEROID ROOFING—The roofing that gives satisfaction and which we will sell at reduced prices the next 60 days. Roger Moore's Sons & Co. oc 29-3t.

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FOR RENT—Furnished apartment, two rooms and bath, Carolina Apartments, fifth floor fronting Market street; steam heated, elevator, electric lighted, balcony, telephone. Will rent to desirable party without children for period of six months. Mrs. F. M. Jolly, Carolina Apartments, 'Phone 1498. oc 29-2t.

FOR SALE—That piece of land, corner Eighth and Brunswick street with brick warehouse, frame dwelling and frame stables; also horses, wagons (single and double), harness, buggy, ice machine, 10-horse power motor; 10-horse power boiler; bottling house fixtures, safe, desks, chairs, etc. Apply to the office of Robert Portner Brewing Company, corner Eighth and Brunswick street, Wilmington, N. C., Bell Telephone No. 99. oc 29-3t.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN to make room, Eclipse newspaper folding machine; also lot of type cases and stands. Address Wilmington Star Co., Wilmington, N. C. oc 12-tf

WANTED—Laborers at the saw mill and planing mill at Byrdsville, N. C. oc 22 2w

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Having qualified as executors under the will of the late Jno. F. Divine, we hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned duly verified on or before the 30th day of October, 1910, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment of the same. This October 30th, 1909.

D. P. FOLEY,
MORRISON W. DIVINE.
Executors.

1aw-6w-su.

Water Works

Machinery and Water Tower, Wilmington, N. C.

Sealed proposals for manufacturing, delivering and eercting all machinery and a steel water-tower needed in the reconstruction of the water-works will be received by the Water and Sewerage Commission, of Wilmington, N. C., until twelve (12) o'clock, noon, of Monday, November 1st, 1909.

Specifications and blank forms will be sent upon application to the undersigned,

Stress diagram and general detail of the water-tower may be procured by addressing direct the Southern Map Company, Southern Building, Wilmington, N. C., who will supply same, postage paid for the net cost of 25 cents delivered.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of five (5) per cent. of the amount bid as evidence of good faith upon the part of the bidder.

The Commission reserves the right to reject any and all bids, or waiving formalities, to accept any which may seem to it to be to the best interest of the City of Wilmington.

Water and Sewerage Commission:
Chas. W. Worth, Chairman,
Wilmington, N. C.

Consulting Engineers:
Hazlehurst & Anderson,
Atlanta, Ga., and Wilmington N. C.
oc 30 2t

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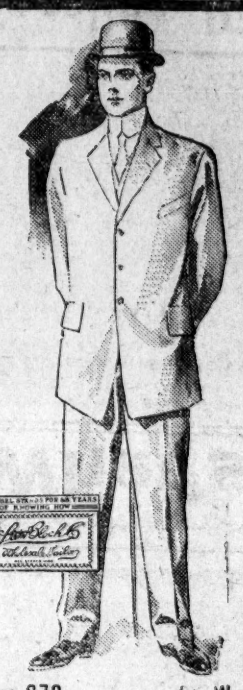

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SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 12

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THE FARMER AND BUSINESS

An Address By B. F. Yoakum at the Texas State Fair, October 27th, 1909.

In a country old as China and one new as America, the farmer ranks first as a producer and a holder of wealth, as the land which produces all we eat and all we wear is of first importance.

What we should have is increased productiveness of the farms and further development of our agricultural resources. To accomplish this we must invite money to develop our country. Any other policy will retard progress. A rich land which tells men with money to stay away might just as well tell home-seekers to go to other places. We have work for men and need money to pay them. An idle dollar is worse for a community than a lazy loafer.

The farmers have not given the question of business methods in the conduct of their farming operations the careful consideration that so important a subject demands. The question is a big one, not only to the producers, but to the entire country. The welfare of every merchant, every banker, every manufacturer, and every laborer is dependent upon the success of those engaged in farming, and the business of all is increased or decreased in proportion to the yield of agricultural products.

The manufacturer figures his factory output upon the agricultural prospects. The wholesale merchant contracts for his merchandise and machinery according to the crop outlook. The retail merchant buys his goods from the wholesale dealer in quantities that correspond with the local condition of the crops. The railroad company regulates its equipment repairs and purchase of new engines and cars by the reports of the condition of crops through the country it serves. The banker of the agricultural district watches the crops from planting to harvesting, and his crop report to the bankers of the East is the factor which governs the interest rate on time loans, based upon the amount of money that will be needed to move the Fall crops. Therefore, every individual, regardless of occupation, has an interest in this national wealth-producing business, and everyone is interested in doing all he can to accomplish two things; to increase the yield per acre, and to devise business methods which will bring to the producer the best prices.

The agitator does not advance the spirit of cooperation that is becoming so fixed in the minds of the public. The interest of the man who produces cannot be promoted through that class of politician whose stock in trade is to condemn all corporations and institutions, regardless of whether they are law-abiding or law-breaking. The public speaker or candidate, whose argument lies in the condemnation of corporations and wealth, and whose method is to instill a feeling of antagonism, is not a true friend of the farmer or of the country. This is not said in defense of corporate interests or wealth when misused, but in defense of the spirit that should prevail with all men and all classes in trying to develop a feeling of closer relations and substantial co operation. If the demagogues are given to understand that their talks will be of more interest and will result in more good by discussing plans and methods of upbuilding, of the improvement of public highways, of making acres more productive or other substantial developments of the country, and by encouraging closer co-operation among the producers, the merchants, the bankers and the transporters, their efforts will be in the right direction and will result in much good.

Whether accomplished through existing organizations or by other methods, an organized system upon business principles that will promote the interest of the farmer is inevitable. If those who are now giving the subject attention do not find a way, others will. Such a movement is not impossible nor impracticable, and the progressive element of the farming interest of this country will take hold of it in a way to accomplish good and substantial results. No man or set of men can prevent it, for the principle is a correct one and will prevail.

The best business men come from the rural districts. They are as capable, can express their views as freely, as plainly and as concretely as men engaged in other lines of business. If the representative men of the farmers' organization would come more in contact with men in other lines of business, getting the views and suggestions of others, and giving others the benefit of their own views, the intercommunication would have the effect of bringing about closer co operative relations and a better understanding.

Mr. F. A. Vanderlip, president of the National City Bank of New York, talking to a representative body of agriculturalists from the Southwestern States, recently made a statement which impressed me. He said that there are three classes that create the wealth of the country; the class which produces and manufactures, the class which furnishes transportation for the raw material and for the distribution of the manufactured goods, and the banking class, which furnishes money and credit to enable the other two to successfully carry on their business. Mr. Vanderlip also said that he saw no reason why bankers would n[illegible] the same credit to farmers' organizations issuing warehouse certificates, as they do to others, if handled under the same business methods as prevail with the other commercially organized warehouse associations.

To procure bankers' assistance, correct and acceptable business methods must be devised. Some start must be made which will give the farmer the same advantage which the owner has who borrows money on reserve piles of coal, stocks of ore or lumber. Any plan undertaken will not be perfect in its origin, but will be improved upon as it matures. This would be the case if you waited 12 months or two years longer to initiate the work in a practical way. There is no necessity for postponing a start. That motion makes money is as applicable to this as to other business.

To illustrate, if there are ten thousand bales of cotton stored in a properly constructed warehouse, built in a way to overcome as near as possible fire risk, and located on a railroad track, when the cotton is hauled from the farm and deposited in that warehouse there is no further expense in drayage to its owner, and only a light storage charge such as the farmers' organization may fix to take care of expenses. Under a well organized system the warehouse receipt given for each bale of cotton will be good to its owner as far as its borrowing value extends. The railroad can give to you this market aid, but cannot go further. You, through your organization and co-operation with the banking interests must do the rest.

The same business principle will apply to the great grain producing belt of the West and Northwest and to every staple product of the soil. Every bale of cotton, every bushel of grain, every carload of vegetables, every pound of dairy products, every additional carload of live stock that can be created adds that much more wealth to the country, that much more business to the merchant and banker, that much more revenue to the transporter. Therefore, not only the selfish interest is to be considered, but the general upbuilding of the country, adding comfort and prosperity through properly organized co-operation.

The manufacturers are organized, transportation is organized, the bankers have a systematic method of handling their business; the producers of the raw agricultural material (the annual production of which amounts to eight billion dollars, cotton alone approximating 600 million dollars) are not working under a systematic organization through which they can co operate to their best advantage.

An organization of the farming interests cannot be made as effective in any other way as through co-operation with its next-door neighbor, the railroad. The two interests by working together create for both the railroad and the farmer a beneficial business condition that brings the farmer's organization in closer touch with the financial and business interest sof the country. The co-operation of the three classes, without political interference, is essential to a full measure of success. If the farmer's organization will co-operate, we will place a man in each State to help work out plans of co operation with the agricultural interests. It will be his duty to attend meetings in every county or district in the State to discuss ways and means of advancing the interest of both, working in harmony in every way with that one object in view.

If through co-operation of the railroads with the farmers of Texas one cent a pound additional on cotton can be had, it will bring the farmers, on a three million bales crop, an additional 15 million dollars annually. These matters, like all business, must be fairly considered from the standpoint of both interests. Not in a spirit of complaint but more to illustrate the importance of an understanding where each wants to help the other; in 1905 the freight rate on export cotton to Houston and Galveston was reduced 25 cents per bale. When this reduction was made the foreign steamship rates weer advanced sufficiently to absorb it. The railroads lost it, the foreign owners of steamships got it, as practically 90 per cent of the Texas cotton crop is shipped to foreign countries. It is better for the farmers and the railroads to work together as, I have outlined, the railroads aiding them in every way that is fair in building up their business and marketing their products, rather than to urge reductions before they have thoroughly considered the matter from every standpoint and weighed the advantages against the disadvantages.

All men who are honest in their views will agree that the producer and the transporter can work as partners to the benefit of each interest in a manner that will mean more money to both than if we follow false theories. It requires work to build up but it is easy to tear down, easy to retard growth, easy to prevent good work, and easy to criticize.

The work of pushing forward the development of a State should not be confined to its private citizens alone. There is a broadening, constructive and co-operative spirit creeping into our social system. Governor Hadley, of Missouri, is setting a pace which men will follow. He has adopted modern business methods which will prove of much benefit to his State. With other officers of Missouri, he has completed a tour of the State for the encouragement of immigration and in the interest of its development. Administrative officers of a State can command attention and if they devote some of their time to upbuilding and co-operation with other agencies, they can accomplish more than hundreds of us can in the encouragement and growth of their respective States.

This important question of closer relations between corporations and the public is not confined to States, but is a question in which all Americans are interested. President Taft recently said the more he sees of the Americans the more he considers them a distinct type. This is the conclusion every thinking man must reach when he comes in contact with the American people, and observes their energy, intelligence and individuality. Americans who travel through European countries return better satisfied with their own country. On the other side of the Atlantic Americans come in contact with people who are controlled by political machinery and military rule. We in America are drifting in the same direction and to the same conditions that govern in foreign countries with our constantly increasing governmental expenses and extension of political and military influence.

The railroads cannot run the Government, but the Government can afford to adopt railroad business methods, and put its administrative forces and departments under the same business rules that govern the railroads' operations.

Under existing laws and regulations each item of expense of interstate railroads is subjected to closest inspection by the Federal authorities through the Interstate Commerce Commission. If the same business methods were applied to the Government, cutting off useless and constantly increasing expenses, this Government could be run as cheaply as it was at the commencement of the Spanish war, since which time the annual operating expenses of the Government has increased 300 million dollars. The public treasury is being drained until the Government is now issuing bonds to pay expenses and devising new methods of taxation.

I believe in fair and equitable taxation, be it inheritance, income or otherwise, but I believe in keeping our tax money at home for good roads and State purposes, rather than sending it to Washington to add to the extravagance fund of the Federal Government, the necessity for which is increasing with alarming rapidity.

The necessity of the improvement of our public highways is beginning to receive serious consideration and action. The vast saving in time and expense to the producer, of transporting products from the farm to the railroad over good roads, has so often been brought out, it seems unnecessary for me to go into detail further than to say the difference in cost of transporting a ton one mile in this country as compared with European countries, makes a difference against the American producer of 250 million dollars annually, as shown by the Government's report. This vast waste comes from the difference in cost of hauling over bad roads instead of good roads.

The highways from the farm to the railroad station perform for the public the same function as the railroad from shipping points to the markets. The public highways, both State and interstate, should be planned systematically both as to construction and maintenance. They should be laid out with lateral lines from the main highways to the farming districts to serve the greatest number of people.

In the Ozark regions of Arkansas, adapted to both agriculture and horticulture, for three miles on either side of the railroad the land in cultivation is very profitable. Lying farther away from the railroad track, with equally as good land, the products raised are often lost to the producer during wet weather, on account of poor roads.

In this three-mile zone there are 38,000 acres nuder intensified cultivation, producing one million dollars profit to the farmers. With good public roads extending out for ten miles from the 000 acres under intensified cultivation, an additional 125,000 acres, producing three and one-half million dollars profit per annum, at the same time trebling the value of the land.

Texas has many similar localities. Its opportunities for development are unbounded when permitted to go forward as they should.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson calls attention to the constantly increasing number of young men seeking employment in towns and in factories, rather than remaining upon the farms.

Human nature is the same all over the world. When a boy sees the business methods of a railroad, mercantile or manufacturing business, as compared with the rural districts, his ambition naturally prompts him to seek a change. Farming conducted under business methods and improved public highways will go farther than anything else to keep the young people from deserting the country to seek employment in towns.

The improvement of public roads will enable people living in town, with the advantage of better school facilities, to carry on their farms. With an automobile the farmer who lives ten miles from town can make the trip within thirty minutes, or in one hour by a good team. Good roads will bring closer together the rural and town people. They will create closer social and business relations between the country and the towns.

Bringing the communities closer together, and thus establishing closer social and business relations, will be a step forward, and will tend to bring about the aid which the farmer needs from the merchant, the banker and the public generally, and in every way create conditions more unfavorable.

The South and the Southwest have suffered in an industrial way on account of Federal political conditions. I do not want to call up the past beyond pointing out that the political importance of the Northwest has enabled the strong men of that section to exert an influence at Washington that has accomplished great benefits for that part of the country. These strong men, developed by political compensation, urged to their utmost by public necessity, have striven to secure all they could in developing the West and far Northwest.

In the South and Southwest we have men as strong and capable, but where a nomination for office means a cerificate of election, national political competition does not exist, and, consequently, fighting qualities for a constructive policy cannot be developed.

Without national political competition to occupy the attention of public men in our solid Democratic State (and I am of that political faith), where they are under the disadvantage of a minority in Congress, their attention and energy have been too often directed against railroads and corporations. Under different political conditions, and with both national political influence and closer financial relations with the investing world, the many millions of public money expended in the Northwest would have been more equitably distributed, giving the South and Southwest a more substantial recognition. I do not want to be understood in any sense as against the rapid growth of the rich Northwest. It has worked for and honestly earned its preference, and its development has added to the nation's growth and wealth, but the Southwest's rich and natural resources entitle it to more consideration than it has received.

We have, however, passed from the period of antagonism into an era of sober thought and fair dealing with each other. Therefore, let each State of the South and Southwest, take up in a firm and business-like manner, the development of our unbounded and unequalled resources, and push them forward; and ask that our public speakers and representatives bear in mind that the South and Southwest are entitled to the same recognition from the Federal Government as is extended to the Northwest, where both political influence and closer sympathy with financial interests have co-operated in developing its resources.

With modern means of transportation and communication, Texas is closer to Washington than Philadelphia was 100 years ago, and there is no practical obstacle in the way of the people of this State making their influence felt in an aggressive way.

Increasing Governmental expenses and political and military extravagance are leading us to the condition of foreign nations. Every farmer is interested in correcting this, and if every farmer would write to his Representative in Congress to encourage development and discourage extravagance, no more effective or better work could be accomplished.

Statistics show that in 1900 there were five and one half million farm owners and people engaged in farming pursuits, an increase in 20 years of only 33 per cent. Figuring on a proportionate increase from 1900 to date, we now have about six and one-half million farmers, an increase of 50 thousand Government employes, an increase in 30 years of over 200 per cent., or, in other words, the number of Government employes is increasing more than four times as rapidly as the number of farmers. If the same ratio of increase continues, it will be but a few generations until we have as many Government employes as farmers.

The strength of our nation lies in our agricultural wealth and natural resources. The country west of the great lakes and the Mississippi is the bread basket of the world. History shows that military forces and battleships have not won the wars of the world. It has been the commissary.

In another column we copy from an exchange a just tribute to Dr. George T. Winston, who has done for his native State a work that is not fully appreciated. Years ago when we had but few railroads and when Dr. Winston was the head of a Department of the State University, before his elevation to the presidency, in traveling to and from his ancestral home at Windsor he would stop off at Garysburg or Seaboard and travel by private conveyance through the country a distance of 55 miles to Windsor and all the time was thinking of the boys. Many remember how he would stop at the lonely farm houses on the way and inquire about the boys and urge their parents to let them go to Chapel Hill. In those days we had but few good preparatory schools and it was not often he could find a boy who was prepared to enter the University, but he worked but the harder and fired many a boy with an ambition to obtain an education, even at great sacrifice. Dr. Winston's enthusiasm and great energy often caused opposition to his plans of gathering in the boys at the University, but he seemed never to have learned the politician's way of proceeding along the lines of least resistance and while in harness ever had in view the education of as great a number as possible.—Tarboro Southerner.

NOVEMBER 1ST.

Open an account at the People's Savings Bank now and you will receive interest from November 1st. This bank serves all classes, old, young, rich and poor. 3t

NEWS AT THE UNIVERSITY

Track Coach Secured—Much Interest in Schedule of Debates—News and Views of the Football Team—Other Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., Oct. 29, 1909—The University considers itself quite fortunate in securing as track coach and all-round trainer Mr. Nat J. Cartmell, the former star of the University of Pennsylvania track team. It is through the efforts chiefly of Prof. E. K. Graham, and the faculty committee on athletics that Mr. Cartmell has been secured; although the whole student body as well as faculty have responded liberally to the call of the University for this long needed asset in athletics.

Mr. Cartmell is at present in England where he has dates for running events until March. The first of that month he will come to the University as a track coach, basket ball coach, and trainer and assistant in baseball and football.

Mr. Cartmell will fill a long-felt need at the University and it is hoped that his work here will materially raise the present standard of track and basket ball athletics, as well as greatly aid the football and baseball coaches in getting out good teams.

The debating union has recently added another debate to their present hard schedule for this Spring. A debate has been arranged with Washington and Lee, to be held in a Virginia town some time in April.

Virginia has recently backed out of the Carolina end of the triangular debate between Carolina, Virginia and Tulane, without offering any excuses whatever for her action. Letters have been repeatedly written to their debating secretary but no satisfactory answer has been obtained. This is very much to be regretted since the outcome of this debate would have decided the champion debates of the South. Carolina will debate her query with Tulane, regardless of Virginia's action.

Most of the debating interests are now being turned towards the Carolina-Pennsylvania debate which is to be held in Chapel Hill November 16. The preliminaries are to be held this week to decide who is to represent Carolina. Only four candidates have appeared, but all of these are good debaters. They are Messrs. E. E. Barnett, E. M. Highsmith, J. H. Boushal and J. D. Eason. The query for debate is: "Resolved, That the United States Congress should adopt a tax on inheritances." Carolina will uphold the negative side of the question.

Gerard Hall, remodeled and entirely overhauled, was thrown open for the use of the students last Wednesday. It will now seat 561 persons, whereas, the seating capacity before was only about 350. The new seats are opera chairs of the latest pattern and are a decided improvement over the old cane-bottom chairs formerly used.

The remodeling of the chapel has brought about some changes that were not entirely welcomed by the upper classmen. Whereas, formerly only the Freshmen and Sophomores were required to attend chapel, now the entire academic student body has been assigned seats. However, the exercises have been changed as well as the chapel hour, so the Juniors and Seniors have not found chapel as disagreeable as they had thought it would be. The most recent innovation has been that of having a short talk every morning by either some member of the faculty or a visitor. The talk is only about 15 minutes long, but in this way matters of present import are kept before the student body.

So far only two talks have been made. Dr. Mangum of the Medical Department, made a short but serious address on "Personal Hygiene." Dr. McNider, also of the Medical Department, spoke on "The Prevention of Disease;" Dr. Lawson, professor of Anatomy and Gymnasium director, will speak next on "The Value of Exercise."

Prof. E. Vernon Howell, Dean of the Pharmacy School, U. N. C., has recently been appointed a member of the committee on drug reform. The appointment was made by Mr. H. H. Rusby, of New York, president of the American Pharmaceutical Association. The other members of this committee are Mr. Sayre, of Kansas City, Mo., and Mr. Schneider, of San Francisco. The University feels quite honored that she has a representative on this National committee on drug reform.

The Elisha Mitchell Scientific Society met last week and interesting addresses were made by Dr. W. C. Coker, professor of Botany, and by Dr. D. H. Dollen, of the Medical Department. Dr. Coker spoke on "The Yosemite Valley and big trees of California." Dr. Dolley gave an interesting talk on the "Anatomical Reactions of Nerve Cells." Dr. Coker's address was illustrated with lantern slides, while Dr. Dolley explained his by means of drawings.

Coach Brides has the 'Varsity hard at work again, after their victory over Georgetown last Saturday. With that game Carolina won her third victory this year, while her goal line has not yet been crossed for a touchdown. The next game is with Richmond College next Saturday and while this team is always composed of husky fellows, Carolina expects to have an easy victory.

Capt. Garrett, who has been out of the game for some time will not go

(Continued on Page Ten.)

A PERILOUS DEPARTURE

Ex-Governor Aycock Explains Why He Said Supreme Court Forgot Law.

Readers of the Star will remember recent editorial comment criticising a statement made by ex-Governor Aycock, in Wake Superior Court, to the effect that the members of the Supreme Court ceased to be lawyers when they were elevated to the bench.

This remarkable and striking statement was made in the heat of oral argument, when the ex-Governor was appearing as counsel for a notorious woman of Raleigh, who had been arrested on warrant issued by the Chief of Police on "information and belief", and tried by the Police Justice and sentenced to a long term of imprisonment. Upon her appeal to the Superior Court, ex-Governor Aycock made a motion to dismiss, alleging that the woman was improperly on trial, she having never been indicted by a grand jury. It was when he referred to the case of State vs. Lytle, 138, N. C., 738, in which the Supreme Court holds that the Legislature by statute may declare misdemeanors punishable by more than the fifty dollars fine or thirty days' imprisonment, which had theretofore been considered the constitutional limitation upon petty offenses, that the ex-Governor used the expression referred to.

While criticising the use of such language of the court, especially while making argument to an inferior court of the same State, the Star took occasion to point out the grave perils incident both to trials without indictment and to statutes making "opinion", or general reputation evidence, prima facie evidence of guilt.

Because a high-powered rifle may be effectively used to kill a cat is no proper excuse for its use for such purposes in congested districts of innocent people; such statutes may bag the guilty, but they put in danger of their liberty the entire mass of innocent persons.

For these reasons, the Star has requested ex-Governor Aycock to permit the printing of his brief in the Bertha Brown case, in which he makes a strong practical, as well as legal, statement of the dangers he sees in the attitude of the Legislature and the endorsement of such statutes by the Supreme Court. What he says makes thoughtful reading for lay citizens and lawyers alike. Ex-Governor Aycock's brief is as follows:

Article 1, Sec. 12, of the Bill of Rights provides: "No person shall be put to answer any criminal charge, except as hereinafter allowed, but by indictment, presentment, or impeachment."

Article 1, Sec. 15: "No person shall be convicted of any crime, but by verdict of a jury of good and lawful men in open court. The Legislature may, however, provide other means of trial for petty misdemeanors with the right of appeal."

Article 1, Sec. 17: "No person ought to be taken, or imprisoned, or disseized of his freehold, liberties, or privileges, or outlawed, or exiled, or in any manner deprived of his life, liberty, or property, but by the law of the land."

Article 4, Sec. 27, provides: "The several justices of the peace shall have jurisdiction of all criminal matters arising within their counties, where the punishment cannot exceed a fine of $50.00, or imprisonment for 30 days. In all cases of a criminal nature, party against whom judgment is given may appeal to the Superior Court where the matter may be heard anew."

Until the case of State vs. Lytle, 138 N. C. 738, it had never been supposed by any lawyer that any person could be put upon trial for any offense, punishable for a greater length of time than 30 days in jail, or by fine of $50.00, except upon an indictment by a grand jury. The provision in our Constitution is, "No person shall be put to answer any criminal charge, **except as hereinafter allowed**, but by indictment, presentment or impeachment", and there can be found nowhere in the Constitution any "allowance" of any person being put to trial without indictment otherwise, except in those cases within the jurisdiction of the justices. But, modern progress is fast overturning the principles which our fathers established after centuries of labor, suffering and bloodshed. We are wasting in our hurry the most precious heritage that any people ever had. The opinions of the present day proceed along lines of **economy** and convenience. The dollar mark, in its tortuous trail, obscures the legibility of the Constitution. Let us for a moment turn to the past and read law as it was interpreted for us by the fathers.

Chief Justice Nash, in State vs. Moss, 2nd Jones Law, page 68, after quoting the sections of the Constitution above referred to, says: "These principles are dear to every freeman; they are his shield and buckler against wrong and oppression and lie at the foundation of civil liberty; they are declared to be rights of the citizens of North Carolina, and ought to be vigilantly guarded. The act of 1850, which we are considering, violated also the 12th section of the Bill of Rights. It declares, 'that no freeman ought to be,' etc., or in any manner destroyed or deprived of his life, liberty or property, but 'by the law of the land.' Lord Coke, in his commentaries on Magna Carta, where the phrase is first used, says these words, 'by the law of the land' mean, 'by due course of law,' which he afterwards explains to mean by indictment or presentment."

It was argued in Moss' case, as it is now, that the defendant was protected by his right to appeal, and it was answered, "Suppose, then, that he does appeal, show is he to be tried? Upon the Intendant's warrant and the judgment pronounced by him? Where then is the constitutional protection? He has lost it; no grand jury has been called on to say whether he shall go before a petty jury or not, but a single individual has sent him there.'

In those old days, men loved liberty and set more store by it than they did by economy, and so-called necessity was never offered by any learned judge as a reason for overturning the pillars of liberty. But hear another of the sages. In State vs. Branch, 68 N. C., 186, Chief Justice Pearson says: "The province of a grand jury is, not to try the party, but to inquire whether he ought to be put on trial; and the purpose is, to save the citizen the trouble, expense, and the disgrace of being arraigned and tried in public on a criminal charge, unless there be sufficient cause for it. To this end it is provided by the Constitution, 'No person shall be put on trial, except upon a bill of indictment found by a grand jury.' This provision of the Constitution was aimed at a prerogative of the crown, under pretence whereof a citizen could be put on trial upon a charge of o criminal offense, upon the information of the crown officer, whereby the good citizens were oftentimes exposed to the scandal and disgrace of being tried in public, when, in truth, there was no sufficient cause to suspect their guilt." And to the same effect, Lewis vs. Board of Commissioners, 74 N. C., 194: "The Solicitor has no business in the grand jury room. He is not a component part of the court, but it is an independent and self-acting body, clothed with the very highest functions. Their findings must be their own, uninfluenced by the promptings or suggestions of others, or the opportunity thereof."

Well-meaning men, anxious for public economy and desirous of quick punishment for crime, have ever been eager to overthrow the barriers betaween the government and the culprit; but, wiser men, knowing the difficulty with which liberty is established upon the face of the earth, and that the strong arm of the government is frequently reaching out for the innocent, are very alert to shield the weak against the oppressive power of the strong, and are earnestly desirous of maintaining unimpaired the security which comes from the interposition of a grand jury between the citizen and the government.

"The grand jury," says Pomeroy in his admirable work on Municipal Law, paragraph 215, "carefully preserved by our National and State Constitutions, appears to be an invaluable barrier against official oppression."

But, Pomeroy lived before the day when legislatures, by the simple process of declaring crimes which are punishable by hard labor on the public roads for two years petty misdemeaners, could make a fact by calling a falsehood the truth, and before the day when courts in their eagerness to expedite the conviction of everybody charged with crime, would suffer legislative bodies to overturn the settled wisdom of the ages, **embodied in the Constitution, by the act of the whole people.**

"I have noted these cases," says Connor, Judge, in his concurring opinion in State vs. Lewis, 142 N. C., 626, "to show that it is held by courts adhering to the principle that the guarantee of immunity from criminal prosecutions, otherwise than by indictment, that the Legislature may change the law in particulars **non-essential**, but that in the essentials the constitutional provisions must be read and construed in the light of the common law, and are not subject to legislative change." In that opinion he expressed the hope that we may return to the common law way of securing to every man immunity from being called to answer violation of the law, otherwise than by indictment preferred by a grand jury summoned from the county where the crime is supposed to have been committed.

Says a great justice: "It clearly, if not primarily, affects the honor of a State that she permit none to be punished who are innocent, or convicted otherwise than by the law of the land. I trust that if I appear to be jealous of the honor of the State in that respect, I may not for that reason be charged with a want of as much concern for the due execution of the law as my brethren."

This is my position. I care not to shield the guilty person from the just vengeance of the law, but I would not destroy the shield which the Constitution has provided, lest by its destruction, the innocent shall suffer.

The opinion of Judge Shepherd in State vs. Barker, 107 N. C., 913, is refreshing. In that case he was construing an act of the Legislature which authorized the criminal court of New Hanover to have a grand jury of twelve, and which provided that nine of that body should be sufficient to find the bill of indictment. The opinion is one of the best written that can be found anywhere in the reports of any of the States. In the course of his argument he says:

"It may be that, in the interest of convenience and economy, in the trial

(Continued on Page Ten.)

At The Theatre.

MISS NELLIE BROWN.

As "Olivette" With Manhattan Opera Co. Here This Week

The Academy of Music this week will offer a season of merry opera and which should, and, no doubt, will prove exceedingly popular with Wilmington play-goers. The attraction will be the well known Manhattan Opera Company, which has received most flattering praise from the press of North Carolina, and as the opening bill tomorrow night will be presented charming "Olivette". Popular prices will prevail for opera, being only up to $1.00. This will be the only attraction of the week, but next week will come the powerful play called "The Servant in the House," and which gripped the minds of New Yorkers for over a season. This attraction will play two nights, November 9th and 10th, being especially secured for the Taft Day attraction. The noted actor, Mr. Tim Murphy, also comes to the Wilmington theatre next week.

The Manhattan Opera Company.

Tomorrow night this well known and sterling organization, one that has been uniformly praised by the press, will begin a three nights' engagement at the Academy. Theatregoers may whet up their appetites to a keen edge, and expectations will be fully met. The company played several nights in Raleigh during the State fair and was lavished with praise. The opening opera tomorrow night will be delightful, tuneful "Olivette", and seats went on sale at the Crystal Palace yesterday. The scale runs but to $1.00.

Through South and North Carolina the Manhattans have been making the biggest kind of a hit for the last month. It will be the second tour of this company under Robert H. Kane's managership, and when it is remembered that the Manhattans broke the week's stand record at Asheville and will play a return week engagement there, beginning November 8, the calibre of the organization must be readily reckoned.

There are singers with the Manhattans. No individual stars above the others. There are all good voices in the Manhattans, and this fact adds an evenly balanced aspect to a reputable company. Mr. Kane has studied the light opera situation in the South for the last two seasons and as he was guided in his views by the musical instinct of the Southern theatre-goers, he has not been led astray in his idea that the South wants light opera provided it is presented in creditable fashion. Judging from the press notices and other sources, through which the worth of a theatrical attraction becomes known, the Manhattans are the real thing.

"Fra Diavolo," "The Bohemian Girl," "Olivette," "Martha," "Pinafore," "Meritana," "Jack the Beanstalk," and others are some of the operas sung by the Manhattans. These operas have not been heard in these parts for a number of years, although their tuneful melodies are known in many households.

"The Servant in the House."

"What a wonderful lesson is being taught by that still more wonderful play at the Savoy," wrote the critic for club life during the run in New York of "The Servant in the House," the attraction at the Academy Nov. 9th and 10th. "Daring indeed is Mr. Kennedy, but how true to life it all is. 'God isn't looking—let us give as little and grab as much as we can' just seems to fit the average man, whether he be clergyman or business man. And looking over the well-fed audience that filled the Savoy, I fancy it must have gone as straight as an arrow to at least one-half of the men there. It was, however, a bit rough on the Bishop to be so exposed and before one of the 'people' too. It is as perfect a performance as one can ever hope to see; a play that requires intelligent people to interpret.'

A PERILOUS DEPARTURE

(Continued from Page Nine.)

of offences of a low grade, the accusation by presentment or indictment should be dispensed with, and this has already been done, as we have seen in respect to a certain class of offences. Const., Art. 4, Par. 27. Whether it is wise to make any further exceptions is a question which is addressed to the people, but while the Constitution continues to require the intervention of a grand jury we must, in the absence of any provision to the contrary, uphold the system in its essential features as it existed and was understood by the authors of our Declaration of Rights."

After saying this, he proceeds to quote from Judge Gaston in State vs. Davis, 2nd Ire. 158, to the following effect: "These great principles of the common law were brought over to this country by our ancestors, and, with an extension of their application to other offences, were, by the Constitution, made a part of our **fundamental law, and cannot be violated either by the judiciary or the Legislature."**

Judge Shepherd, in the course of his opinion says: "So jealous of their liberties, however, were our North Carolina ancestors that they were not content with adopting the foregoing provision, but they were careful to further insert in their Declaration of Rights a particular definition of the general words, and also to extend the privileges conferred to all 'criminal charges' whatever. The declaration mentioned has always been a part of the fundamental law of North Carolina, and is to be found in our present Constitution in its full vigor and unaltered in any particular, except as to petty offences, where the punishment cannot exceed a fine of fifty dollars or a term of imprisonment for thirty days."

By this opinion, this great judge showed himself worthy to become Chief Justice of the State, and the people made him that. No one can read the opinion of Judge Shepherd in this great case without arriving at the conclusion that it is not within the province of the Legislature to authorize any court to dispense with a grand jury in any case where the punishment cannot exceed 30 days in jail or a fine of $50.00. At the time Judge Shepherd wrote this opinion, Augustus S. Merrimon was Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and John J. Davis, Alphonso C. Avery, and Walter Clark were Associate Justices with Judge Shepherd, and our Constitution was word for word what it is now.

In the light of this case, I submit that I was right in my statement that the Supreme Court of North Carolina had forgotten the law which they used to know. This may not sound respectful, but for myself I am not accustomed to studying politeness of phraseology when the liberties of the people are involved in any matter with which I have to deal.

NEWS AT THE UNIVERSITY

(Continued from Page Nine.)

in Saturday but will play against V. P. I., a week from Saturday. Ruffin, who has been playing a good quarterback this year, and who has been out of the game for some time with a wrenched arm is expected in the play by next week, so Carolina will go up against V. P. I. in good condition.

In a closely contested game here yesterday, the Junior class team defeated the Sophomore team by the score of 15 to 0. For the most part straight football was played, except in the last half, when the Sophomores resorted to tricks. The Juniors had the game easy from the start.

MR. PALMGREN'S MACHINE

Interesting Description of Aeroplane to be Exploited by Wilmington Company From Current Number of Magazine.

(From Motor Era.)

To develop and build on a commercial basis an aeroplane founded on new and unusual principles is the purpose of the American Aeroplane Company, recently organized at Wilmington, N. C., of which F. A. Bissinger is president; C. W. Polvogt is vice president; D. Palmgren, secretary and C. H. Dock, treasurer. This company has a capital stock of $125,000 and is fast getting ready to build machines.

Though aeroplane building is the very newest of manufacturing enterprises and every feature about it is intensely recent, still the new Southern company claims many absolutely novel ideas and principles in its machine. It claims a vast improvement over present styles of aeroplanes, and it is certainly a departure from methods of the past and an invention embodying altogether new ideas.

Intelligent and technically educated people, who have inspected the Wright and Curtis machines, have unanimously pronounced this design superior. Every detail has been attended to with mathematical precision and in regard to scientific structure, automatic stability, carrying capacity, speed and safety, it has been generally agreed, that no other aeroplane was ever constructed to approximate this machine. As the patent, which is pending, will be a basic one, the future of the American Aeroplane Company is regarded as especially rosy.

In making this new machine, the inventor left the old school entirely and contemplated well known physical laws in the light of simple geometry.

It is well known that a horizontal force cannot give a body horizontal motion in the presence of another force acting on the same body at right angles, or vertically, as gravitation does. Therefore, an upward-inclined propeller shaft was employed in the new "plane" and two propellers were placed on it—one in front and one in the rear—for the sake of longitudinal stability. Thus both the gravitation and the propelling force were used most advantageously to accomplish forward motion.

A wing-plane was added on top, so that if things should go wrong during flight there would be the necessary surface to accomplish gliding and save the occupant from a breack-neck fall. The inclination of the propeller shaft was adjusted to the requirements in the presence of the supporting power of the wing-plane.

To make the speed variable so that from 20 to 75 or more miles an hour any degree, even to the entire folding wings were added to the central wing-plane, one on each side, attached by hinge connections and adjustable to an ydegree, even to the entire folding of the outer wings on top of the inner or central one.

For slow speed a great resistance can be obtained, and for high speed only one-half the wing area is made effective. The center of gravity is placed some 12 to 14 feet directly below the center or air resistance from the wings and thereby is solved absolutely the perplexing problem of stability. Thus equipped this machine can no more turn a somersault than a well weighted parachute.

The machine will run on the ground as independently as an automobile at a speed up to 25 miles an hour, four rubber-tired wheels being provided for this purpose; and a specially constructed light-weight steering mechanism is connected with the front wheels for road traveling.

The horizontal and vertical aerial rudders are placed in the rear and operated at will by one or two interlinked steering levers.

The horizontal rudder is so constructed as to control the inclination of the aeroplane only within certain limits and therefore mistakes in its handling can never procure any serious results.

Rising or sinking in the air is best accomplished by accelerating or retarding the speed of the motor; the upward inclined propeller shaft makes such manipulation perfectly convenient.

A special instrument called a "level indicator" has been added, whereby at high elevation the operator can direct the machine without perceiving the level of the ground. Two Adams-Farewell motors of 35 horse-power each will be employed geared together in such a way that if one of the motors stops the other keeps the propeler moving while the first mentioned acts as a fly-wheel. As both revolve in opposite directions the gyroscopic action is neutralized. This machine has been most carefully planned and its inventors believe it will one day put the South to the front in the aeroplane world.

Home Treatment for Lung Trouble.

It is not necessary to consult a doctor about coughs, colds, sore throat, etc. You know what's the matter. The question is what remedy to use. There is a standard remedy called Honey and Tar that meets every requirement for ordinary throat and lung trouble. Ask for Rydale's Honey and Tar, no doctor can give a better treatment. It contains no harmful drugs, is safe and sure. If your lung trouble has become chronic ask for Rydale's Cough Elixer, which is especially successful in the treatment of bronchitis and consumption. Rydale's Cough Elixir is the prescription of an eminent lung specialist. It is the best lung medicine medical science has yet discovered. Rydale's Honey and Tar and Rydale's Cough Elixir are sold and guaranteed by Robert R. Bellamy.

BETTER THAN SPANKING.

Spanking does not cure children of bedwetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W, Notre Dame, Ind., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

THE WEEK INDUSTRIALLY

Many Encouraging Reports to Manufacturers' Record of This Week. Coal, Lumber and Iron Industries—Notes.

Baltimore, Oct. 29.—Among the important Southern industrial announcement in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record is the news from Hellier, Ky., that the recently organized Mitchell Coke Co., will begin at once the construction of coke ovens on Marrowbone Creek near Hellier, a step marking the beginning of coke making in Eastern Kentucky and the development of the strategic situation full of far-reaching possibilities bearing upon the iron and steel industry. Other announcements were as follows:

Republic Cotton Mils, Great Falls, S. C., organizing with a capital stock of $600,000 to build a plant of 25,600 spindles and 640 looms, with general mill village improvements; will use about 15,000 horse-power transmitted by electricity. May Hosiery Mills, Nashville, Tenn., was incorporated with a capital stock of $60,000 to build a plant with a daily output of 1,500 dozen pairs of children's hose. Hydro-electric Development Co., Great Cacapon, W. Va., organized recently with $100,000 capital, has plans for a water-power electric plant to develop and transmit 3,000 horsepower by electricity. Maryland Steel Co., Sparrows Point, Md., will expend $250,000 to construct concrete bulkdhead 500 feet long, install two electric unloaders with hourly capacity of 500 tons each, extend transmission lines and make other improvements for ore handling, etc., Atlantic Coal Co., Charleston, W. Va., was incorporated with capital stock of $6,000,000. Cleveland-Alabama Mining Co., Birmingham, Ala., was incorporated with $30,000 capital stock to develop iron mines. Independent Naval Stores Co., Lakes Charles, La., was incorporated with a capital stock of $200,000. Rocky Face Silica Sand Co., Dalton, Ga., was incorporated with a capital stock of $100,000. Owens Bottle Machine Co., Toledo, O., will build a large bottle factory at Fairmont, W. Va. United Molasses Co., New Orleans, La., was incorporated with a capital stock of $100,000. Berryman Box & Shook Co., Baltimore, Md., was incorporated with a capital stock of $100,000. Southern Fertilizer & Chemical Co., Savannah, Ga., awarded contract for erection of plant with annual output of 30,000 tons of fertilizer. Southern Cotton Stalk Pulp & Paper Co., Atlanta, Ga., decided to build a 20-ton paper mill at Ocilla, Ga., cost to be from $75,000 to $100,000. Farrior Lumber Co., Birmingham, Ala., was incorporated with a capital stock of $50,000. A. N. Belcher, Centreville, Ala., decided to build a lumber mill at Quincy, Fla., to cut the timber on 8,000 acres of land; daily output to be 50,000 feet of lumber. American Mahogany Co., John H. Bissell, representative, Detroit, Mich., is completing negotiations for site, transportation facilities, etc., ensuring the erection of its proposed saw and veneer plant at Tampa, Fla.; it is understood several hundred thousand dollars will be invested. Nadeau Kaolin Putty Corporation, Norfolk, Va., was incorporated with a capital stock of $250,000. Thompson Coal Co., Fort Smith, Ark., was incorporated with a capital stock of $50,000. Craven Foundry & Machine Co., Newbern, N. C., was incorporated with a capital stock of $100,000.

A Trial Treatment Free to Dyspeptics.

Sufferers from Dyspepsia can get a trial package of Rydale's Stomach Tablets free by writing the Rydale Remedy Co., Newport News, Va. These tablets are the prescription of an eminent Stomach Specialist. They never fail to relieve and soon cure the most stubborn cases of Dyspepsia and Indigestion. If this trial package does not cure you, their use will convince you that a real Dyspepsia cure has at last been found. They are sold by Robert R. Bellamy.

SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Louisville, Ky.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has certainly done me a world of good and I cannot praise it enough. I suffered from irregularities, dizziness, nervousness, and a severe female trouble. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored me to perfect health and kept me from the operating table. I will never be without this medicine in the house."—Mrs. SAM'L LEE, 3523 Fourth St., Louisville, Ky.

Another Operation Avoided.

Adrian, Ga.—"I suffered untold misery from female troubles, and my doctor said an operation was my only chance, and I dreaded it almost as much as death. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me without an operation."—LENA V. HENRY, R. F. D. 3.

Thirty years of unparalleled success confirms the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases. The great volume of unsolicited testimony constantly pouring in proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a remarkable remedy for those distressing feminine ills from which so many women suffer.

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DENTISTY HERE REMEDIES TOOTH TROUBLES.

Defects are cared for, teeth are filled, and work is always accurate and scientific.

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Good work tells. We are kept busy these days fixing out-of-whack wagons, carriages, etc., etc. Good reason—we know how to do the trick and do it; we have the right materials—wood, iron, paint and varnish—and use them. Then, too, we are prompt in executing repair orders. May we have yours?

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CLARENCE W. MILLS.

oc 27 1m.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, having duly qualified as administrator of the estate of Mrs. L. L. Pitts, this is to notify all of the creditors of the estate to present their claims, duly verified to the Administrator, at his office in the city of Wilmington, within twelve months from the date of this notice, or same will be plead in bar of their recovery. All parties indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate settlement.

C. McD. DAVIS, Administrator of the Estate of Mrs. L. L. Pitts, Deceased.

oc 10-oaw-6w.

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A Proudly Pre-eminent Exhibition, Rich in Romance, Picturesque, Patriotic, Educating and Entertaining. Presenting in One Arena Picture-History of the Conquest of Half a Continent, and Holding the Mirror of Nature for Reflections of Oriental Pageantry and Splendors.

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Twenty-seven years have passed since this historical exhibition was founded. For a Quarter century Buffalo Bill has stood ALONE IN A GLASS BY HIMSELF as an Entertainer and as an Illustrator of Western History in the Early Days. His Exhibition has WITHSTOOD THE TEST OF TIME and has been the Admiration of More than a score of Earth's Proudest Nations. Admiring Thousands have Delighted in the HEROIC PICTURES DRAWN FROM HISTORY and Presented in an ENTERTAINMENT ALWAYS NOVEL, always True to the Fundamental Facts Upon which it is Based, Authentic and Genuine; a Mirror of History REFLECTING SCENES OF OTHER DAYS. To which is now added the Richness, the Picturesqueness and Beauties of

AN ORIENTAL SPECTACLE

Contributed through a Combination with Pawnee Bill's Great Far East and Showing with Fidelity to Fact and in Absolute Correctness of Detail the Richness and Splendors of the Romantic Far East. Thus in one arena Contrasting Pictures of Two Hemispheres are shown, and the Occident Meets the Orient in Impelling Tableaux. Under the Gonfalon of Buffalo Bill and Pawnee Bill there have been Marshalled an Imposing Array of Hero-Horsemen, WARRIORS FROM EVERY CLIME, and Exponents of Dauntless Courage and Manly Deeds; an Assemblage of Muscular Manhood the Equal of which has Never Been Known, Constituting what has been Aptly Termed "THE STRENUOUS SHOW."

THE BATTLE OF SUMMIT SPRINGS

Is Depicted with Realistic Vividness Showing one of the Deciding Conflicts Between the Indians of early days and Government forces in the Long Drawn Out Conquests of the Western Wilds.

GREAT TRAIN HOLD-UP BY INDIANS

Illustrated through the use of a Practical Train of Cars, drawn by a Practical Locomotive.

Master Horsemen Mounted on Matchless Steeds
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Exhibitions of Skill, Nerve and Manly Daring

SEE THE BUCKING BRONCHOS, THE WILD WEST GIRLS, THOMPSON'S TRAINED HORSES, THE BATTLE OF SUMMIT SPRINGS, 100 REAL INDIANS

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The Newest Thing in Equestrian Sports

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The Sports and Play of the Prairies

AN ATTACK ON AN EMIGRANT TRAIN
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Feature Story

AT THE OCTAGON HOUSE

It Wasn't a Burglar That the Pretty Intruder Encountered.

By CLARISSA MACKIE.

[Copyright, 1909, by Associated Literary Press.]

Rosamond Lee walked slowly down the rose bordered path to the tall stone wall that inclosed the deserted house next door. The owners were abroad, and there was no prospect of their immediate return to inhabit the Octagon House, as it was called.

Rosamond had made many excursions about the neglected grounds and dreamed many dreams beneath the noble trees that rose from the unkept turf. She had taken toll of the blooming flowers and shrubs in their seasons, and now she fed the gray squirrels that raced up and down the green branches.

Her family laughed at her fondness for the Octagon House and predicted a speedy abandonment when Mrs. Phillips came home again, for Mrs. Phillips was old and irascible and much feared by Rosamond since she was a little child.

But on this glorious September day, when the late monthly roses were bordering the path with delicate sweetness, Rosamond, a fair, sweet rose herself, thought little of Mrs. Phillips in distant Berlin. The day was made for her—for her alone—and the Octagon House!

She followed the stone wall to an intersecting fence which served as a stepping stone. In a trice she had jumped lightly to the soft turf of the other side and sped swiftly across the dappled green toward the house.

The crooked piazza, which followed the outline of the old house, was covered with Virginia creeper, even now turning to brilliant scarlet and gold. In one corner where the vines hung low and formed a curtain were a long wicker chair and a pile of Rosamond's favorite books.

She had tired of reading and was sitting half drowsy with sleep when a step on the piazza roused her. Never before had any one trespassed on her chosen retreat.

She parted the vines and peeped through to discover a man's tall form bent to peer into the half drawn shades of the long windows. He straightened up again, and she saw that his clothes were gray and dusty and that white dust powdered his dark hair. He was mopping his forehead vigorously with a handkerchief, and she noticed that his hands were bronzed by exposure to the sun.

That the man was a burglar Rosamond had not a doubt. Her heart almost stopped beating when he glanced carelessly toward her vine covered retreat before he sat down on the top step to light a pipe.

"He's wondering how to get in," murmured Rosamond to herself. "If only I were brave enough I would go out and frighten him away, but I am fearfully afraid of burglars, and yet if he should break in and steal some of Mrs. Phillips' pictures I would feel dreadful, because I have enjoyed her hospitality unasked." She smiled thoughtfully and then sat very quietly.

Presently she dropped a book on the floor and rustled out of her retreat with a haughty expression on her sweet face. The stranger jumped to his feet and pulled off his gray cap.

"I beg your pardon," he stammered. "I didn't know any one was around."

Rosamond fixed him with a cold stare while she mentally decided that he was too good looking to be engaged in such a nefarious pastime as burglarizing unoccupied country houses.

She lifted her pretty brows inquiringly. "You wished to see some one?"

"Why—er—no. I didn't expect to see any one here. I thought the place was vacant," he stammered, knocking his pipe against the railing and stuffing it into his pocket.

"It is not vacant. I am here," said Rosamond bravely.

"So I—er—see," with an air of chagrin.

"The house is well protected."

"I am glad of that," he said heartily.

Rosamond imagined his tone was sarcastic. "Perhaps you wished to see my husband," she said in a wavering voice.

The man started violently, and his eyes forsook her face and dropped to the ground. "Of course it would be a pleasure," he said. "Is he around?"

Rosamond edged closer to the steps and ran lightly down to the path below. "I will call him. He is not far away," she cried breathlessly. Then she turned and sped swiftly toward the wall that divided the place from her home. Once there, her father would telephone to the village for assistance, and thus the burglary would be prevented.

She thought she heard swift steps behind her, and she renewed her speed toward the wall. Her heart was beating almost to suffocation as she stepped on a loose stone. She uttered a terrified cry as the stone slipped and she fell to the ground.

Now she heard swift steps in reality as the stranger crossed the turf and bent anxiously above her.

"I hope you have not hurt yourself," he said gravely.

"I have sprained my ankle," admitted the girl with white lips.

"What were you trying to do—not to scale the wall?"

"Yes."

"Why? Was your husband over there?"

A red flush crept to her brows. "Yes," she said.

"Shall I call him," asked the suspected burglar frankly, "or shall I carry you back to the piazza and get you some cold water? Where are the servants? Have you occupied the house long? My aunt wrote me that the place was vacant." He hammered out the questions with remorseless haste.

Rosamond stared with growing horror. "Who are you? Who is your aunt?" she gasped in return.

"I am Mrs. Phillips' nephew. My name's David Phillips. I have bought the place, and I came down to look it over. I was to have met the real estate man at the station. He came, but he forgot the keys, so I walked on. As he said nothing about the place being occupied, I was surprised to find a tenant."

Rosamond closed her eyes wearily, while her brain sought some escape from her appalling position. She was angry at having placed herself in such a situation. She might have known this good looking young man was not a burglar. She opened her eyes with suddenness and looked straight at him.

"I wish you would go away," she said petulantly.

"Of course, if you wish it. But you are suffering. May I not call some one to help you? I will look for your husband, if you will tell me his name." He stopped awkwardly.

"I haven't any husband," she said recklessly. "You see, I've been in the habit of running over here and sitting on the porch and reading, and today I saw you looking in the window, and I thought you were a burglar, and so I tried to frighten you away by pretending I had a husband. I live next door, and my name is Rosamond Lee—so there! You may laugh if you want to."

"But I don't want to laugh," he said softly. "I think it was awfully brave of you, you know, when you believed me to be a desperado. Now, Miss Lee, you must let me help you home again, for that ankle needs attention at once. Permit me as a neighbor and perhaps later on a friend!" He stooped and lifted her in his strong arms and carried her through quiet bypaths to a small gate in the wall and thus up the rose bordered path into her father's care.

Many times after that David Phillips strode up the rose bordered path to see Rosamond Lee, and the following June, when the roses were rioting the garden, he claimed her as his own, and together they passed under the portal of the rejuvenated Octagon House, of which Rosamond became in fact the mistress.

He Could Say "No."

"A very dignified young man took a seat in a smoking car," said the hostess, who joined in the after dinner story telling. "Near him were three traveling salesmen, well dressed, jolly fellows, one of whom suggested a game of cards, and the others agreed. They appealed to the young man to take part and make up a four handed game.

"'Thank you; I never play cards,' came the response to the invitation.

"'I am sorry for that. Will you have a cigar with us?' added the spokesman, producing his case.

"'I am obliged to you, but I never smoke,' replied the dignified young man.

"They thought they would jolly the young fellow out of dignity, so the leader produced a 'traveling companion' and asked:

"'As you do not play cards nor smoke you will not refuse to join us in a drink?'

"'I thank you, gentlemen, but I never drink.'

"With this a venerable man with ministerial aspect sitting in the seat behind the young man reached forward and tapped him on the shoulder.

"'I have heard what you have said to these men,' said the sedate old fellow, 'and I admire you for the stability of character which has enabled you to shun bad habits. I have a daughter in the parlor car, whom I should like to have you meet.'

"'I thank you, sir,' replied the young man, turning about and facing the gentleman, 'but, the fact is, I never intend to marry.'"

The Incorrigible Kid.

"Israel W. Durham, the Philadelphia politician," said a Pennsylvania legislator, "owed part of his success to the fine way he kept his followers submissive and obedient without hurting their pride."

"Mr. Durham could call you to order without offending you. Once, for example, he called me to order. He said I was incorrigible. He said, with a laugh, that I was as hard to manage as a little boy in a downtown school.

"This youth's teacher told him he must add without counting on his fingers. Then she gave him several mental sums. He solved them, but from the way he kept looking down at his hands she knew he wasn't minding her. So she made him put his hands behind his back, and then she gave him another sum. He answered it, too, correctly.

"'Good!' she said. 'You didn't count on your fingers that time, did you?'

"'No'm. On my toes,' said he."

Quite a Mistake.

A lady visitor at Blackpool was bathing and was on the point of drowning when a boatman, who is a local wag, went to her assistance. Later in the day he called where she was staying and saw a gentleman who, seeing the lady in difficulties, had offered £20 to any one who would rescue the lady. This conversation took place:

Boatman—I am the man who saved the lady, sir, and I thought I'd call and see about the £20.

The Gentleman—Y-e-s, I know, but when I made the offer I thought it was my wife who was in danger, and it turned out it was my wife's mother.

Boatman—Just my luck! Well, sir, how much do I owe you?—London Tit-Bits.

JUSTICE AND DUTY.

By ALICE CHEEVER.

[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

An old woman sat in the anteroom of Judge Baxter's private office waiting to be admitted to his presence. Finally the door opened, and she was told to go in.

"You see, judge, I'm here again."

"Yes, you are here again."

"I have just come back from visiting my boy. He told me to thank you for your kindness to me."

"I suppose he will be kind to you himself when he gets out. He gave you a terrible blow when he permitted himself to fall into bad company and got into the penitentiary."

"They fooled the poor boy, judge; indeed they did. When they put him on watch before they robbed the house they told him they were only going for a watermelon."

The judge made no comment on this statement.

"He's earning time," continued the woman, "by good behavior. If he keeps it up—and he will—he'll have a year and a half off his term. But even that'll leave him three years and a half yet to serve. It's as hard on me as it is on him. I have trouble to pay my rent and keep body and soul together now my health has broken down. If he were free he could work for me. I wish the officers of the law could find some way of stopping crime without visiting the punishment on the women and children, and my boy, too, the victim of foul play."

"I wish so, too," replied the judge, with something akin to a sigh.

"Have you got a son, judge?"

"I have, and about your boy's age."

"Do you remember how it was when he was born—helpless little thing!—how your heart warmed to him, and how when he began to walk and to talk you watched every movement, caught every word, and how as he grew older you were delighted with his smart sayings, just as if no other child said such things; how you watched him grow up to be"—

"Yes, yes, I understand what you mean and sympathize with you with all my heart. I would have liked to save your boy, but the evidence was against him, and the jury convicted him. It was my duty to sentence him. Come in here, say, a month from today, and I'll give you another chance to see him, or, rather, I'll confer with the warden and let you know the date. You must go now. I have to be in court soon and have a lot to do before the opening."

"Thank you, judge; here is $1.55 left over that I didn't use from the money you gave me for my trip."

But the judge waved her away, the door closed behind her, and she went to her desolate home weighed down with the remembrance of those long months that must elapse before the law would cease to punish her through her boy. And yet the least of that punishment was that, deprived of the support of her own son, a strong man of twenty-two, she must earn her own living. It was the pain that her "laddie" was a convict in stripes with shaved head that hurt her most.

A month dragged by. Her rent was coming due, and there was no money with which to pay it. One morning the old woman received a note asking her to call at the judge's office at 12 o'clock noon. She went there and was given a seat in the anteroom. There she waited for half an hour. Then an attendant opened the door to the judge's private room and told her to go in. The judge was turning over the sheets of a legal document and did not indicate that he was aware of her presence. She sat down demurely and waited. Presently the judge turned the last sheet and looked up at her.

"I'm here again, judge," she said.

"Yes," said the judge, taking out his watch. "You're here again, but this time at my call. Twelve o'clock, I wrote you, I believe, and it is now nearly 1. I'm sorry to have kept you waiting, but there's been a delay. Let me see. I told you"—he hesitated—"when you left me the last time that"—he paused again.

"You would send me word when the warden considered it best for me to see my boy again."

"The warden? Did I say the warden? I should have said—but never mind."

The judge seemed confused. He put his spectacles on his desk and when he tried to find them again failed to do so. He took up papers only to throw them down again. Then he went to the door that led to his anteroom, opened it and said something in a low voice to an attendant. Going back to his desk, he took out his watch again and said incoherent nothings to the old woman. Then suddenly a door leading to a corridor opened and a young man entered. The old woman looked at him dazed and cried feebly:

"Jimmy!"

The youngster went to her and took her in his arms.

"I expected your Jimmy to be here a few minutes before 12," said the judge, who meanwhile had found his glasses and equanimity as well, "but the train was late, and he has been delayed. I've been working on his case ever since he went up and a few days ago succeeded in getting the promise of a pardon for him from the governor. It was sent up yesterday."

When mother and son left the judge's office they had means to last them a month. But before the expiration of that term Jimmy was hard at work. And he never got fooled again.

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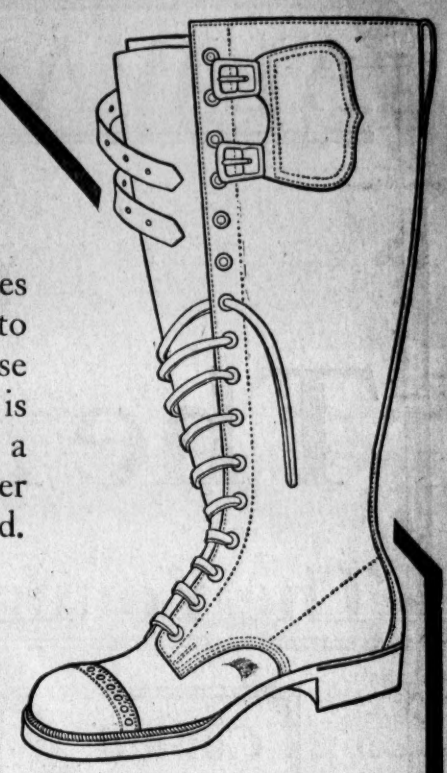

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ON THE ROOF.

He Didn't Want to Seize the Opportunity, but She Did.

By HARRIET LUMMIS SMITH.
[Copyright, 1909, by Associated Literary Press.]

"We've time enough yet to take a look at the city from the top of the Securities building. It's worth seeing, you know."

Prudence should have vetoed the suggestion. For the longer half of the blissful afternoon Viola had been aware that Raymond's eyes were saying more than they should and that their mute eloquence was singularly sweet and satisfying. Considering the fact that she was as good as engaged to another man, discretion counseled flight. A voice within, an authoritative voice, cried out that at the best the day would soon be over and urged her to make the most of it.

Viola compromised. "Mr. Raymond suggests our getting a view of the city from the top of one of the skyscrapers," she said, turning to her out of town guests. "If you are not too tired"— And her heart leaped at the promptness of their protests.

She walked beside Raymond silently, glad that he, too, seemed to have nothing to say. She was frightened to find herself clinging so fiercely to the joy of that afternoon together. He had come upon them quite by accident, but Viola knew that but for her he would have lifted his hat and gone his way. The gladness that leaped to her eyes at the sight of him, the tremor in her voice as she spoke his name, had been his undoing—and hers. They had lunched and taken a drive along the boulevards. Viola's country cousins had had the time of their lives. And now the western sky was red, and the time for saying goodby was near.

They stood looking down upon the city. Raymond, as in duty bound, pointed out the objects of interest. The country cousins hung upon his words and declared that they would not have missed the sight for anything. As for Viola, she had no eyes for the crawling streets between the steep cliffs of brick and stone nor for the crawling creatures far below. Brazenly she feasted her eyes upon him.

He turned suddenly and looked into her eyes, and his own caught fire. A moment later they were standing together in an angle of the roof, sheltered from the view of their companions. The noise of the city below them seemed far away.

Raymond broke the spell by a downward gesture. "I wish it were all mine."

"You mean the whole town? What greediness!" she laughed.

"So that I could give it all to you."

"Thank you, but I'm not ambitious to be a plutocrat. Of course one must have the things one is used to. Poverty is the worst of all."

"Is it?" His eyes challenged hers.

"Oh, don't! You make it so hard for me!"

"You make it hard for yourself when you fight against your heart."

"Oh, you don't understand, Phil. It isn't as if I had only myself to think of."

"Do you ever give a thought to me?"

She put her hands over her ears in sudden tremor. If she listened longer she was lost. "I must go," she said hurriedly. "I've stayed longer than I should, but it was so pleasant." She turned in a panic and fled across the roof, and he followed slowly. When he overtook her her eyes were dilated.

"They're gone!" she gasped.

"Who?"

"Why, Leonard and Bessie. What could have induced them to go without us?"

"I don't know, I'm sure. But they will be waiting for us below without doubt."

He tried the door, rattled the knob sharply and met questioning her gaze with a blank stare. "We're locked up here," he exclaimed. Then as Viola laughed hysterically he added in haste: "Don't be frightened. It will be very easy to attract some one's attention."

Half an hour later, flushed and dripping with perspiration as a result of his fruitless exertion, he acknowledged his mistake. "Your cousins must have thought we had gone down before them. But after they get home and we fail to make our appearance it will of course occur to somebody that we're still up here. And the only thing to do is to resign ourselves to wait with what patience we can muster."

She looked at him reproachfully, but he did not meet her eyes. He sat some distance from her, staring moodily at the roof. Furtively Viola put back her veil and smoothed her hair. Apparently her appearance was to him a matter of complete indifference. He never turned his eyes.

Her sense of resentment found voice at last. "Are you going to sit here in absolute silence? Haven't you anything to say?"

"I have plenty to say, but I can't say it without taking advantage of the situation."

A long silence; then Raymond felt the slipping of a small hand down his sleeve. "I rather think, Phil," said a tremulous voice, "that I want you to take advantage of the situation."

Help was long in coming. As the darkness fell Viola drew closer, and her hand stole into his of its own accord.

It was a night without a star, and for that reason it was the more startling when suddenly a blinding illumination lit up the space where they sat. Viola shrieked and hid her face on her lover's shoulder.

"Only a searchlight, dearest. Rather startling on this pitch black night, wasn't it?"

Viola blushed in his arms. "Phil, do you suppose anybody—saw?"

The young man smiled. "Perhaps," he acknowledged. "In fact, little girl, I rather hope somebody did."

Fifteen or twenty minutes later the sound of approaching footsteps told them that release was at hand. Raymond shouted. There was a sound of a key turning in the lock. A grinning policeman and the watchman of the building confronted them. Explanations were exchanged. The elevator had stopped running at 6 o'clock, and the two young people descended the endless flights of stairs as blithely as if they were walking on air.

Viola's home was in an uproar. The story brought by the country cousins had aroused grave suspicions, which Viola's mother explained as she clung to her daughter.

"It couldn't have happened at a more unfortunate time. To begin with, Mr. Pickering was annoyed. He makes such a hobby of punctuality, you know. And then when Leonard and Bessie came in"—

She raised her head from Viola's shoulder and looked sharply at the young man who had escorted her daughter home. Raymond bore her scrutiny in silence. It was Viola who prompted her impatiently.

"Go on, mamma. When Leonard and Bessie came in"—

"It was, of course, entirely absurd," declared Viola's mother persistently, addressing herself to Raymond, "but one must make allowances for a lover's natural jealousy. When Leonard and Bessie said that you had been with them all afternoon and that you and Viola had suddenly disappeared the poor man jumped to the conclusion that you had—eloped."

There was an impressive silence, which Viola improved by removing her hat.

"Of course we must explain at once," Viola's mother continued. "Would it be better for you to phone him, Viola, or will you send him a note? Perhaps you had better phone him and say you are sending the note. You see, it is important that the matter should be cleared up without delay."

"I don't know that it's worth while to make explanations, mamma," she said. "It is true I didn't have any intention of eloping; but, just the same, I'm going to marry Phil."

Pretty Strong.

"Is the baby strong?"

"Well, rather. You know what a tremendous voice he has?"

"Yes."

"Well, he lifts that five or six times an hour."

Methuselah.

Hoax—It's a good thing Methuselah wasn't a woman. Joax—Why? Hoax—The world would never have known how old she really was.—Philadelphia Record.

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Here are a few brands that will tickle your palate. They are guaranteed under the National Pure Food Law:

	Per Gallon.		Per Gallon.
Kentucky Queen	$2.50	Sherwood—10 years old	4.00
Old Homestead	2.25	Sherwood—5 years old	3.00
Newco	2.00	Mellwood	3.50
Stonewall	1.75	Old Southampton Apple Brandy	4.00
Petersburg Club	1.50	Apple Brandy XXX	3.00
Old Reserve Corn Whiskey	2.50	Apple Brandy X	2.00
Old North Carolina Corn	2.00	Apricot Brandy	2.00
Old North State Corn.	1.50		

Remit by Registered Letter, P. O. or Express Money Order.

We ship all goods in plain packages.

Complete Price-List mailed upon request.

THE NEWCOMB CO.
PETERSBURG, VA.
"THE PROMPT MAIL-ORDER HOUSE."

Judgments For Sale

By Members of

The Retail Merchants' Association

The following are judgments offered at private sale by members of the Retail Merchants' Association—through the Secretary. Further information concerning these judgments can be had by calling 'phone 100.

T. J. Capel, Newbern	$2.00 interest and cost.
A. T. Piver, Wilmington	$8.82 interest and cost.
E. E. Fulcher, Wilmington	$29.11 interest and cost.
A. H. Pait, Wilmington	$4.00 intrest and cost.
A. T. Piver, Wilmington	$4.00 inteerst and cost.
E. E. Fulcher, Wilmington	$37.00 interest and cost.
T. M. Morse, Wilmington	$5.00 interest and cost.
T. S. McCall, Wilmington	$10.00 interest and cost.
G. H. Shepard, Wilmington	$9.45 interest and cost.
J. S. Lynch, Wilmington	$14.00 interest and cost.
A. C. Banch, Wilmington	$9.00 interest and cost
Jerry Carew, Wilmington	$7.85 interest and costs.
J. S. Lynch, Wilmington	$56.40 interest and cost.
M. S. Keathley, Wilmington	$6.60 interest and cost.
W. M. Ezzell, Wilmington	$12.20 interest and cost.
C. N. Brewer, Wilmington	$6.80 interest and cost.

THE RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION, OF WILMINGTON, N. C.
PAUL B. BELL, Secretary.

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